#### STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA

WAKE COUNTY

IN THE GENERAL COURT OF JUSTICE SUPERIOR COURT DIVISION 19 CVS 008664

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MIKE CAUSEY, COMMISSIONER OF INSUF OF NORTH CAROLINA, Petitioner,	2021 NOV 23 P 3 18  RANCE  WAKE CODE.S.C.  BY	REHABILITATOR'S QUARTERLY REPORT
v.	) )	
SOUTHLAND NATIONAL E CORPORATION, SOUTHLA REINSURANCE CORPORAT LIFE INSURANCE COMPAN BANKERS LIFE INSURANC North Carolina Domiciled Insu	ND NATIONAL ) ΓΙΟΝ, BANKERS ) NY, COLORADO ) CE COMPANY )	
Respondents.	ý	

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NOW COMES the Commissioner of Insurance of the State of North Carolina, in his capacity as Court appointed Rehabilitator of Southland National Insurance Corporation, Southland National Reinsurance Corporation, Bankers Life Insurance Company and Colorado Bankers Life Insurance Company (Rehabilitator), and hereby makes this report pursuant to North Carolina General Statute § 58-30-80(b) and the Order of this Court dated June 27, 2019, which requires the Rehabilitator, until further order of this Court, to make a quarterly report to the Court including a statement of receipts and disbursements to date and a statement of financial position (balance sheet). Attached hereto and incorporated herein by reference as Exhibits A - D, are the quarterly reports of activity of the Rehabilitator as of September 30, 2021, and a balance sheet, summary of operations and statement of cash flow and schedule of Lindberg affiliated investments as of September 30, 2021, of Southland National Insurance Corporation, Southland National Reinsurance Corporation, Bankers Life Insurance Company and Colorado Bankers Life Insurance Company, as prepared by the Special Deputy Rehabilitator on behalf of the Rehabilitator.

This the 23 day of November 2021.

JOSH STEIN

ATTORNEY GENERAL

Attorney for Petitioner,

Heather H. Freeman

Assistant Attorney General

N. C. State Bar No. 28272

N. C. Department of Justice

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hfreeman@ncdou.gov

#### **CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

I, the undersigned attorney, do certify that a copy of the foregoing pleading or paper was served as follows:

Honorable A. Graham Shirley, II Wake County Superior Court Post Office Box 351 Raleigh, NC 27602-0351

Christopher J. Blake Joseph W. Eason Nelson Mullins Riley & Scarborough, LLP Glenlake One, Suite 200 4140 Parklake Avenue Raleigh, NC 27612

Mark A. Finkelstein Stephen W. Petersen Fox Rothschild LLP 434 Fayetteville St. Suite 2800 Raleigh, NC 27601-2943

Matthew N. Leerberg Fox Rothschild LLP 434 Fayetteville St., Suite 2800 Raleigh NC 27601

Gregory M. Petrick Cadwalader, Wickersham & Taft LLP 200 Liberty Street New York, NY 10281 in the following manner:

(xx) by United States mail, first class postage prepaid, as provided by Rule 5(b) of the North Carolina Rules of Civil Procedure, or

( ) by facsimile transmission to the facsimile number set out above, as provided by Rule 5 of the North Carolina Rules of Civil Procedure.

This the 23 day of November 2021.

JOSH STEIN

ATTORNEY GENERAL

Attorney for Petitioner,

Heather H. Freeman

Assistant Attorney General

N. C. State Bar No. 28272

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# SOUTHLAND NATIONAL INSURANCE CORPORATION NORTH CAROLINA COMMISSIONER OF INSURANCE AS REHABILITATOR AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2021,

A BALANCE SHEET

AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

A SUMMARY OF OPERATIONS AND STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW
THROUGH SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

AND

A SCHEDULE OF LINDBERG AFFILIATED INVESTMENTS
AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

#### INTRODUCTION

#### **BACKGROUND**

Southland National Insurance Corporation (hereinafter, "SNIC" or "Company") was originally formed in 1950 as an Alabama mutual aid association under the name of Southland National Insurance Company. In January 1969, the Company was incorporated in Alabama under the name Southland National Insurance Company. In 1988, the Company adopted its current name Southland National Insurance Corporation. In December 2015, the Company redomesticated to North Carolina. On June 27, 2019, the Wake County Superior Court (hereinafter, the "Court") issued an Order of Rehabilitation (hereinafter, "Order") against the Company and appointed the Commissioner of Insurance for the State of North Carolina as Rehabilitator (hereinafter, the "Rehabilitator"). On June 27, 2019, the Court also entered an Order Granting Motion for Moratorium on Policy Surrenders and Other Relief (hereinafter "Moratorium").

The Company is part of a group of insurance companies known as Global Bankers Insurance Group (hereinafter, "GBIG"). GBIG is part of a larger group of companies known as Global Growth (f/k/a Eli Global). Global Growth is owned by Greg Lindberg (hereinafter, "Lindberg").

#### PURPOSE OF THIS REPORT

The purpose of this report is to provide a quarterly update to the Court, as required by the Order, on the work that the Rehabilitator and his staff have carried out since the issuance of the Order, to set out the present situation of the Company, and to provide a balance sheet and schedule of Lindberg affiliated investments as of September 30, 2021, and a summary of operations and statement of cash flow through September 30, 2021. This report also provides notice that the Rehabilitator has determined that the Company should be placed into liquidation and has filed a Petition for Liquidation with Wake County Superior Court. See Liquidation Section on page 19 for additional information.

#### **LIMITATIONS**

This report is based only on the knowledge that the Rehabilitator and his staff have gained from the work performed since the issuance of the Order. Facts may exist that the Rehabilitator is unaware of that may have a material effect on the information provided in this report. The Rehabilitator will update the information in future quarterly reports as additional facts are discovered.

#### **SUMMARY**

#### COMPANY PROPERTY

• In accordance with the Order, the Rehabilitator has taken possession of all known assets and property of the Company.

## MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING AND INTERIM AMENDMENT TO LOAN AGREEMENTS

On June 27, 2019, the Company entered into a Memorandum of Understanding ("MOU") and Interim Amendment to Loan Agreements ("IALA") with Greg E. Lindberg, Academy Association, Inc. and Edwards Mill Asset Management, LLC. The Parties executed this MOU to set forth their

agreements, including but not limited to, (i) the immediate partial amendment of, among other things, the interest rate and repayment terms of various affiliated loans through the IALA; (ii) the global restructuring of various affiliated companies through the formation of a new holding company; and (iii) the global restructuring and modifications of all affiliated loans, including assignment of the loans to such new holding company. The restructuring was to be completed by September 30, 2019. The restructuring was not completed by this date. The Company, along with the other insurance companies in rehabilitation, filed a Complaint against the other parties to the MOU on October 1, 2019. See the Investment Portfolio and Litigation sections for more information.

#### INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO

The goal of the Rehabilitator is to reduce the amount of affiliated investments and to increase long-term liquidity. The non-affiliated investments are invested primarily in publicly traded securities. The Rehabilitator is working on a plan for the Global Growth non-insurance operating companies to repay the affiliated investments.

- The Company has approximately \$177MM of affiliated investments as of September 30. 2021. This represents 69% of the admitted assets.
- During the quarter, the Company received some interest payments on the affiliated investments. The amount received was not in accordance with the IALA. See the Litigation section for more information.

#### **EXPENSE REDUCTIONS**

The Rehabilitator is evaluating the Company's contracts to identify those that are essential and will need to be continued through the liquidation of the Company. As part of this effort, the Rehabilitator is also attempting to negotiate more favorable terms of essential contracts and terminating non-essential contracts.

#### LITIGATION

To the Rehabilitator's knowledge, the Company is a party to or has a financial interest in the following lawsuits:

#### Non-Affiliated

The following litigation was initiated against the Company by non-Global Growth affiliated persons:

Ehmann, Schiffli and Throneberg v. Medflow, Inc., Medflow Holdings, LLC, Southland National Insurance Corporation, et al.; Case No. 15 CVS 3098, Superior Court of North Carolina, Mecklenburg County.

This case was filed on February 18, 2015 and amended on December 2, 2015 to add SNIC as a Defendant, alleging misrepresentation, fraudulent suppression, breach of fiduciary duty, negligence, negligent hiring/training/supervision, and conspiracy regarding the sale of life insurance policies. This case is assigned to the North Carolina Business Court.

Mediation in April 2019 was unsuccessful. A bifurcated trial of some of the issues occurred in late-April to early-May of 2019. The trial resulted in a mistrial of certain issues and did not resolve the matter.

On July 23, 2019, the Court unsevered the case, declared a mistrial on some of the issues tried, and took judicial notice of SNIC's status in Rehabilitation. The parties' post-trial motions have been resolved. On October 11, 2019, Counsel for the Rehabilitator filed a motion to vacate the order entered by the Superior Court of Wake County modifying the automatic stay provided in the Order of Rehabilitation which allows this case to proceed. The motion to vacate was granted on December 10, 2019.

By Consent Order filed January 21, 2020, the Plaintiffs were allowed to intervene in the Wake County action for the limited purpose of seeking an order lifting the stay and injunction provided in the Order of Rehabilitation. On February 18, 2020, Plaintiffs filed a Motion for Relief from Stay, which was heard on April 9, 2020. On May 13, 2020, the Wake County court entered an order lifting the stay and injunction as to SNIC, thereby allowing Plaintiffs' claims against SNIC to continue to final judgment or other final disposition; however, execution of any judgment entered against SNIC remains stayed. The Wake County court reserved the issue of whether any money owed by SNIC to Plaintiffs constitutes a "preference" prohibited by the injunction and N.C. Gen. Stat. § 58-30-20.

The parties have entered into a confidential settlement agreement resolving the claims by and against Plaintiff Schiffli. On September 10, 2020, Defendants Medflow, Inc. and Medflow, LLC voluntarily dismissed with prejudice their counterclaims against Plaintiff Schiffli. On September 11, 2020, Defendants Greg E. Lindberg, Eli Global, LLC, Eli Research, LLC, Eli Equity, LLC, GBIG Capital, LLC f/k/a SNA Capital, LLC, GBIG Holdings, Inc. f/k/a Southland National Holdings, Inc., and DJRTC, LLC voluntarily dismissed with prejudice their counterclaims against Plaintiff Schiffli.

On September 14, 2020, the Court granted Plaintiff Schiffli's Consent Motion to Stay Schiffli's Claims, staying all claims filed by Plaintiff Schiffli against all Defendants pending Defendants' completion of their obligations under the parties' settlement agreement. On March 11, 2021, the stay was extended to June 15, 2021.

On December 8, 2020, SNIC filed a Motion to Dismiss Plaintiffs' claims against it. On January 19, 2021, Plaintiffs filed their response in opposition to SNIC's motion to dismiss. SNIC filed its reply on January 29, 2021.

The parties have entered into a confidential settlement agreement resolving the claims by and against Plaintiff Ehmann. On March 12, 2021, Defendants Medflow, Inc., Medflow Holdings, LLC, Greg E. Lindberg, Eli Global, LLC, Eli Research, LLC, Eli Equity, LLC, GBIG Capital, LLC f/k/a SNA Capital, LLC, GBIG Holdings, Inc. f/k/a Southland National Holdings, Inc., and DJRTC, LLC voluntarily dismissed with prejudice their counterclaims against Plaintiff Ehmann.

On March 19, 2021, the Court granted Plaintiff Ehmann's Consent Motion to Stay Ehmann's Claims, staying all claims filed by Plaintiff Ehmann against all Defendants pending Defendants' completion of their obligations under the parties' settlement agreement.

On July 26, 2021, the Parties held a status conference with the Court to discuss the status of the case and pending motions. Also on July 26, 2021, the Court entered a scheduling order requiring Plaintiffs Ehmann and Schiffli to dismiss their stayed claims against the defendants if the defendants have met their settlement obligations or report to the Court that the defendants could not meet their settlement obligations by October 6, 2021. The Parties are required to file a joint status report by October 13, 2021 identifying the outstanding discovery and dispositive motions to be decided with oral argument on those motions to be held in the first week of November 2021. The Court also denied Plaintiffs' request to have all defendants answer the Second Amended Complaint before the Court resolves the pending motions to dismiss.

On September 16, 2021, Plaintiffs Ehmann and Schiffli voluntarily dismissed their claims against all defendants pursuant to their settlement obligations. On October 13, 2021, Plaintiff Throneburg and the Defendants filed a status report on the outstanding motions in the matter. The Court scheduled oral argument on the pending motions for November 9, 2021.

Claritte Lumar nee Smith and the Succession of Byron Smith v. Lafourche Life Insurance Company and Southland National Insurance Corporation; Case No. C-73440, 40<sup>th</sup> Judicial District Court, Parish of St. John the Baptist, State of Louisiana.

This case was filed on May 8, 2019, which appealed a denied accidental death claim and petitioned for payment of insurance proceeds.

A response was filed on June 24, 2019 denying liability.

Counsel for Defendants requested that counsel for Plaintiffs dismiss or stay the case, which they have thus far declined to do. Defendants filed a motion to stay this litigation under the authority of the North Carolina Rehabilitation order staying and granting injunctive relief. The motion to stay was granted on March 19, 2020.

Rickey Baker v. Southland National Insurance Corporation, Case No. 31-SM-2020-000038.00, Small Claims Court of Etowah County, Alabama.

This small claims action was filed on February 26, 2020, seeking payment for the surrender of a policy. On March 5, 2020, SNIC moved to stay the action on notice of the North Carolina Rehabilitation order staying and granting injunctive relief. The motion was granted on March 9, 2020, and the action was placed on the Administrative Docket.

Ramos v. Mothe Funeral Homes, LLC, Southland National Insurance Corporation, and Security Industrial Insurance Company, Case No. 815-053, 24<sup>th</sup> Judicial District Court for the Parish of Jefferson, State of Louisiana.

On February 24, 2021, the Plaintiff filed a Petition for Damages against Mothe Funeral Homes, LLC, SNIC, and Security Industrial Insurance Company related to certain insurance policies. SNIC disputes that it has been properly served in the action and that the action can proceed while SNIC is in rehabilitation. On June 15, 2021, a subpoena duces tecum for deposition was issued to

SNIC for certain records related to the Plaintiffs' policies. SNIC objected to the subpoena and notice of deposition.

#### **Affiliated**

The following litigation was initiated by one or more of the North Carolina Insurance Companies in Rehabilitation against Global Growth affiliated entities:

Southland National Insurance Corporation in Rehabilitation, Bankers Life Insurance Company in Rehabilitation, Colorado Bankers Life Insurance Company in Rehabilitation, and Southland National Reinsurance Corporation in Rehabilitation v. Greg Lindberg, Academy Association, Inc., Edwards Mill Asset Management, LLC, New England Capital, LLC, and Private Bankers Life and Annuity Co., Ltd., Case No. 19 CVS 013093, Wake County, North Carolina.

This case was filed on October 1, 2019, alleging a breach of the contract entered into by the parties on June 27, 2019. An Amended Complaint was filed on October 28, 2019 and added claims for fraud and negligent misrepresentation arising from statements contained in the June 27, 2019 contract and the Defendants' conduct.

On October 1, 2019, the Wake County Superior Court entered a Temporary Restraining Order ("TRO"), which remains in place, as amended by the Court on April 1, 2020 and June 23, 2020. Essentially, the TRO prohibits the Defendants from taking any action that would negatively impact the value of Plaintiffs' investments into Defendants' companies.

The Defendants moved to dismiss the original Complaint and the Amended Complaint on various grounds. The Court denied those motions in an Order filed on January 21, 2020. Defendants filed an Answer to the Amended Complaint on February 20, 2020.

The Court entered a Case Management Order and set the matter for trial in February 2021. On July 8, 2020, Defendants filed a Motion to Modify the Case Management Order & For Continuance seeking to extend all discovery deadlines and the trial for 120 days. On August 5, 2020, the Court entered an order extending all discovery deadlines by 90 days with discovery to be completed by December 31, 2020 but kept the trial set for February 1, 2021.

The Court severed Defendant PB Life and Annuity Co. Ltd. f/k/a Private Bankers Life and Annuity Co., Ltd. ("PBLA") from this litigation after it filed Chapter 15 bankruptcy, *In re: PB Life and Annuity Co. Ltd.*, No. 1:20-BK-12791, pending in the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Southern District of New York. Plaintiffs' claims against PBLA are expected to be stayed during the pendency of its bankruptcy proceeding; however, Plaintiffs' claims against the other defendants are unaffected.

On January 8, 2021, the Court entered a Second Case Management Order extending the discovery deadline to February 28, 2021 and setting the trial for April 15, 2021.

On March 19, 2021, the Court entered an order extending the time to take the depositions of Defendants Greg Lindberg, AAI, and NEC to May 14, 2021. The Court also ordered that all dispositive motions be filed by June 2, 2021, responses filed by June 9, 2021, and hearing on said motions to occur the week of June 14, 2021.

On June 9, 2021, the Parties filed respective Motions for Summary Judgment and on June 14, 2021 the Parties filed their respective responses. The Court orally denied the Motions for Summary Judgment and trial commenced on June 21, 2021. Trial concluded on June 30, 2021. Post-trial briefing was filed on August 31, 2021, after which the Court will enter an order on the issues tried. Defendants filed a Motion to Strike certain exhibits on September 3, 2021 and Objections to Relief Requested on October 1, 2021. The Court heard argument on the Motion to Strike and Objection on October 13, 2021. The motion and objection remain pending.

## Southland National Insurance Corporation v. AR Purchasing Solutions, LLC, Case No. 5:20-CV-367-D, Eastern District of North Carolina.

This case was filed on June 5, 2020, in the Superior Court of Wake County, North Carolina alleging a breach of a loan agreement, as modified by the IALA, entered into by the parties on June 27, 2019. SNIC filed this action in its capacity as agent of the loan but is not a lender on this loan. Colorado Bankers Life Insurance Company ("CBL") is the only lender of this loan. The Defendant defaulted on its payment obligations by failing to make interest payments when required under the loan agreements. The Complaint seeks repayment of \$3,711,788, minus the partial payment of \$33,647.19, plus interest at a rate of \$988.23 per diem from May 1, 2020 until paid in full. On July 13, 2020, the Defendant removed the action to the Eastern District of North Carolina.

On July 16, 2020, SNIC filed a Notice of Related Cases informing the Court that the IALA lawsuits and the Credit Agreement lawsuit, discussed below, were related, and involved many of the same parties, transactions, and events. On July 22, 2020, this action was assigned to be heard before the Honorable James C. Dever III.

The Defendant answered the Complaint on August 10, 2020, and filed counterclaims against SNIC for alleged breach of contract, breach of the covenant of good faith and fair dealing, and breach of fiduciary duty. On October 12, 2020, SNIC moved to dismiss the second and third counterclaims. Defendant filed its response in opposition to SNIC's partial motion to dismiss on December 2, 2020.

On December 8, 2020, SNIC filed a motion to consolidate the 26 federal IALA cases to promote efficiency and judicial economy. On December 29, 2020, Defendant filed its response in opposition to the motion to consolidate. On January 12, 2021, SNIC filed its reply to Defendant's response.

On July 20, 2021, the Court denied SNIC's motion to dismiss Defendant's second and third counterclaims, as well as SNIC's motion to consolidate. SNIC filed its answer to the Defendant's counterclaims on August 3, 2021.

On September 3, 2021, the parties held their Rule 26(f) discovery planning meeting, and on September 17, 2021, filed a Rule 26(f) report with the Court which included a proposed discovery plan and other proposed case deadlines. On October 1, 2021, the Court entered a scheduling order

setting various case deadlines with all discovery to be completed by September 22, 2022, and dispositive motions to be filed September 30, 2022.

On October 22, 2021, the Court appointed the parties' agreed upon mediator.

Colorado Bankers Life Insurance Company v. Forest Park Asset Management, LLC, iTech Funding, LLC, FPAM Holdings, I, LLC, Case No. 5:20-CV-368-D, Eastern District of North Carolina.

This case was filed on June 5, 2020, in the Superior Court of Wake County, North Carolina alleging a breach of a loan agreement, as modified by the IALA, entered into by CBL and Defendant Forest Park Asset Management, LLC ("Defendant Borrower") on June 27, 2019. CBL filed this action in its capacity as agent of the loan. CBL and SNIC are lenders on this loan. The Defendant Borrower defaulted on its payment obligations by failing to make interest payments when required under the loan agreements. The Complaint seeks repayment of \$26,689,073 plus interest at a rate of \$7,105.72 per diem from May 1, 2020 until paid in full. On July 13, 2020, the Defendant Borrower removed the action to the Eastern District of North Carolina.

On July 16, 2020, CBL filed a Notice of Related Cases informing the Court that the IALA lawsuits and the Credit Agreement lawsuit were related, and involved many of the same parties, transactions, and events. On July 22, 2020, this action was assigned to be heard before the Honorable James C. Dever III.

On August 7, 2020, an Amended Complaint was filed to add causes of action against iTech Funding, LLC and FPAM Holdings I, LLC seeking an order allowing foreclosure of the pledged property.

The Defendants answered the Amended Complaint on August 21, 2020 and Defendant Borrower filed counterclaims against CBL for alleged breach of contract, breach of the covenant of good faith and fair dealing, and breach of fiduciary duty. On October 12, 2020, CBL moved to dismiss the second and third counterclaims. Defendant Borrower filed its response in opposition to CBL's partial motion to dismiss on December 2, 2020.

On December 8, 2020, CBL filed a motion to consolidate the 26 federal IALA cases to promote efficiency and judicial economy. On December 29, 2020, Defendants filed their response in opposition to the motion to consolidate. On January 12, 2021, CBL filed its reply to Defendants' response.

On July 20, 2021, the Court denied CBL's motion to dismiss Defendant's second and third counterclaims, as well as CBL's motion to consolidate. CBL filed its answer to the Defendant's counterclaims on August 3, 2021.

On September 3, 2021, the parties held their Rule 26(f) discovery planning meeting, and on September 17, 2021, filed a Rule 26(f) report with the Court which included a proposed discovery plan and other proposed case deadlines. On October 1, 2021, the Court entered a scheduling order setting various case deadlines with all discovery to be completed by September 22, 2022, and dispositive motions to be filed September 30, 2022.

On October 22, 2021, the Court appointed the parties' agreed upon mediator.

Colorado Bankers Life Insurance Company v. Iron City Asset Management, LLC, iTech Funding, LLC, ICAM Holdings, I, LLC, Case No. 5:20-CV-375-D, Eastern District of North Carolina.

This case was filed on June 5, 2020, in the Superior Court of Wake County, North Carolina alleging a breach of a loan agreement, as modified by the IALA, entered into by CBL and Defendant Iron City Asset Management, LLC ("Defendant Borrower") on June 27, 2019. CBL filed this action in its capacity as agent of the loan. CBL, BLIC, and SNIC are lenders on the loan. The Defendant Borrower defaulted on its payment obligations by failing to make interest payments when required under the loan agreements. The Complaint seeks repayment of \$31,482,147 plus interest at a rate of \$8,381.82 per diem from May 1, 2020 until paid in full. On July 13, 2020, the Defendant Borrower removed the action to the Eastern District of North Carolina.

On July 16, 2020, CBL filed a Notice of Related Cases informing the Court that the IALA lawsuits and the Credit Agreement lawsuit were related, and involved many of the same parties, transactions, and events. On July 22, 2020, this action was assigned to be heard before the Honorable James C. Dever III. On August 7, 2020, an Amended Complaint was filed to add causes of action against iTech Funding, LLC and ICAM Holdings I, LLC seeking an order allowing foreclosure of the pledged property.

The Defendants answered the Amended Complaint on August 21, 2020 and Defendant Borrower filed counterclaims against CBL for alleged breach of contract, breach of the covenant of good faith and fair dealing, and breach of fiduciary duty. On October 12, 2020, CBL moved to dismiss the second and third counterclaims. Defendant Borrower filed its response in opposition to CBL's partial motion to dismiss on December 2, 2020.

On December 8, 2020, CBL filed a motion to consolidate the 26 federal IALA cases to promote efficiency and judicial economy. On December 29, 2020, Defendants filed their response in opposition to the motion to consolidate. On January 12, 2021, CBL filed its reply to Defendants' response.

On July 20, 2021, the Court denied CBL's motion to dismiss Defendant Borrower's second and third counterclaims, as well as CBL's motion to consolidate. CBL filed its answer to Defendant Borrower's counterclaims on August 3, 2021.

On September 3, 2021, the parties held their Rule 26(f) discovery planning meeting, and on September 17, 2021, filed a Rule 26(f) report with the Court which included a proposed discovery plan and other proposed case deadlines. On October 1, 2021, the Court entered a scheduling order setting various case deadlines with all discovery to be completed by September 22, 2022, and dispositive motions to be filed September 30, 2022.

Colorado Bankers Life Insurance Company v. Baldwin Asset Management, LLC, iTech Funding, LLC, and EAM Holdings, LLC, Case No. 5:20-CV-398-D, Eastern District of North Carolina.

This case was filed on June 15, 2020, in the Superior Court of Wake County, North Carolina alleging a breach of a loan agreement, as modified by the IALA, entered into by CBL and Defendant Baldwin Asset Management, LLC ("Defendant Borrower") on June 27, 2019. CBL filed this action in its capacity as agent of the loan. CBL, BLIC, and SNIC are lenders on the loan. The Defendant Borrower defaulted on its payment obligations by failing to make interest payments when required under the loan agreements. The Complaint seeks repayment of \$34,077,149 plus interest at a rate of \$9,072.72 per diem from May 1, 2020 until paid in full. The Complaint also seeks an order allowing foreclosure of the pledged property of Defendants iTech Funding, LLC and BAM Holdings, LLC. On July 23, 2020, the Defendants removed the action to the Eastern District of North Carolina.

On July 24, 2020, CBL filed a Notice of Related Cases informing the Court that the IALA lawsuits and the Credit Agreement lawsuit were related, and involved many of the same parties, transactions, and events. On August 3, 2020, this action was assigned to be heard before the Honorable James C. Dever III.

The Defendants answered the Complaint on August 20, 2020 and Defendant Borrower filed counterclaims against CBL for alleged breach of contract, breach of the covenant of good faith and fair dealing, and breach of fiduciary duty. On October 12, 2020, CBL moved to dismiss the second and third counterclaims. Defendant Borrower filed its response in opposition to CBL's partial motion to dismiss on December 2, 2020.

On December 8, 2020, CBL filed a motion to consolidate the 26 federal IALA cases to promote efficiency and judicial economy. On December 29, 2020, Defendants filed their response in opposition to the motion to consolidate. On January 12, 2021, CBL filed its reply to Defendants' response.

On July 20, 2021, the Court denied CBL's motion to dismiss Defendant Borrower's second and third counterclaims, as well as CBL's motion to consolidate. CBL filed its answer to Defendant Borrower's counterclaims on August 3, 2021.

On September 3, 2021, the parties held their Rule 26(f) discovery planning meeting, and on September 17, 2021, filed a Rule 26(f) report with the Court which included a proposed discovery plan and other proposed case deadlines. On October 1, 2021, the Court entered a scheduling order setting various case deadlines with all discovery to be completed by September 22, 2022, and dispositive motions to be filed September 30, 2022.

Colorado Bankers Life Insurance Company v. Damascus Asset Management, LLC, iTech Funding, LLC, and EAM Holdings, LLC, Case No. 5:20-CV-399-D, Eastern District of North Carolina.

This case was filed on June 15, 2020, in the Superior Court of Wake County, North Carolina alleging a breach of a loan agreement, as modified by the IALA, entered into by CBL and the Defendant Damascus Asset Management, LLC ("Defendant Borrower") on June 27, 2019. CBL filed this action in its capacity as agent of the loan. CBL and SNIC are lenders of the loan. The Defendant Borrower defaulted on its payment obligations by failing to make interest payments when required under the loan agreements. The Complaint seeks repayment of \$27,617,077 plus interest at a rate of \$7,352.79 per diem from May 1, 2020 until paid in full. The Complaint also seeks an order allowing foreclosure of the pledged property of Defendants iTech Funding, LLC and DAM Holdings, LLC. On July 23, 2020, the Defendants removed the action to the Eastern District of North Carolina.

On July 24, 2020, CBL filed a Notice of Related Cases informing the Court that the IALA lawsuits and the Credit Agreement lawsuit were related, and involved many of the same parties, transactions, and events. On August 3, 2020, this action was assigned to be heard before the Honorable James C. Dever III.

The Defendants answered the Complaint on August 20, 2020 and Defendant Borrower filed counterclaims against CBL for alleged breach of contract, breach of the covenant of good faith and fair dealing, and breach of fiduciary duty. On October 12, 2020, CBL moved to dismiss the second and third counterclaims. Defendant Borrower filed its response in opposition to CBL's partial motion to dismiss on December 2, 2020.

On December 8, 2020, CBL filed a motion to consolidate the 26 federal IALA cases to promote efficiency and judicial economy. On December 29, 2020, Defendants filed their response in opposition to the motion to consolidate. On January 12, 2021, CBL filed its reply to Defendants' response.

On July 20, 2021, the Court denied CBL's motion to dismiss Defendant Borrower's second and third counterclaims, as well as CBL's motion to consolidate. CBL filed its answer to Defendant Borrower's counterclaims on August 3, 2021.

On September 3, 2021, the parties held their Rule 26(f) discovery planning meeting, and on September 17, 2021, filed a Rule 26(f) report with the Court which included a proposed discovery plan and other proposed case deadlines. On October 1, 2021, the Court entered a scheduling order setting various case deadlines with all discovery to be completed by September 22, 2022, and dispositive motions to be filed September 30, 2022.

Colorado Bankers Life Insurance Company v. Ephesus Asset Management, LLC, iTech Funding, LLC, and EAM Holdings, LLC, Case No. 5:20-CV-400-D, Eastern District of North Carolina.

This case was filed on June 15, 2020, in the Superior Court of Wake County, North Carolina alleging a breach of a loan agreement, as modified by the IALA, entered into by CBL and the Defendant Ephesus Asset Management, LLC ("Defendant Borrower") on June 27, 2019. CBL filed this action in its capacity as agent of the loan. CBL and SNIC are lenders of the loan. The Defendant Borrower defaulted on its payment obligations by failing to make interest payments when required under the loan agreements. The Complaint seeks repayment of \$33,670,070 plus interest at a rate of \$8,964.34 per diem from May 1, 2020 until paid in full. The Complaint also seeks an order allowing foreclosure of the pledged property of Defendants iTech Funding, LLC and EAM Holdings, LLC. On July 23, 2020, the Defendants removed the action to the Eastern District of North Carolina.

On July 24, 2020, CBL filed a Notice of Related Cases informing the Court that the IALA lawsuits and the Credit Agreement lawsuit were related, and involved many of the same parties, transactions, and events. On August 3, 2020, this action was assigned to be heard before the Honorable James C. Dever III.

The Defendants answered the Complaint on August 20, 2020 and Defendant Borrower filed counterclaims against CBL for alleged breach of contract, breach of the covenant of good faith and fair dealing, and breach of fiduciary duty. On October 12, 2020, CBL moved to dismiss the second and third counterclaims. Defendant Borrower filed its response in opposition to CBL's partial motion to dismiss on December 2, 2020.

On December 8, 2020, CBL filed a motion to consolidate the 26 federal IALA cases to promote efficiency and judicial economy. On December 29, 2020, Defendants filed their response in opposition to the motion to consolidate. On January 12, 2021, CBL filed its reply to Defendants' response.

On July 20, 2021, the Court denied CBL's motion to dismiss Defendant Borrower's second and third counterclaims, as well as CBL's motion to consolidate. CBL filed its answer to Defendant Borrower's counterclaims on August 3, 2021.

On September 3, 2021, the parties held their Rule 26(f) discovery planning meeting, and on September 17, 2021, filed a Rule 26(f) report with the Court which included a proposed discovery plan and other proposed case deadlines. On October 1, 2021, the Court entered a scheduling order setting various case deadlines with all discovery to be completed by September 22, 2022, and dispositive motions to be filed September 30, 2022.

Colorado Bankers Life Insurance Company v. iTech Funding, LLC, Case No. 5:20-CV-402-D, Eastern District of North Carolina.

This case was filed on June 15, 2020, in the Superior Court of Wake County, North Carolina alleging a breach of a loan agreement, as modified by the IALA, entered into by CBL and the Defendant on June 27, 2019. CBL filed this action in its capacity as agent of the loan. CBL, BLIC, and SNIC are lenders of the loan. The Defendant defaulted on its payment obligations by failing to make interest payments when required under the loan agreements. The Complaint seeks repayment of \$30,381,407 plus interest at a rate of \$8,323.67 per diem from May 1, 2020 until paid in full. On July 23, 2020, the Defendant removed the action to the Eastern District of North Carolina.

On July 24, 2020, CBL filed a Notice of Related Cases informing the Court that the IALA lawsuits and the Credit Agreement lawsuit were related, and involved many of the same parties, transactions, and events. On August 3, 2020, this action was assigned to be heard before the Honorable James C. Dever III.

The Defendant answered the Complaint on August 20, 2020 and filed counterclaims against CBL for alleged breach of contract, breach of the covenant of good faith and fair dealing, and breach of fiduciary duty. On October 12, 2020, CBL moved to dismiss the second and third counterclaims. Defendant filed its response in opposition to CBL's partial motion to dismiss on December 2, 2020.

On December 8, 2020, CBL filed a motion to consolidate the 26 federal IALA cases to promote efficiency and judicial economy. On December 29, 2020, Defendant filed its response in opposition to the motion to consolidate. On January 12, 2021, CBL filed its reply to Defendant's response.

On July 20, 2021, the Court denied CBL's motion to dismiss Defendant's second and third counterclaims, as well as CBL's motion to consolidate. CBL filed its answer to the Defendant's counterclaims on August 3, 2021.

On September 3, 2021, the parties held their Rule 26(f) discovery planning meeting, and on September 17, 2021, filed a Rule 26(f) report with the Court which included a proposed discovery plan and other proposed case deadlines. On October 1, 2021, the Court entered a scheduling order setting various case deadlines with all discovery to be completed by September 22, 2022, and dispositive motions to be filed September 30, 2022.

On October 22, 2021, the Court appointed the parties' agreed upon mediator.

Colorado Bankers Life Insurance Company v. HPCSP Investments, LLC, HPCSP Holdings, LLC, Case No. 20 CVS 6480, Wake County, North Carolina.

This case was filed on June 5, 2020, in the Superior Court of Wake County, North Carolina alleging a breach of a loan agreement, as modified by the IALA, entered into by CBL and Defendant HPCSP Investments, LLC ("Defendant Borrower") on June 27, 2019. CBL filed this action in its capacity as agent of the loan. CBL and SNIC are lenders of the loan. The Defendant Borrower defaulted on its payment obligations by failing to make interest payments when required under the

loan agreements. The Complaint seeks repayment of \$44,708,992, minus the partial payment of \$249,954.05, plus interest at a rate of \$11,752.29 per diem from May 1, 2020 until paid in full.

On July 16, 2020, CBL filed a Motion for Entry of Default and default was entered against the Defendant Borrower later that day. Also, on July 16, 2020, and after CBL's entry of default was entered, Defendant Borrower filed a Motion to Dismiss the Complaint for alleged lack of personal jurisdiction, insufficiency of process, insufficiency of service of process, and failure to state a claim. On July 22, 2020, Defendant Borrower filed a Motion to Set Aside the Entry of Default. On August 17, 2020, CBL filed a Motion for Default Judgment.

On November 13, 2020, the Court granted Defendant Borrower's Motion to Set Aside the Entry of Default and denied as moot CBL's Motion for Default Judgment.

On December 3, 2020, an Amended Complaint was filed to add causes of action against HPCSP Holdings, LLC, seeking an order allowing foreclosure of the pledged property.

The Defendants answered the Amended Complaint on January 4, 2021, and Defendant Borrower filed counterclaims against CBL for alleged breach of contract, breach of the covenant of good faith and fair dealing, and breach of fiduciary duty. On January 27, 2021, CBL replied to the counterclaims and moved to dismiss the second and third counterclaims.

Defendant Borrower's motion to dismiss the Complaint and CBL's Partial Motion to Dismiss Defendant Borrower's Counterclaims remain pending.

## Colorado Bankers Life Insurance Company v. Capital Assets Fund I, LLC, Case No. 5:20-CV450--D, Eastern District of North Carolina.

This case was filed on July 17, 2020, in the Superior Court of Wake County, North Carolina alleging a breach of a loan agreement, as modified by the IALA, entered into by the parties on June 27, 2019. CBL filed this action in its capacity as agent of the loan. CBL, BLIC, and SNIC are lenders of the loan. The Defendant defaulted on its payment obligations by failing to make interest payments when required under the loan agreements. The Complaint seeks repayment of \$97,250,324 plus interest at a rate of \$25,891.99 per diem from May 1, 2020 until paid in full.

On August 20, 2020, the Defendant removed the action to the Eastern District of North Carolina. On August 24, 2020, CBL filed a Notice of Related Cases informing the Court that the IALA lawsuits and the Credit Agreement lawsuit were related, and involved many of the same parties, transactions, and events. On August 27, 2020, this action was assigned to be heard before the Honorable James C. Dever III.

The Defendant answered the Complaint on September 17, 2020 and filed counterclaims against CBL for alleged breach of contract, breach of the covenant of good faith and fair dealing, and breach of fiduciary duty. On October 12, 2020, CBL moved to dismiss the second and third counterclaims. The Defendant filed its response in opposition to CBL's partial motion to dismiss on December 2, 2020.

On December 8, 2020, CBL filed a motion to consolidate the 26 federal IALA cases to promote efficiency and judicial economy. On December 29, 2020, Defendant filed its response in

opposition to the motion to consolidate. On January 12, 2021, CBL filed its reply to Defendant's response.

On July 20, 2021, the Court denied CBL's motion to dismiss Defendant's second and third counterclaims, as well as CBL's motion to consolidate. CBL filed its answer to the Defendant's counterclaims on August 3, 2021.

On September 3, 2021, the parties held their Rule 26(f) discovery planning meeting, and on September 17, 2021, filed a Rule 26(f) report with the Court which included a proposed discovery plan and other proposed case deadlines. On October 1, 2021, the Court entered a scheduling order setting various case deadlines with all discovery to be completed by September 22, 2022, and dispositive motions to be filed September 30, 2022.

On October 22, 2021, the Court appointed the parties' agreed upon mediator.

Colorado Bankers Life Insurance Company, Southland National Insurance Corporation, and Bankers Life Insurance Company v. Capital Assets Fund V, LLC, Case No. 20 CVS 6475, Wake County, North Carolina.

This case was filed on June 5, 2020, in the Superior Court of Wake County, North Carolina alleging a breach of a loan agreement, as modified by the IALA, entered into by the parties on June 27, 2019. CBL, SNIC, and BLIC filed this action in their capacities as lenders of the loan. The Defendant defaulted on its payment obligations by failing to make interest payments when required under the loan agreements. The Complaint seeks repayment of \$55,523,232 plus interest at a rate of \$14,782.54 per diem from May 1, 2020 until paid in full.

On July 16, 2020, CBL filed a Motion for Entry of Default and default was entered against the Defendant later that day. Also, on July 16, 2020, but before CBL's entry of default was entered, Defendant filed a Motion to Dismiss the Complaint for alleged lack of personal jurisdiction, insufficiency of process, insufficiency of service of process, and failure to state a claim. On July 22, 2020, Defendant filed a Motion to Set Aside the Entry of Default. On August 17, 2020, Plaintiffs filed a Motion for Default Judgment.

On November 13, 2020, the Court granted Defendant's Motion to Set Aside the Entry of Default and denied as moot Plaintiffs' Motion for Default Judgment.

The Defendant answered the Complaint on December 14, 2020 and filed counterclaims against Plaintiffs for alleged breach of contract, breach of the covenant of good faith and fair dealing, and breach of fiduciary duty. On January 13, 2021, Plaintiffs replied to the counterclaims and moved to dismiss the second and third counterclaims.

Defendant's motion to dismiss the Complaint and Plaintiffs' partial motion to dismiss Defendant's Counterclaims remain pending.

Colorado Bankers Life Insurance Company, Southland National Insurance Corporation, and Bankers Life Insurance Company v. Capital Assets Fund IV, LLC, Case No. 20 CVS 6474, Wake County, North Carolina.

This case was filed on June 5, 2020, in the Superior Court of Wake County, North Carolina alleging a breach of a loan agreement, as modified by the IALA, entered into by the parties on June 27, 2019. CBL, SNIC, and BLIC filed this action in their capacities as lenders of the loan. The Defendant defaulted on its payment obligations by failing to make interest payments when required under the loan agreements. The Complaint seeks repayment of \$54,028,137 plus interest at a rate of \$14,695.24 per diem from May 1, 2020 until paid in full.

On July 16, 2020, CBL filed a Motion for Entry of Default and default was entered against the Defendant later that day. Also, on July 16, 2020 and after CBL's entry of default was entered, Defendant filed a Motion to Dismiss the Complaint for alleged lack of personal jurisdiction, insufficiency of process, insufficiency of service of process, and failure to state a claim. On July 22, 2020, Defendant filed a Motion to Set Aside the Entry of Default. On August 17, 2020, Plaintiffs filed a Motion for Default Judgment.

On November 13, 2020, the Court granted Defendant's Motion to Set Aside the Entry of Default and denied as moot Plaintiffs' Motion for Default Judgment.

The Defendant answered the Complaint on December 14, 2020 and filed counterclaims against Plaintiffs for alleged breach of contract, breach of the covenant of good faith and fair dealing, and breach of fiduciary duty. On January 13, 2021, Plaintiffs replied to the counterclaims and moved to dismiss the second and third counterclaims.

Defendant's motion to dismiss the Complaint and Plaintiffs' partial motion to dismiss Defendant's Counterclaims remain pending.

Colorado Bankers Life Insurance Company v. TAC Investments, LLC, Case No. 5:20-CV-453-D, Eastern District of North Carolina.

This case was filed on July 17, 2020, in the Superior Court of Wake County, North Carolina alleging a breach of a loan agreement, as modified by the IALA, entered into by the parties on June 27, 2019. CBL filed this action in its capacity as agent of the loan. CBL, BLIC, and SNIC are lenders of the loan. The Defendant defaulted on its payment obligations by failing to make interest payments when required under the loan agreements. The Complaint seeks repayment of \$15,077,251 plus interest at a rate of \$4,014.18 per diem from May 1, 2020 until paid in full.

On August 20, 2020, the Defendant removed the action to the Eastern District of North Carolina. On August 24, 2020, CBL filed a Notice of Related Cases informing the Court that the IALA lawsuits and the Credit Agreement lawsuit were related, and involved many of the same parties, transactions, and events. On August 27, 2020, this action was assigned to be heard before the Honorable James C. Dever III.

The Defendant answered the Complaint on September 17, 2020 and filed counterclaims against CBL for alleged breach of contract, breach of the covenant of good faith and fair dealing, and breach of fiduciary duty. On October 12, 2020, CBL moved to dismiss the second and third

counterclaims. Defendant filed its response in opposition to CBL's partial motion to dismiss on December 2, 2020.

On December 8, 2020, CBL filed a motion to consolidate the 26 federal IALA cases to promote efficiency and judicial economy. On December 29, 2020, Defendant filed its response in opposition to the motion to consolidate. On January 12, 2021, CBL filed its reply to Defendant's response.

On July 20, 2021, the Court denied CBL's motion to dismiss Defendant's second and third counterclaims, as well as CBL's motion to consolidate. CBL filed its answer to the Defendant's counterclaims on August 3, 2021.

On September 3, 2021, the parties held their Rule 26(f) discovery planning meeting, and on September 17, 2021, filed a Rule 26(f) report with the Court which included a proposed discovery plan and other proposed case deadlines. On October 1, 2021, the Court entered a scheduling order setting various case deadlines with all discovery to be completed by September 22, 2022, and dispositive motions to be filed September 30, 2022.

On October 22, 2021, the Court appointed the parties' agreed upon mediator.

Colorado Bankers Life Insurance Company v. Summerville Asset Management, LLC, iTech Funding, LLC, and SAM Holdings, LLC, Case No. 5:20-CV-432-D, Eastern District of North Carolina.

This case was filed on August 10, 2020, alleging a breach of a loan agreement, as modified by the IALA, entered into by CBL and the Defendant Summerville Asset Management, LLC ("Defendant Borrower") on June 27, 2019. CBL filed this action in its capacity as agent of the loan. CBL, BLIC, and SNIC are lenders of the loan. The Defendant Borrower defaulted on its payment obligations by failing to make interest payments when required under the loan agreements. The Complaint seeks repayment of \$45,675,960 plus interest at a rate of \$12,160.80 per diem from May 1, 2020 until paid in full. The Complaint also seeks an order allowing foreclosure of the pledged property of Defendants iTech Funding, LLC and SAM Holdings, LLC.

On August 10, 2020, CBL filed a Notice of Related Cases informing the Court that the IALA lawsuits and the Credit Agreement lawsuit were related, and involved many of the same parties, transactions, and events. On August 11, 2020, this action was assigned to be heard before the Honorable James C. Dever III.

The Defendants answered the Complaint on September 9, 2020 and Defendant Borrower filed counterclaims against CBL for alleged breach of contract, breach of the covenant of good faith and fair dealing, and breach of fiduciary duty. On October 12, 2020, CBL moved to dismiss the second and third counterclaims. Defendant Borrower filed its response in opposition to CBL's partial motion to dismiss on December 2, 2020.

On December 8, 2020, CBL filed a motion to consolidate the 26 federal IALA cases to promote efficiency and judicial economy. On December 29, 2020, Defendants filed their response in opposition to the motion to consolidate. On January 12, 2021, CBL filed its reply to Defendants' response.

On July 20, 2021, the Court denied CBL's motion to dismiss Defendant Borrower's second and third counterclaims, as well as CBL's motion to consolidate. CBL filed its answer to the Defendant Borrower's counterclaims on August 3, 2021.

On September 3, 2021, the parties held their Rule 26(f) discovery planning meeting, and on September 17, 2021, filed a Rule 26(f) report with the Court which included a proposed discovery plan and other proposed case deadlines. On October 1, 2021, the Court entered a scheduling order setting various case deadlines with all discovery to be completed by September 22, 2022, and dispositive motions to be filed September 30, 2022.

On October 22, 2021, the Court appointed the parties' agreed upon mediator.

Colorado Bankers Life Insurance Company, Southland National Insurance Corporation, and Bankers Life Insurance Company v. Academy Financial Assets, LLC, Case No. 5:20-CV-474-D, Eastern District of North Carolina.

This case was filed on September 3, 2020, alleging a breach of promissory notes, as modified by the IALA, entered into on June 27, 2019. CBL, SNIC, and BLIC filed this action in their capacities as lenders of the promissory notes. The Defendant defaulted on its payment obligations by failing to make interest payments when required under the promissory notes, as modified. The Complaint seeks repayment to CBL in the amount of \$23,974,479 plus interest at a rate of \$6,370 per diem from May 1, 2020 until paid in full. The Complaint seeks repayment to SNIC in the amount of \$5,993,619 plus interest at a rate of \$1,592.75 per diem from May 1, 2020 until paid in full. The Complaint seeks repayment to BLIC in the amount of \$2,397,448 plus interest at a rate of \$637.10 per diem from May 1, 2020 until paid in full.

On September 3, 2020, CBL filed a Notice of Related Cases informing the Court that the IALA lawsuits and the Credit Agreement lawsuit were related, and involved many of the same parties, transactions, and events. On September 4, 2020, this action was assigned to be heard before the Honorable James C. Dever III.

On September 30, 2020, the Defendant answered the Complaint and filed a counterclaim against Plaintiffs seeking reformation of the IALA. On October 22, 2020, Plaintiffs were granted an extension of time through November 20, 2020 to respond to Defendant's counterclaim. On November 20, 2020, Plaintiffs moved to dismiss the counterclaim. On December 11, 2020, Defendant filed its response in opposition to Plaintiffs' motion to dismiss. On December 23, 2020, Plaintiffs filed their reply in support of their motion to dismiss.

On December 8, 2020, Plaintiffs filed a motion to consolidate the 26 federal IALA cases to promote efficiency and judicial economy. On December 29, 2020, Defendant filed its response in opposition to the motion to consolidate. On January 12, 2021, Plaintiffs filed their reply to Defendant's response.

On July 20, 2021, the Court denied Plaintiffs' motion to dismiss Defendant's second and third counterclaims, as well as Plaintiffs' motion to consolidate. Plaintiffs filed their answer to the Defendant's counterclaims on August 3, 2021.

On September 3, 2021, the parties held their Rule 26(f) discovery planning meeting, and on September 17, 2021, filed a Rule 26(f) report with the Court which included a proposed discovery plan and other proposed case deadlines. On October 1, 2021, the Court entered a scheduling order setting various case deadlines with all discovery to be completed by September 22, 2022, and dispositive motions to be filed September 30, 2022.

On October 22, 2021, the Court appointed the parties' agreed upon mediator.

Colorado Bankers Life Insurance Company, Southland National Insurance Corporation, and Bankers Life Insurance Company v. Augusta Asset Management, LLC, New England Capital, LLC, AAM Holdings I, LLC, and iTech Funding, LLC, Case No. 5:20-CV-518-D, Eastern District of North Carolina.

This case was filed on October 2, 2020, alleging a breach of a loan agreement, as modified by the IALA entered into by Defendant Augusta Asset Management, LLC ("Defendant Borrower") on June 27, 2019. CBL, SNIC, and BLIC filed this action in their capacities as lenders of the loans. The Defendant Borrower defaulted on its payment obligations by failing to make interest payments when required under the loan agreements, as modified. The Complaint seeks repayment to Plaintiffs in the amount of \$14,552,991 plus interest at a rate of \$3,874 per diem from May 1, 2020 until paid in full. The Complaint also seeks an order allowing foreclosure of the pledged property of Defendants iTech Funding, LLC and AAM Holdings, LLC. Finally, the Complaint alleges that Defendant New England Capital, LLC, the agent of the loan, breached the loan agreements by failing to enforce the loan agreements following Defendant Borrower's breach.

On October 10, 2020, Plaintiffs filed a Notice of Related Cases informing the Court that the IALA lawsuits and the Credit Agreement lawsuit were related, and involved many of the same parties, transactions, and events. On October 2, 2020, this action was assigned to be heard before the Honorable James C. Dever III.

On November 30, 2020, Defendants filed their respective motions to dismiss for failure to state a claim. On December 21, 2020, Plaintiffs filed a response in opposition to Defendants' motions. Defendants filed replies in support of their respective motions to dismiss on January 4, 2021.

On December 8, 2020, Plaintiffs filed a motion to consolidate the 26 federal IALA cases to promote efficiency and judicial economy. On December 29, 2020, Defendants filed responses in opposition to the motion to consolidate. On January 12, 2021, Plaintiffs filed their reply to Defendants' responses.

On July 20, 2021, the Court denied Defendants' motions to dismiss, as well as Plaintiffs' motion to consolidate. Defendants filed answers to Plaintiffs' Complaint on August 3, 2021.

On September 3, 2021, the parties held their Rule 26(f) discovery planning meeting, and on September 17, 2021, filed a Rule 26(f) report with the Court which included a proposed discovery plan and other proposed case deadlines. On October 1, 2021, the Court entered a scheduling order setting various case deadlines with all discovery to be completed by September 22, 2022, and dispositive motions to be filed September 30, 2022.

#### **OTHER MATTERS**

- Pursuant to the Moratorium Order, the Rehabilitator has imposed a moratorium on cash surrenders, annuitizations, and policy loans against the Company's policies until such time as the Court approves lifting of the moratorium.
- In accordance with the Moratorium Order, the Rehabilitator has adopted and implemented a policy to provide substitute benefits in lieu of the contractual obligations of the Company for annuity benefits and cash withdrawals for policyholders who petition for payment under claims of legitimate hardship. As of September 30, 2021, 15 hardship cases have been received. 5 were approved, 7 were denied due to insufficient information, 3 were denied due to not meeting the hardship qualifications.

#### CONTINUATION OF BUSINESS

The Company has ceased writing all new business as of the date of the Order and is only renewing business that it is obligated to renew. The Rehabilitator has determined that the Company should be placed into liquidation and has filed a Petition for Liquidation with Wake County Superior Court. See Liquidation Section on page 20 for additional information.

#### REINSURANCE

North Carolina Mutual Life Insurance Company ("NC Mutual") as cedent, and SNIC as reinsurer, entered into a Reinsurance and Administration Agreement ("Agreement") on December 31, 2014. Credit for reinsurance ceded to SNIC is allowed pursuant to N.C. Gen. Stat. §58-7-21(b)(1).

Simultaneously with the execution and delivery of the Agreement, SNIC, NC Mutual and the Trustee entered into a Trust Agreement, pursuant to which the Trustee was to hold cash and/or investments of the type consistent with the requirements of the insurance laws of the State of North Carolina ("Eligible Assets") as security for the satisfaction of the obligations of SNIC.

Effective September 15, 2020, SNIC and NC Mutual amended the Agreement (the "Amendment"). Per the Amendment, the prior Trustee notified the Company and NC Mutual of its intent to resign as trustee. As such, SNIC and NC Mutual decided to voluntarily terminate the Trust Agreement and discharge the prior Trustee. SNIC and NC Mutual instructed the prior Trustee, immediately upon termination of the Trust Agreement, to (a) transfer all Eligible Assets in the Trust Account to NC Mutual; and (b) transfer all other assets held in the Trust Account (the "Ineligible Assets") to SNIC. NC Mutual is obligated to hold the Eligible Assets as a funds withheld liability and only use the Eligible Assets as set forth in the Agreement. SNIC is obligated to hold the Ineligible Assets as pledged or otherwise encumbered assets, to be used exclusively and only as set forth in the Agreement for the benefit of NC Mutual. On SNIC's application, Commissioner Causey approved SNIC's request to pledge, hypothecate or encumber the Ineligible Assets in favor of NC Mutual on December 21, 2020. These assets are identified on the Schedule of Lindberg Affiliated Investments as pledged to NC Mutual. The Ineligible Assets total \$81,7MM.

In November 2020, SNIC suspended payments to NC Mutual under the Agreement. On December 2, 2020, NC Mutual provided a notice of default to SNIC, and of intent to withdraw assets from the Funds Withheld Account to settle all related amounts due from SNIC.

#### FUNERAL AND CEMETERY SERVICES TRUSTS

SNIC was a party to four funeral and cemetery services trust agreements: (1) the "Southland National Insurance Alabama Preneed Funeral Trust"; (2) the "Southland National Insurance Alabama Cemetery Merchandise Trust"; (3) the "Preneed Funeral Merchandise and Services Master Trust" (Mississippi); and (4) the "Regions Bank Preneed Trust of the Amended and Restated Southland National Funeral Trust" (Tennessee). These trusts have been resolved, and the following steps have been completed.

SNIC obtained Alabama Department of Insurance approval for a wholly-owned subsidiary of SNIC, SNIC Service Co., LLC ("SNIC Service Co."), a North Carolina limited liability company, to replace Regions Bank as the trustee for the two Alabama trusts. The Alabama Department of Insurance also approved new trust agreements for both the Alabama funeral trust and cemetery trust. The trust assets consisting of SNIC insurance policies were transferred by Regions Bank to SNIC Service Co. to continue to be held in trust. The trust assets consisting of cash were returned to the funeral homes/cemeteries. SNIC's unaffiliated third-party administrator, Southland Benefit Services, LLC ("SBS"), administers the insurance policies held in trust.

SNIC obtained Mississippi Secretary of State approval for a new trust agreement for the Mississippi trust, including designation of SNIC Service Co. to replace Regions Bank as trustee. The trust assets held by Regions Bank have been transferred to SNIC Service Co. SBS administers the SNIC policies held in trust.

SNIC obtained Tennessee Department of Insurance approval to terminate the Tennessee trust. That trust has been terminated. SBS administers the SNIC policies that are no longer be held in trust.

#### **REVIEW PANEL**

On April 2, 2020, the Court amended the TRO to establish a 5-person review panel to advise the Court on proposed transactions that could implicate the TRO. Both the Plaintiffs and Defendants appointed one representative each. Each representative appointed an independent member. The two independent members appointed a third independent member. After reviewing proposed transactions, the panel makes recommendations to the Court to either approve or deny the proposed transactions. The panel approved unanimously to increase the existing Beckett loan facility with the existing lender.

#### **COST SHARING AGREEMENT**

CBL, BLIC, SNIC, Southland National Reinsurance Corporation, Preferred Financial Corporation, LLC, GBIG Holdings, Inc., Pavonia Life Insurance Company of Michigan ("PLICMI") and Global Bankers Insurance Group, LLC ("GBIG, LLC") are participants in a cost sharing agreement ("CSA") that preceded rehabilitation. All parties to the CSA are ultimately owned by Lindberg. The agreement provides for the costs of any services provided by one of the entities on behalf of other entities to be allocated among the appropriate entities. GBIG, LLC provides virtually all the services for CBL, BLIC, SNIC and PLICMI. PLICMI is also in rehabilitation and is under the control of the Michigan Rehabilitator. GBIG, LLC is a subsidiary of PLICMI and therefore is also under the control of the Michigan Rehabilitator. GBIG, LLC provided policyholder services related to claims, hardships, and premium collections as well as the necessary executive management, oversight review and administrative services to the Company. Under this CSA.

management expenses, salaries and benefits, and facility charges were also allocated to the Company in accordance with this CSA. The CSA terminated on July 8, 2021. SNIC entered into a Transition Services Agreement ("TSA") with Aspida Financial Services, LLC ("Aspida") to replace the services rendered under the CSA. See Transition Services Agreement in the following section.

#### TRANSITION SERVICES AGREEMENT

On July 8, 2021, the CSA between SNIC and GBIG, LLC terminated when GBIG, LLC was acquired by Aspida Holdings Ltd., an indirect subsidiary of Ares Management Corporation. GBIG, LLC formally changed its name to Aspida Financial Services, LLC. SNIC then entered into the TSA with Aspida. The TSA requires that SNIC pay Aspida \$173,700 monthly for services previously covered by the CSA. Costs under the TSA will be allocated in a manner consistent with the CSA. During the quarter, SNIC paid Aspida \$521,100 for these services.

#### THIRD PARTY ADMINISTRATOR

On October 13, 2021, SNIC obtained the Court's permission to transfer the servicing of a portion of its business to a new third-party administrator ("TPA") at a reduced cost from the CSA. United Fidelity Life Insurance Company will begin servicing a portion of SNIC's business in the fourth quarter. Policyholders and agents were notified in writing of the transition.

#### **DISBURSEMENTS**

During the period, the following expenses related to the rehabilitation and litigation to recover the affiliated investments were incurred and allocated in a manner consistent with the CSA and TSA, even though these costs are not part of the CSA or TSA:

- \$1,105 to Bryan Cave Leighton Paisner for legal services
- \$1,073 to Consilio for legal support services
- \$11,340 to Federal Arbitration, Inc. for services regarding the review panel
- \$3,912 to Gordian Group for investment advisory services
- \$80,692 to Noble Consulting Services, Inc. for rehabilitation services
- \$48,106 to Veris Consulting, Inc. for forensic accounting services
- \$55,626 to Williams Mullen for legal services

#### SETTLED REHABILITATION MATTERS

#### Liquidity

One of the goals of the rehabilitation is to increase liquidity. As of June 27, 2019, SNIC held \$11.5MM of private loans. The private loans have no readily available market. The Company was able to liquidate all the private loans. The Company realized losses of \$2.5MM.

#### LIQUIDATION PETITION

On March 12, 2021, the Rehabilitator filed a petition in the Court seeking to place SNIC into liquidation ("Liquidation Petition"). After a thorough review, it was determined that liquidation would provide the best protection for the policyholders of SNIC. As of March 31, 2021, SNIC is statutorily insolvent by \$177MM after non-admitting affiliated investments as required by N.C.

Gen. Stat §58-19-10(b). Even if N.C. Gen. Stat. § 58-19-10(b) were not applied and the affiliated investments were valued at original book value, SNIC liabilities exceed its assets by more than \$25 million. On April 14, 2021, GBIG Holdings, LLC ("GBIG Holdings") filed an objection to the Liquidation Petition. GBIG Holdings is the parent of SNIC and is owned ultimately by Greg Lindberg. After a hearing before the Court, the Petitioner and GBIG Holdings filed a Joint Motion to Stay the Proceedings, on June 8. 2021. The Court granted the Joint Motion to Stay on July 7, 2021. GBIG Holdings has been funding SNIC's negative cash flows on a monthly basis, beginning in May 2021. Petitioner reserves the right to ask the Court to move forward with the Liquidation Petition, in the event GBIG Holdings does not fund the negative cash flow in any given month. GBIG Holdings reimbursed SNIC for the negative cash flows for May and June, but has not reimbursed SNIC for July, August, and September. The Liquidation Petition is currently stayed.

Liquidation is a statutory process under state law designed to protect SNIC policyholders in a number of critical ways. Liquidation of SNIC triggers coverage from state life and health insurance guaranty associations ("Guaranty Associations") subject to and in accordance with their enabling acts. See N.C. Gen. Stat. § 58-30-110(c) and § 58-62-36(d). Guaranty Associations are created by state statutes in each state where SNIC was licensed and typically provide coverage for residents of their states, with the state of domicile (in this case North Carolina) providing coverage for residents of its state and residents from states where SNIC was not licensed. N.C. Gen. Stat. § 58-62-21(a). Many Guaranty Associations provide up to \$300,000 in protection for life insurance death benefits and \$100,000 for life insurance policy net cash values, though some Guaranty Associations are authorized to provide more. See N.C. Gen Stat. § 58-62-21(d). Benefits paid by SNIC prior to its being placed in liquidation do not count against the Guaranty Association's statutory coverage limits but will be applied in determining the remaining benefits available under the policy.

SNIC is unusual in that only two SNIC policies, out of almost 84,000 policies, are known to exceed Guaranty Association coverage limits. Therefore, the overwhelming majority of SNIC policyholders will be fully covered by Guaranty Associations. The two policies known to be in excess of Guaranty Association coverage limits will be covered up to those limits. Those policyholders will have a pro-rata claim for the remaining policy obligations up to policy limits, against whatever assets SNIC can marshal in liquidation or recover through litigation, after all expenses of administering the liquidation are paid. Liquidation guarantees that 100% of policy liabilities, and of certain other liabilities, must be paid before any general creditor claims can be paid. Liquidation also stays litigation against SNIC, which reduces costs. SNIC will still have the rights and powers in liquidation to seek recovery from persons and entities that owe SNIC money. Any such recoveries will increase potential payouts to the two policyholders with policies in excess of Guaranty Association coverage limits, will help pay back Guaranty Associations for their expenditures on behalf of SNIC policyholders, and will save state taxpayer funds. <sup>1</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The financial burden of insurance company insolvencies falls ultimately on state general funds in most instances. To the extent the estate assets, deposits, subrogation and assignment rights, premiums and reinsurance are not sufficient to cover the shortfall, the Guaranty Associations assess solvent carriers that write the same lines of business as the insolvent company after being triggered. N.C. Gen. Stat. § 58-62-41. Those carriers receive state premium tax credits equal to the assessments over time in about 90% of states. The Rehabilitator is seeking recoveries through litigation outlined elsewhere in this report and those efforts would continue during liquidation as part of the effort to defray this financial burden on Guaranty Associations, policyholders, and taxpayers.

When Guaranty Associations are triggered upon issuance of a liquidation order and a finding of insolvency, they provide administration, continue coverage, pay claims, collect premiums, and are entitled to reinsurance, under certain circumstances and subject to their enabling acts. See N.C. Gen. Stat. §§ 58-62-36(d), 58-62-36(l), and 58-62-36(u). This will reduce SNIC's administrative expenses.

The current court-ordered moratorium prohibiting SNIC from paying surrenders and loans would not apply to the Guaranty Associations. The Guaranty Associations have not notified the Receiver that they would seek to impose such a moratorium under their enabling act. *See* N.C. Gen. Stat. § 58-62-36(n).

## INTRODUCTION TO SOUTHLAND NATIONAL INSURANCE CORPORATION FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Introduction and Basis of Presentation: The Company is a North Carolina domiciled life, accident and health insurance company that was placed in rehabilitation by the Wake County Superior Court on June 27, 2019. The Company is under the control of the Commissioner of Insurance of the State of North Carolina, in his capacity as Court appointed Rehabilitator. It is the Rehabilitator's responsibility to take possession of the assets of the Company and to administer them under the general supervision of the Court.

The accompanying unaudited financial statements were prepared by GBIG, LLC's staff under the direct supervision of the Rehabilitator's staff as of September 30, 2021. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Statutory Accounting Principles promulgated by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners, except as noted in the following paragraph.

On July 26, 2019, the Governor of North Carolina signed into law, House Bill 220. This bill amends N.C. Gen. Stat §58-19-10(b), which limits the amount of investments in affiliates and subsidiaries to the lessor of ten percent (10%) of the insurer's admitted assets or fifty percent (50%) of the insurer's policyholders' surplus, provided that after those investments, the insurer's policyholders' surplus will be reasonable in relation to the insurer's outstanding liabilities and adequate to its financial needs. The excess amount of affiliated investments should be non-admitted. As of September30, 2021, the Company has \$177MM of excess affiliated investments. Should this amount be non-admitted, the Company would have a negative surplus of \$183MM.

As of September 30, 2021, \$111.6MM of the \$177MM in affiliated investment loans to affiliated non-insurance companies defaulted on their payment obligations. The Company has maintained these loans at their previous book value and continued to accrue interest on these loans at the rate specified in the IALA. If the company were following Statutory accounting guidance, these loans would be downgraded to NAIC 6 and reported at market value and any accrued interest of more than 90 days would be non-admitted. The carrying value of these defaulted loans is \$111.6MM and the fair value of these loans could be less than the carrying value. Some interest is being received on these loans. The due and accrued interest on these loans was \$12.2MM of which \$7.6MM was non-admitted as of September 30.

## STATEMENT AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2021 OF THE Southland National Insurance Corporation ${ m PAGE}\ 26$

#### **ASSETS**

	Δ.	SOCIO			
			Current Statement Date	)	4
		1	2	3	
		Assets	Nonadmitted Assets	Net Admitted Assets (Cols. 1 - 2)	December 31 Prior Year Net Admitted Assets
1	Bonds	127,412,041		127,412,041	130,890,429
	Stocks;				
۷.		54 674 645		F4 674 64E	40 507 440
	2.1 Preferred stocks	51,674,615	~~.	51,674,615	48,567,118
	2,2 Common stocks	271	271		
3,	Mortgage loans on real estate:				
	3.1 First liens	764,001		764,001	860,553
	3.2 Other than first liens				
4.	Real estate:				
	4.1 Properties occupied by the company (less				
	\$encumbrances)				
	4.2 Properties held for the production of income				
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
	(less \$ encumbrances)	***************************************			
	4.3 Properties held for sale (less				
	\$ encumbrances)	68 , 180		68, 180	168,180
5.	Cash (\$6.070,262 ),				
	cash equivalents (\$7,488,808 )				
	and short-term investments (\$)	13.559.070		13,559,070	19,585,402
6	Contract loans (including \$ premium notes)			4,447,337	
			***************************************		
	Derivatives		0.000.000		
	Other invested assets	9,000.000	9,000,000		
	Receivables for securities	904		904	256,420
10.	Securities lending reinvested collateral assets				
11.	Aggregate write-ins for invested assets				
12.	Subtotals, cash and invested assets (Lines 1 to 11)	206,926,419	9,000,271	197 , 926 , 148	205.050,454
13.	Title plants less \$ charged off (for Title insurers				
	only)				
14	Investment income due and accrued		7 660 885	5,053,793	5 204 803
	Premiums and considerations:		, ,000,000		
10.					
	15.1 Uncollected premiums and agents' balances in the course of				
	collection	196,637		196,637	189,571
	15.2 Deferred premiums, agents' balances and installments booked but				
	deferred and not yet due (including \$earned				
	but unbilled premiums)	1,376,689		1,376,689	1,534,991
	15.3 Accrued retrospective premiums (\$) and				
	contracts subject to redetermination (\$)				
16	Reinsurance:				***************************************
10.	16,1 Amounts recoverable from reinsurers	(40,600)		(12,629)	47 440
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	53,480,609		53,480,609	53,480,609
	16.3 Other amounts receivable under reinsurance contracts		347,410	79,666	84.840
	Amounts receivable relating to uninsured plans				
18.1	Current federal and foreign income tax recoverable and interest thereon	1,484,925	1,484,925		3,911,023
18.2	Net deferred tax asset	13,438,067	13,438,067		·
19.	Guaranty funds receivable or on deposit				
20.	Electronic data processing equipment and software				
	Furniture and equipment, including health care delivery assets				
	(\$)				
22	Net adjustment in assets and liabilities due to foreign exchange rates				
	,				A 154
	Receivables from parent, subsidiaries and affiliates				6,459
	Health care (\$) and other amounts receivable				
25.	Aggregate write-ins for other-than-invested assets	9,628	11,096	(1,468)	(4,794)
26.	Total assets excluding Separate Accounts, Segregated Accounts and			1	
	Protected Cell Accounts (Lines 12 to 25)	290,042,099	31,942,654	258,099,445	269,505,494
27.	From Separate Accounts, Segregated Accounts and Protected				
	Cell Accounts.			<b>I</b>	
28	Total (Lines 26 and 27)	290,042,099	31,942,654	258,099,445	269,505,494
20.	111111111111111111111111111111111111111	230,042,033	31,342,034	250,033,443	203,303,434
	DETAILS OF WRITE-INS				
1102.					
1103.		***************************************			
1198.	Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 11 from overflow page	***************************************			
	Totals (Lines 1101 through 1103 plus 1198) (Line 11 above)	T I			
	Prepaid Expense Deposit & Returned Checks	11,096	11,096		
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	11,090	11,080		
	Miscellaneous Receivable.				
	Premiums In Transit	(1,468)		(1,468)	(4.794)
	Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 25 from overflow page				
2599.	Totals (Lines 2501 through 2503 plus 2598) (Line 25 above)	9,628	11,096	(1,468)	(4,794)

#### LIABILITIES, SURPLUS AND OTHER FUNDS

Common			1	2
1. Appropries reserve for the contracts 5   Incident Burston   100				
2. Agregações reserve for encidente and health occurrants (princing) \$ Modelo Reserve)  4. Lieblilly for information of the control of the co	1,			
3. Lisality for departable pocentrates (including \$	,			
4. Contract claims: 4 1 Life Character claims: 4 1 Life Character claims: 5 1 Life Character claims: 6 1 Previous for dependency discinned for members as or coupers psychiate infloreing calendar year-estimated answer. 6 1 Previous for dependency discinned and refunds to members and coupers psychiate infloreing calendar year-estimated answer. 6 2 Previous for dependency discinned and refunds to members only elegantering forburing 5 6 3 Coupers and similar breadts producing 5 6 1 Life Character claims: 7 1 Life Character claims: 8 1 Surrendor values controlled contracts 8 2 Life Character claims: 8 1 Surrendor values controlled contracts 8 2 Life Character claims: 8 1 Surrendor values controlled contracts 8 2 Life Character claims: 8 1 Surrendor values controlled contracts 8 2 Life Character claims: 9 2 Life Character claims: 9 3 Life Character claims: 9 4 Life Character claims: 9 4 Life Character claims: 9 5 Life Character claims: 9 6 Life Character claims: 9 6 Life Character claims: 9 7 Life Character claims: 9 7 Life Character claims: 9 7 Life Character claims: 9 8 Life Character claims: 9 9 Life Character claims: 9 1 Life Character claims				
4. Anceletent and health 5. Policyholderic dischedular/stands to mambers a	4.			
6. Picolyholders' dividend/erhands to members and coupons special in fillowing coloring years. extended 6. Picolyholders' dividend and refunds to members and coupons payable in fillowing coloring years. extended 6. Picolyholders' dividend and refunds to members and programs (refulding 5 6. Zongoos and similar beastis (including 5 6. Zongoos and similar beastis (including 6 7. Songoos and openses allowanos psyable on relaxanos assumed and 5 7. Songoos and openses allowanos psyable on relaxanos assumed (including 6 7. Songoos and openses allowanos psyable on relaxanos assumed (including 6 7. Songoos and openses allowanos psyable on relaxanos assumed (including 6 7. Songoos and openses allowanos psyable on relaxanos assumed (including 6 7. Songoos and openses allowanos psyable on relaxanos assumed (including 6 7. Songoos and openses allowanos psyable on relaxanos assumed (including 6 7. Songoos and openses allowanos psyable on relaxanos assumed (including 6 7. Songoos and openses allowanos psyable on relaxanos assumed (in				
amounts:  announts:  All Pollspholders' dividends and refunds in members apportioned for payment (including \$ Modes).  All Pollspholders' dividends and refunds in members apportioned for payment (including \$ Modes).  All Cocyones and similar benefits (including \$ All Cocyones).  All Cocyones and similar benefits (including \$ All Cocyones).  All Pollspholders' dividends by the for deferred widered poldism on Individual by the 5 of series widered poldism on Individual by the 5 of series widered poldism on Individual by the 5 of series widered poldism on Individual by the 5 of series widers and annually confidentiations for Idea and accident and health experience rating refunds of widers \$ accident and health experience rating refunds of widers \$ accident and health experience rating refunds of widers \$ accident and health experience rating refunds of widers \$ accident and health experience rating refunds of widers \$ accident and health experience rating refunds of widers \$ accident and health experience rating refunds of widers \$ accident and health \$ accident and health experience rating refunds of widers \$ accident and health	5.			
6.1 Policyholderer dividend and refunds to members apportioned (proluting \$ Modes). 7.1,533 7.7,535 8.2 Policyholderer dividend and refunds to members have place protecting (shoulding \$ Modes). 8.3 Couprose and similar breefest (proluting \$ Modes). 9.3 Couprose and similar breefest (proluting \$ Modes). 9.4 Couprose and similar breefest (proluting \$ Modes). 9.5 Couprose and similar breefest (proluting \$ Modes). 9.6 Couprose and similar breefest (proluting \$ Modes). 9.7 Promises and annually considerations for its and accident and health contract received is advance less \$ Modes. 9.6 Couprose (proluting \$ Modes). 9.7 Promises and annually considerations for its and accident and health contract received is advance less \$ Modes. 9.6 Couprose (proluting \$ Modes). 9.7 Promises and annually considerations for its and accident and health contract received is advance less \$ Modes. 9.8 December (proluting \$ Modes). 9.9 D		Provision for policyholders' dividends, refunds to members and coupons payable in following calendar year—estimated		
6.2 Policyholders' dividende and refunds to members not yet apportuned (including 5 2.3 Concyons and shrinks fermick (including 9 2.4 Amount proteinard) help for deterred with middled for the control of the control o			71 533	76 551
7. Amount provisionally half for deterred dividend policies not included in Line 6.  Premission and annulty considerations for file and accident and health contracts received in advance less 3  2. Provision for experience acting returned is received to include 5  2. Provision for experience acting returned, including \$  3. Front action of the experience acting returned, including \$  3. Front action of the experience acting returned, including \$  3. Front action of the experience acting returned, including \$  3. Front action of the experience acting returned, including \$  4. Front action of the experience acting returned including \$  4. Front action of the experience				
6. Previous and annuly considerations for life and accident and health contracts excleved in advance less \$  Contract liabilities not included \$  Contract liabilities not included elsewhere:  2. Significant contracts of the contract of th	_			
Contract liabilities not included elevatives:   2. Surrouder values on exceled contracts   Surrouder values on excelled values   Surrouder values				
9. Confrect liabilities not included elterothere: 9.1 Streament values an exercised control in the component of the open times along refunds, including the fability of \$ socident and health Services Act 2, 1974, 574 (2014). 9. Other amounts poyable on reinsurance, including \$ 2, 24, 47, 474 assumed and \$ 2, 674, 574 (2014). 9. Other amounts poyable on reinsurance, including \$ 2, 24, 475 assumed and \$ 2, 674, 574 (2014). 9. Other amounts poyable on reinsurance assument \$ 2, 674, 574 (2014). 9. Other amounts poyable on reinsurance assument \$ 3, 614, 573 (2014). 9. Other amounts poyable on reinsurance assument \$ 3, 614, 573 (2012). 9. Other amounts poyable on reinsurance assument \$ 3, 614, 573 (2012). 9. Other amounts poyable on reinsurance assument \$ 3, 614, 573 (2012). 9. Other amounts poyable on reinsurance assument \$ 3, 614, 573 (2012). 9. Other amounts on a poyable allowance assument \$ 3, 614, 573 (2012). 9. Other amounts of a poyable assument assument \$ 3, 614, 573 (2012). 9. Other amounts of a poyable assument and experts allowance assument \$ 3, 614, 573 (2012). 9. Other amounts of a poyable assument assument \$ 3, 614, 573 (2012). 9. Other amounts of the poyable assument assument \$ 3, 614, 573 (2012). 9. Other amounts of the poyable assument assument \$ 3, 614, 573 (2012). 9. Other amounts of the poyable assument assument \$ 3, 614, 514 (2012). 9. Other amounts of the poyable assument assument and fabrically including \$ 3, 614, 614, 614, 614, 614, 614, 614, 614	•		223,503	187,740
9 2. Provision for experience rating refunds, including the lability of \$	9,	Contract liabilities not included elsewhere:		
experience rating returned or (which S   16 for medical loss ratio rebate per the Public Health Service A. 2, 674, 574   884, 803   8.0   9.0				***************************************
8.3 Other amounts psyspate on reinsurance, including \$ 2.61,574 assumed and \$ 7.781,674				
9. A Interest Maintenance Reserve				
10. Commissions to agents due or accrued-like and annulty contracts \$ accident and health \$ and depetit-type contract funds \$   3,814,573				
11. Commissions and expense allowances payable on reinsurance assumed	10.			
12. General expenses due or accused   200, 211		accident and health \$ and deposit-type contract funds \$		
13. Transfers to Separate Accounts due or accrued (net) (Including S allowances recognized in reserves, not for insurers, not for insurers				
allowances recognized in reserves, not of reinsured allowances)  15. Current federal and recript income faxes, including \$  16. Unseamed investment income  17. Amounts whitheld or retained by reporting entity as agent or frustee  17. Amounts whitheld or retained by reporting entity as agent or frustee  17. Amounts whitheld or retained by reporting entity as agent or frustee  17. Amounts whitheld or retained by reporting entity as agent or frustee  17. Amounts whitheld or retained by reporting entity as agent or frustee  17. Amounts whitheld or retained by reporting entity as agent or frustee  17. Amounts whitheld or retained and the retained and certified (\$ )  18. Amounts held under reinsurance treates with unauthorized and certified (\$ ) reinsurers.  24.00 Funds held under reinsurance treates with unauthorized and certified (\$ ) reinsurers.  24.01 Funds held under reinsurance treates with unauthorized and certified (\$ ) reinsurers.  24.02 Funds held under coinsurance by a second and certified (\$ ) reinsurers.  24.03 Funds held under coinsurance by a second and certified (\$ ) reinsurers.  24.04 Payable for securities  25. Aggregate write-ins for liabilities  26. Aggregate write-ins for liabilities  27. To mo Separate Accounts tatement  28. To retain the retained and certified (\$ ) retained and cer		Transfers to Separate Accounts due or accrued (net) (including \$accrued for expense		200,211
16.1 Current federal and foreign income taxes, including \$		allowances recognized in reserves, net of reinsured allowances)		
15.2 Net deferred tax fields				
16. Uneamed investment income				
18. Amounts held for agents' account, including \$ agents' credit balances   29,080   .40,544	16.	Uneamed investment income	31,391	34,036
19. Remittances and items not allocated   29,080   40,544				
20. Net adjustment in assets and liabilities due to foreign exchange rates				
22. Borrowed money \$				
23. Dividends to stockholders declared and unpaid   19,333,520   14,153,439   24.01 Asset valuation reserve   19,333,520   14,153,439   24.02 Reinsurance in unauthorized and certified (\$				
24. Miscellaneous liabilities:   19,333,520   14,153,439   24.02 Reinsurance in unauthorized and certified (\$ ) companies   24.03 Faunts held under reinsurance frealist with unauthorized and certified (\$ ) reinsurers   24.04 Payable to parent, subsidialities and affiliates   138,093   172,190   24.05 Linea outstanding   24.06 Liability for amounts held under uninsured plans   24.07 Frunds held under coinsurance   24.08 Derivatives   24.09 Payable for securities   24.09 Payable for securities   9,306   9,362   24.10 Capital notes \$   9,306   9,362   24.10 Capital notes \$   9,306   9,362   24.10 Capital notes \$   4.09 Payable for securities lending.   24.10 Capital notes \$   4.09 Capital notes \$   4.00				
24.02 Reinsurance in unauthorized and certified (\$) companies 24.03 Funds held under reinsurance freatises with unauthorized and certified (\$) reinsurers 24.04 Payable to parent, subsidiaries and affiliates 24.05 Liability for amounts held under uninsured plans 24.07 Funds held under coinsurance 24.08 Derivatives 24.09 Payable for securities 24.09 Payable for securities 24.09 Payable for securities 24.10 Payable for securities 24.10 Payable for securities 24.10 Payable for securities 25. Aggregate write-ins for flabilities 26. Aggregate write-ins for flabilities 27. Aggregate write-ins for flabilities 28. Total liabilities excluding Separate Accounts business (Lines 1 to 25) 29. 4.86, 302 29. 4.96, 9.24 29. Total liabilities (and a statement) 29. 4.96, 9.24 29. Common capital stock 1, 502, 718 29. Aggregate write-ins for other than special surplus funds 29. Surplus notes 30. Gross paid in and contributed surplus funds 31. Aggregate write-ins for other than special surplus funds 32. Surplus notes 33. Unassigned funds (surplus) 36. Less treasury stock, at cost: 36.1 shares common (value included in Line 29 \$) 36.2 shares preferred (value included in Line 29 \$) 37. Surplus (Total Lines 2 at 3.2 + 3.3 + 4.3 + 5.36) (including \$) 38. Totals of Lines 2 and 37 39. Totals of Lines 2 and 37 39. Totals of Lines 2 and 37 39. Totals of Lines 2 and 38 (Aggregate included in Line 30 \$) 40. Special Lines 31 + 2.5 + 3.5 + 4.5 + 5.60 (including \$) 40. DETAILS OF WRITE-INS 40. DETAILS O				
24.03 Funds held under reinsurance treaties with unauthorized and certified (\$ ) reinsurers. 24.05 Drafts outstanding. 24.05 Drafts outstanding. 24.07 Funds held under coinsurance. 24.07 Funds held under coinsurance. 24.08 Derivatives 24.09 Payable for securities				
24.04 Payable to parent, subsidiaries and affiliates				***************************************
24.05 Drafts outstanding. 24.07 Funds held under coinsurance 24.07 Funds held under coinsurance 24.08 Derivatives 24.07 Funds held under coinsurance 24.08 Derivatives 24.10 Payable for securities lending. 24.10 Payable for securities lending. 24.110 Payable for securities lending. 25. Total liabilities excluding Separate Accounts business (Lines 1 to 25). 26. Total liabilities (Lines 26 and 27). 27. Preferred capital stock. 28. Total liabilities (Lines 26 and 27). 29. Lending the security lending lendi				172.190
24.07 Funds held under coinsurance 24.08 Payable for securities 24.09 Payable for securities 24.10 Payable for securities 24.10 Payable for securities 24.10 Payable for securities 24.11 Capyable for securities 25. Aggregate write-ins for liabilities 26. Total labilities excluding Separate Accounts business (Lines 1 to 25) 27. From Separate Accounts statement 28. Total labilities excluding Separate Accounts business (Lines 1 to 25) 28. 4,495, 302 294, 495, 302 294, 495, 302 294, 595, 243 29. Common capital stock 31. Aggregate write-ins for other than special surplus funds 32. Surplus notes 33. Gross paid in and contributed surplus 34. Aggregate write-ins for special surplus funds 35. Unassigned funds (surplus) 36. Less treasury stock, at cost: 36.1 shares common (value included in Line 29 \$ ) 36.2 shares preferred (value included in Line 29 \$ ) 37. Surplus (Total Lines 31 + 32 + 33 + 34 + 35 - 36) (including \$		24.05 Drafts outstanding		
24.08 Derivatives 2.4.09 Payable for securities Inding. 24.10 Payable for securities Inding. 24.11 Capital notes \$ and interest thereon \$				
24.09 Payable for securities   9,366   24.09 Payable for securities   24.11 Capital notes \$   24.10 Payable for securities   24.10 Payable for securities   24.10 Payable for securities   24.10 Payable for securities   25. Aggregate write-ins for liabilities   26.051   26.0				
24.11 Capital notes \$ and interest thereon \$ 64.461 65.051 25. Aggregate write-ins for Italialities excluding Separate Accounts business (Lines 1 to 25) 294.436.302 294.059,243 27. From Separate Accounts statement 294.436.302 294.059,243 28. Common capital stock 1,502,718 1,5		24,09 Payable for securities		9,362
25. Aggregate write-ins for liabilities excluding Separate Accounts business (Lines 1 to 26)				
26. Total liabilities excluding Separate Accounts business (Lines 1 to 25) 27. From Separate Accounts statement. 28. Total liabilities (Lines 26 and 27) 294.495,302 294.496 294.4	25.			65 051
281. 436, 302 294, 436, 302 294, 659, 243 292. Common capital stock 1,502,718 1,502,718 1,502,718 303. Preferred capital stock 51,502,718 1,502,718 31. Aggregate write-ins for other than special surplus funds 52. Surplus notes 5				
29. Common capital stock				
30. Preferred capital stock 31. Aggregate write-ins for other than special surplus funds 32. Surplus notes 33. Gross paid in and contributed surplus 34. Aggregate write-ins for special surplus funds 35. Unassigned funds (surplus) 36. Less treasury stock, at cost: 36.1 shares common (value included in Line 29 \$ ) 36.2 shares preferred (value included in Line 29 \$ ) 37. Surplus (Total Lines 31 + 32 + 33 + 34 + 35 - 36) (including \$ in Separate Accounts Statement) 38. Totals of Lines 29, 30 and 37 39. Totals of Lines 29, 30 and 37 30. Totals (Lines 2501 Line 28, Col. 3) 31. DETAILS OF WRITE-INS 2501. Deferred Compensation Liability. 2502. Micellaneous liabilities 2503. Escheal. 64,461 65,051 3101. Deferred Reinsurance Gain 3102. 3103. 3108. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 25 from overflow page 3103. 3199. Totals (Lines 2501 through 2503 plus 2598) (Line 25 above) 3401. Common Stock Refired. 3402. 3403. 3408. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 31 from overflow page 3408. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 34 from overflow page 3409. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 34 from overflow page 3409. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 34 from overflow page 3409. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 34 from overflow page				
31. Aggregate write-ins for other than special surplus funds 32. Surplus notes 33. Gross paid in and contributed surplus 34. Aggregate write-ins for special surplus funds 35. Unassigned funds (surplus) 36. Less treasury stock, at cost: 36.1 shares common (value included in Line 29 \$ ) 36.2 shares preferred (value included in Line 30 \$ ) 37. Surplus (Total Lines 31 + 32 + 33 + 34 + 35 - 36) (including \$ in Separate Accounts Statement) 38. Totals of Lines 29, 30 and 37 (36,336,857) (24,553,749) 39. Totals of Lines 29 and 38 (Page 2, Line 28, Col. 3)  DETAILS OF WRITE-INS 2501. Beferred Compensation Liability. 2502. Micel laneous   iabilities. 2503. Escheat 2509. Totals (Lines 2501 through 2503 plus 2598) (Line 25 above) 464,461 65,051 2510. Deferred Reinsurance Gain. 3102. 3103. 3198. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 31 from overflow page 3401. Common Stock Retired. 3402. 3408. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 31 from overflow page 3401. Common Stock Retired.				1,502,718
33. Gross pald in and contributed surplus	31.	Aggregate write-ins for other than special surplus funds		
34. Aggregate write-ins for special surplus funds 35. Unassigned funds (surplus) 36. Less treasury stock, at cost: 36.1 shares common (value included in Line 29 \$ ) 36.2 shares preferred (value included in Line 30 \$ ) 37. Surplus (Total Lines 31 + 32 + 33 + 34 + 35 - 36) (including \$ in Separate Accounts Statement) 39. Totals of Lines 29, 30 and 37 (24,553,749) 39. Totals of Lines 28 and 38 (Page 2, Line 28, Col. 3)  DETAILS OF WRITE-INS 2501. Deferred Compensation Liability 2502. Micel laneous liabilities 2503. Escheat 64,461 65,051 309. Totals (Lines 2501 through 2503 plus 2598) (Line 25 above) 46,461 65,051 3010. Deferred Reinsurance Gain 3102. 3103. 3198. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 31 from overflow page 3401. Common Stock Retired. 3402. 3403. 3498. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 34 from overflow page			20 000 400	&E 202 A02
35. Unassigned funds (surplus)			00,002,400	05,283,086
36.1 shares common (value included in Line 29 \$ ) 36.2 shares preferred (value included in Line 30 \$ ) 36.2 shares preferred (value included in Line 30 \$ ) 36.2 shares preferred (value included in Line 30 \$ ) 36.2 shares preferred (value included in Line 30 \$ ) 36.3 shares preferred (value included in Line 30 \$ ) 36.3 shares preferred (value included in Line 30 \$ ) 36.3 shares preferred (value included in Line 30 \$ ) 36.3 shares preferred (value included in Line 30 \$ ) 36.3 shares preferred (value included in Line 30 \$ ) 36.3 shares preferred (value included in Line 30 \$ ) 36.3 shares preferred (value included in Line 30 \$ ) 36.3 shares preferred (value included in Line 30 \$ ) 36.3 shares preferred (value included in Line 30 \$ ) 36.3 shares preferred (value included in Line 30 \$ ) 36.3 shares preferred (value included in Line 30 \$ ) 36.3 shares preferred (value included in Line 30 \$ ) 36.3 shares preferred (value included in Line 30 \$ ) 36.3 shares preferred (value included in Line 30 \$ ) 36.5 shares preferred (value included in Line 30 \$ ) 36.5 shares preferred (value included in Line 30 \$ ) 36.5 shares preferred (value included in Line 30 \$ ) 36.5 shares preferred (value included in Line 30 \$ ) 36.5 shares preferred (value included in Line 30 \$ ) 36.5 shares preferred value included in Line 30 \$ ) 36.5 shares preferred value included in Line 30 \$ ) 36.5 shares preferred value included in Line 30 \$ ) 36.5 shares preferred value included in Line 30 \$ ) 36.5 shares preferred value included in Line 30 \$ ) 36.5 shares preferred value included in Line 30 \$ ) 36.5 shares preferred value included in Line 30 \$ ) 36.5 shares preferred value included in Line 30 \$ ) 36.5 shares preferred value included in Line 30 \$ ) 36.5 shares preferred value included in Line 30 \$ ) 36.5 shares preferred value included in Line 30 \$ ) 36.5 shares preferred value included in Line 30 \$ ) 36.5 shares preferred value included in Line 30 \$ ) 36.5 shares preferred value included in Line 30 \$ ) 36.5 shares preferred value included in Line 30 \$	35.	Unassigned funds (surplus)	(105,902,035)	(91,339,553)
36.2 shares preferred (value included in Line 30 \$ )  37. Surplus (Total Lines 31 + 32 + 33 + 34 + 35 - 36) (including \$ in Separate Accounts Statement) (27,839.575) (26,056,467)  38. Totals of Lines 29, 30 and 37 (24,553,749)  39. Totals of Lines 28 and 38 (Page 2, Line 28, Col. 3) (26,505,494)  DETAILS OF WRITE-INS  2501. Deferred Compensation Liability (2502, Micel laneous liabilities (2502, Micel laneous liabilities (2502, Micel laneous liability (2502, Micel laneous liability (2503, 1604, 1604, 1605, 1605)  Escheal (2504, Micel laneous liability (2503, 1604, 1605, 1605)  Beferred Reinsurance Gain (2504, 1604, 1605, 1605)  1010. Deferred Reinsurance Gain (2504, 1604, 1605, 1605)  1011. Deferred Reinsurance Gain (2504, 1604, 1605, 1605)  1012. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 31 from overflow page (2504, 1604, 1605, 1605)  1013. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 31 from overflow page (2504, 1604, 1605, 1605)  1014. Common Stock Retired (2504, 1605, 1605, 1605)  1015. Common Stock Retired (2504, 1605, 1605)  1016. Common Stock Retired (2504, 1605, 1605)  1017. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 34 from overflow page (2504, 1605, 1605)  1018. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 34 from overflow page (2504, 1605)  1019. Totals (Lines 3101 through 3103 plus 3198) (Line 31 above) (2504, 1605, 1605)  1019. Totals (Lines 3101 through 3103 plus 3198) (Line 31 above) (2504, 1605)  1019. Totals (Lines 3101 through 3103 plus 3198) (Line 31 above) (2504, 1605)  1019. Totals (Lines 3101 through 3103 plus 3198) (Line 31 above) (2504, 1605)	36.			
37. Surplus (Total Lines 31 + 32 + 33 + 34 + 35 - 36) (including \$ in Separate Accounts Statement) (37, 839, 575) (26,056,467) 38. Totals of Lines 29, 30 and 37. (24,553,749) 39. Totals of Lines 28 and 38 (Page 2, Line 28, Col. 3) 268,099,445 (269,505,494)  DETAILS OF WRITE-INS 2501. Deferred Compensation Liability. 2502. Micel laneous liabilities. 2503. Escheat 64,461 65,051 2598. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 25 from overflow page 2599. Totals (Lines 2501 through 2503 plus 2598) (Line 25 above) 64,461 65,051 3101. Deferred Reinsurance Gain 3102. 3103. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 31 from overflow page 3199. Totals (Lines 3101 through 3103 plus 3198) (Line 31 above) 3401. Common Stock Retired. 3402. 3403. 3498. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 34 from overflow page 3499. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 34 from overflow page 3403. 3403. 3403. 3403. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 34 from overflow page 3403. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 34 from overflow page 3403. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 34 from overflow page 3403. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 34 from overflow page 3403. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 34 from overflow page 3403. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 34 from overflow page 3403. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 34 from overflow page 3403. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 34 from overflow page 3403.				
38. Totals of Lines 29, 30 and 37. (36, 336, 857) (24, 553, 749) 39. Totals of Lines 28 and 38 (Page 2, Line 28, Col. 3) 259, 505, 494  DETAILS OF WRITE-INS 2501. Deferred Compensation Liability. 2502. Micel laneous liabilities 64, 461 65, 051  2598. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 25 from overflow page 2599. Totals (Lines 2501 through 2503 plus 2598) (Line 25 above) 64, 461 65, 051  3101. Deferred Reinsurance Gain 3102. 3103. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 31 from overflow page 3103. 3198. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 31 from overflow page 3401. Common Stock Retired 3402. 3403. 3498. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 34 from overflow page 3403. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 34 from overflow page 3403. 3498. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 34 from overflow page 3403. 3498. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 34 from overflow page 3403. 3498. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 34 from overflow page 3403. 3498. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 34 from overflow page 3403. 3498. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 34 from overflow page 3403. 34	37.		(37,839,575)	(26,056,467)
DETAILS OF WRITE-INS	38,	Totals of Lines 29, 30 and 37		
2501. Deferred Compensation Liability.       64,461       65,051         2503. Escheat.       64,461       65,051         2598. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 25 from overflow page       64,461       65,051         3101. Deferred Reinsurance Gain.       3102.       3103.         3198. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 31 from overflow page.       3199. Totals (Lines 3101 through 3103 plus 3198) (Line 31 above)         3401. Common Stock Retired.       3402.         3403.       3498. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 34 from overflow page.	39.		258,099,445	269,505,494
2502. Micel laneous liabilities.       64,461       65,051         2508. Escheat       64,461       65,051         2598. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 25 from overflow page.       64,461       65,051         3101. Deferred Reinsurance Gain.       3102.       3103.         3103. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 31 from overflow page.       3198. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 31 from overflow page.         3491. Common Stock Retired.       3402.         3498. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 34 from overflow page.       3498. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 34 from overflow page.	2501.			
2598. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 25 from overflow page       64,461       65,051         3101. Deferred Reinsurance Gain.       3102.       3103.       3103.         3198. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 31 from overflow page.       3199. Totals (Lines 3101 through 3103 plus 3198) (Line 31 above).       3401. Common Stock Retired.       3402.         3498. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 34 from overflow page.       3403.       3403.         3499. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 34 from overflow page.       3403.       3403.	2502.	Micellaneous liabilites.		
2599. Totals (Lines 2501 through 2503 plus 2598) (Line 25 above) 64,461 65,051 3101. Deferred Reinsurance Gain. 3102. 3103. 3198. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 31 from overflow page 3401. Common Stock Retired. 3402. 3408. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 34 from overflow page			l l	65,051
3101. Deferred Reinsurance Gain. 3102				65.051
3103. 3198. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 31 from overflow page 3199. Totals (Lines 3101 through 3103 plus 3198) (Line 31 above) 3401. Common Stock Retired	3101.	Deferred Reinsurance Gain.	0.,,.01	55,551
3198. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 31 from overflow page 3199. Totals (Lines 3101 through 3103 plus 3198) (Line 31 above) 3401. Common Stock Ret i red. 3402. 3403. 3498. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 34 from overflow page				
3199. Totals (Lines 3101 through 3103 plus 3198) (Line 31 above)  3401. Common Stock Ret i red.  3402.  3403.  3498. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 34 from overflow page				
3401. Common Stock Retired				***************************************
3403	3401.	Common Stock Retired.		
3498. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 34 from overflow page				

### STATEMENT AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2021 OF THE Southland National Insurance Corporation ${ m PAGE}~28$

#### **SUMMARY OF OPERATIONS**

		1 Current Year	2 Prior Year	3 Prior Year Ended
1	Premiums and annuity considerations for life and accident and health contracts	To Date 4,759,368	Year to Date 6,140,098	December 31 7,690,294
	Considerations for supplementary contracts with life contingencies			
3,		7,769,450	7,576,958	10,204,397
	Amortization of Interest Maintenance Reserve (IMR)	784,878	895,229	1,262,788
6.			34 .277	43.178
7.	Reserve adjustments on reinsurance ceded			
8.	The second secon			
	8.1 Income from fees associated with investment management, administration and contract guarantees from Separate Accounts			
	8.2 Charges and fees for deposit-type contracts			
١,	8,3 Aggregate write-ins for miscellaneous Income	2,052	1,607	2,924
9.		13,344,590 18,682,362	14,648,169 18,687,406	19,203,581 25,655,830
		17,155	17,919	26,396
	Annuity benefits	33,464		
13.		(7 , 145)	489,765	469,492
15.		306,064	329,415	485.335
16.		' 1	020,410	
17.	Interest and adjustments on contract or deposit-type contract funds			
18.	-,,,,,	(0.000.470)	(0.055.000)	(40 570 745)
19.		(8,309,179) 10,722,721	(8,955,293)	(12,578,715) 14,138,875
21.				7,402
22.	Commissions and expense allowances on reinsurance assumed	2,846,328	2,964,457	3,932,702
	General insurance expenses and fraternal expenses			3,320,866
24. 25.			528,915	652,882
26.	Net transfers to or (from) Separate Accounts net of reinsurance	(125,724)	(03,303)	(144,000)
27.	Aggregate write-ins for deductions	882	964	964
28.	Totals (Lines 20 to 27)	17,387,030	22,488,164	21,908,793
29.	Net gain from operations before dividends to policyholders and federal income taxes (Line 9 minus Line 28)	(4,042,440)	(7,839,995)	(2,705,212)
30,	Dividends to policyholders and refunds to members	57,999	61,260	76,195
31.	Net gain from operations after dividends to policyholders, refunds to members and before federal income		(7.004.055)	
32	taxes (Line 29 minus Line 30)  Federal and foreign income taxes incurred (excluding tax on capital gains)	(4,100,439) 249,723	(7,901,255)	(2,781,407)
	Net gain from operations after dividends to policyholders, refunds to members and federal income taxes			
		(4,350,162)	(7,901,255)	(1,348,219)
34.	Net realized capital gains (losses) (excluding gains (losses) transferred to the IMR)  less capital gains tax of \$			
	transferred to the IMR)	1,746	(1,958,714)	(1,943,456)
35.	Net income (Line 33 plus Line 34)	(4,348,416)	(9,859,969)	(3,291,675)
	CAPITAL AND SURPLUS ACCOUNT			
	Capital and surplus, December 31, prior year	(24,553,749)	(10,730,303)	(10,730,303)
38.				(3,291,675)
39.				19,994
40.	Change in net deferred income tax	788,967	3,694,244	3,022,586
41.	Change in nonadmitted assets	(5,822,952)	(6,405,434)	(6,839,466)
42. 43.	Change in liability for reinsurance in unauthorized and certified companies			
44.	Change in asset valuation reserve		(4,271,905)	(5,962,538)
45.				
	Surplus (contributed to) withdrawn from Separate Accounts during period			
47. 48.	÷ , ,		(479.817)	(772,320)
	Cumulative effect of changes in accounting principles			
50.	Capital changes:			
	50.1 Paid in			
	50.3 Transferred to surplus			
51.	Surplus adjustment:			
1	51,1 Pald in	2,779,374		
	51.2 Transferred to capital (Stock Dividend)			
	51.4 Change in surplus as a result of reinsurance			
	Dividends to stockholders			
	Aggregate write-ins for gains and losses in surplus	/// 700 /00	/47 000 000	//0 000 //**
	Net change in capital and surplus (Lines 37 through 53)	(11,783,108) (36,336,857)	(17,296,308) (28,026,611)	(13,823,446) (24,553,749)
- 55,	DETAILS OF WRITE-INS	(30,330,637)	(20,020,011)	(24,000,149)
08,301	Other Income	2,052	1,607	2,924
08,302				
08,303	Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 8.3 from overflow page			
	Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 8.3 from overflow page	2,052	1,607	2,924
	Investment Credits to Reinsurers.	2,002	1,007	2,024
2702.	Fines and Penalties.	882	964	964
	Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 27 from overflow page	882	964	964
5301.	Initial Ceding Commission STD RE Less Amortization - SNRC/SNG/STD RE.	502	304	504
5302.	Reinsurance recapture.			
5303.	Cumman of campialing with his far line CO from averflowings			
	Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 53 from overflow page			
L 0000.	Lorent Printer and Little and bing agond (Printe on about)			

#### **CASH FLOW**

		1 1	2	3
		Current Year	Prior Year	Prior Year Ended
		To Date	To Date	December 31
	Cash from Operations			
1.	Premiums collected net of reinsurance	5,081,265	(47,030,139)	(45,375,503)
	Net investment income	4,326,214	1,542,515	1,850.011
3.	Miscellaneous Income	30,894	35,884	46,102
	Total (Lines 1 to 3)	9,438,373	(45,451,740)	(43,479,390)
	Benefit and loss related payments	16,831,572	19,457,376	25,535,019
	Net transfers to Separate Accounts, Segregated Accounts and Protected Cell Accounts			
		3.835.734	11,795,509	7,471,244
	Dividends paid to policyholders	63,017	66,042	82.701
	Federal and foreign income taxes paid (recovered) net of \$tax on capital			
	gains (losses)	(2,176,376)		
10.	Total (Lines 5 through 9)	18,553,947	31,318,927	33,088,964
	Net cash from operations (Line 4 minus Line 10)	(9,115,574)	(76,770,667)	(76,568,354)
	Cash from Investments	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		1
12.	Proceeds from investments sold, matured or repaid:			
	12.1 Bonds	3,455,510	34,256,660	48,644,781
	12.2 Stocks			256,868
	12.3 Mortgage loans	96,552	30,064	52,843
	12.4 Real estate	100,000		,
	12.5 Other invested assets			
	12.6 Net gains or (losses) on cash, cash equivalents and short-term investments			
	12,7 Miscellaneous proceeds	257,207		2,026,768
	12.8 Total investment proceeds (Lines 12.1 to 12.7)	3,909,269	34,286,724	50,981,260
13.	Cost of investments acquired (long-term only):			,
	13.1 Bonds		18,120,769	18,226,246
	13.2 Stocks	3,107,497	5,331,295	5,331.295
	13.3 Mortgage loans	******		
	13.4 Real estate			***************************************
	13.5 Other invested assets			***************************************
	13,6 Miscellaneous applications		245.512	3,298.946
	13,7 Total investments acquired (Lines 13,1 to 13,6)	3,107,497	23,697,576	26,856,487
14.	Net increase (or decrease) in contract loans and premium notes	(275,014)	(296,515)	(431,089)
15.	Net cash from investments (Line 12,8 minus Line 13,7 and Line 14)	1.076.786	10,885,663	24,555,862
	Cash from Financing and Miscellaneous Sources			-
16.	Cash provided (applied):			
	16.1 Surplus notes, capital notes			
	16.2 Capital and paid in surplus, less treasury stock	2,779.374		***************************************
	16,3 Borrowed funds			***************************************
	16.4 Net deposits on deposit-type contracts and other insurance liabilities			*******************************
	16.5 Dividends to stockholders			
	16.6 Other cash provided (applied)	(766.918)	2,705,324	(122,261)
17.	Net cash from financing and miscellaneous sources (Line 16.1 through Line 16.4 minus Line 16.5			
	plus Line 16,6)	2,012,456	2,705,324	(122,261)
	RECONCILIATION OF CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND SHORT-TERM INVESTMENTS			
	Net change in cash, cash equivalents and short-term investments (Line 11, plus Lines 15 and 17)	(6,026,332)	(63,179,680)	(52 , 134 , 753)
19.	Cash, cash equivalents and short-term investments:	40 505 111		
	19.1 Beginning of year		71,720,155	
	19.2 End of period (Line 18 plus Line 19.1)	13,559,070	8,540,475	19,585,402

## SOUTHLAND NATIONAL INSURANCE CORPORATION SCHEDULE OF AFFILIATED INVESTMENTS JUNE 30, 2021 AND SEPTEMBER 30, 2021 COMPARISON Rook/ Adjusted Book/ Adjusted

	CUSIP			Book/ Adjusted Carrying Value	Book/ Adjusted Carrying Value	
Pledged	Identification	Description	Actual Cost	June 30, 2021	September, 2021	Change
N/A	99439FJM4	AAPC HOLDINGS, LLC	\$ 8,204,979	\$ 8,204,979	\$ 8,204,979	\$ -
N/A	9941328T5	ACADEMY FINANCIAL ASSETS, LLC	1,787,880	1,787,880	1,787,880	-
NC MUTUAL	9941328T5	ACADEMY FINANCIAL ASSETS, LLC	4,331,696	4,331,696	4,331,696	-
N/A	9941327T4	AFA FKA AFI TERM	1,237,495	1,237,495	1,237,495	-
N/A	9941329T6	AFA FKA GIC SR. NOTE	4,074,751	4,074,751	4,074,751	-
NC MUTUAL	9941329T6	AFA FKA GIC SR. NOTE	1,746,322	1,746,322	1,746,322	
NC MUTUAL	04686@AA9	AUGUSTA ASSET MANAGEMENT, LLC	5,271,410	5,271,410	5,271,410	-
N/A	05777@AA6	BALDWIN ASSET MANAGEMENT, LLC	8,825,889	8,825,889	8,825,889	
N/A	06625@126	BANKERS LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY	8,310,000	8,310,000	8,310,000	-
N/A	13973@AA2	CAPITAL ASSETS FUND I LLC	6,898,873	6,898,873	6,898,873	-
NC MUTUAL	9941317T1	CAPITAL ASSETS FUND II, LLC	5,258,038	5,258,038	5,258,038	-
NC MUTUAL	9941317V6	CAPITAL ASSETS FUND IV, LLC	5,236,750	5,236,750	5,236,750	-
NC MUTUAL	9941317U8	CAPITAL ASSETS FUND V, LLC	5,995,234	5,995,234	5,995,234	-
N/A	9941318T3	CAPITAL ASSETS MANAGEMENT II, LLC	1,775,937	1,775,937	1,775,937	-
NC MUTUAL	9941318T3	CAPITAL ASSETS MANAGEMENT II, LLC	1,775,937	1,775,937	1,775,937	-
N/A	19633@129	COLORADO BANKERS LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY	24,000,000	24,000,000	24,000,000	-
NC MUTUAL	99467UAA5	CV INVESTMENTS	6,021,241	6,021,241	6,021,241	•
NC MUTUAL	9944639X1	CV INVESTMENTS, LLC	2,055,028	2,055,028	2,055,028	-
N/A	23570*AA0	DAMASCUS ASSET MANAGEMENT, LLC	1,935,468	1,935,468	1,935,468	-
NC MUTUAL	23570*AA0	DAMASCUS ASSET MANAGEMENT, LLC	5,161,248	5,161,248	5,161,248	-
N/A	29412#AA5	EPHESUS ASSET MANAGEMENT, LLC	6,359,631	6,359,631	6,359,631	-
NC MUTUAL	29412#AA5	EPHESUS ASSET MANAGEMENT, LLC	3,356,472	3,356,472	3,356,472	-
N/A	34610#AA5	FOREST PARK ASSET MANAGEMENT, LLC	3,708,400	3,708,400	3,708,400	-
NC MUTUAL	34610#AA5	FOREST PARK ASSET MANAGEMENT, LLC	4,450,080	4,450,080	4,450,080	-
NC MUTUAL	9942228W1	GILFORD ASSET MANAGEMENT, LLC	294,695	294,695	294,695	-
N/A	40905#AA6	HAMPTON ASSET MANAGEMENT, LLC	3,581,728	3,581,728	3,581,728	-
NC MUTUAL	40905#AA6	HAMPTON ASSET MANAGEMENT, LLC	3,730,966	3,730,966	3,730,966	-
N/A	9941556V4	HPCSP INVESTMENTS	1,135,418	1,135,418	1,135,418	-
NC MUTUAL	9941557U3	HPCSP INVESTMENTS, LLC	1,266,469	1,266,469	1,266,469	-
NC MUTUAL	46275@AA7	IRON CITY ASSET MANAGEMENT, LLC	3,072,502	3,072,502	3,072,502	-
N/A	46563@AA8	ITECH FUNDING LLC	4,474,743	4,474,743	4,474,743	-
NC MUTUAL	46563@AA8	ITECH FUNDING LLC	3,398,113	3,398,113	3,398,113	-
NC MUTUAL	46662#AA6	JACKSON ASSET MANAGEMENT, LLC	3,146,993	3,146,993	3,146,993	-
N/A	9947669V1	NIH CAPITAL, LLC	1,005,250	1,005,250	1,005,250	-
NC MUTUAL	9947669V1	NIH CAPITAL, LLC	1,005,250	1,005,250	1,005,250	-
NC MUTUAL	65532NAA7	NOM GB 2018 I LLC	5,497,646	5,491,201	5,490,711	(490.48)
N/A	G6846#AA2	PBX BERMUDA HOLDINGS, LTD.	212,978	213,135	213,131	(4)
NC MUTUAL		PIERRE MENDES LLC	6,294,978	6,294,978	6,294,978	-
N/A	86576#AA7	SUMMERVILLE ASSET MANAGEMENT, LLC	7,773,313	7,773,313	7,773,313	-
NC MUTUAL	87339#AA3	TAC INVESTMENTS LLC	3,365,035	3,365,035	3,365,035	-
		Total	\$ 177,034,837	\$ 177,028,550	\$ 177,028,055	\$ (495)

# SOUTHLAND NATIONAL REINSURANCE CORPORATION NORTH CAROLINA COMMISSIONER OF INSURANCE AS REHABILITATOR AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2021,

A BALANCE SHEET

AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

A SUMMARY OF OPERATIONS AND STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW
THROUGH SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

#### INTRODUCTION

#### **BACKGROUND**

Southland National Reinsurance Corporation (hereinafter, "Company") was created as a pure captive insurance company on December 3, 2014, in North Carolina under the Captive Insurance Act of 2013, as amended. On June 27, 2019, the Wake County Superior Court (hereinafter, the "Court") issued an Order of Rehabilitation (hereinafter, "Order") against the Company and appointed the Commissioner of Insurance for the State of North Carolina as Rehabilitator (hereinafter, the "Rehabilitator"). On June 27, 2019, the Court also entered an Order Granting Motion for Moratorium on Policy Surrenders and Other Relief (hereinafter "Moratorium").

The Company is part of a group of insurance companies known as Global Bankers Insurance Group (hereinafter, "GBIG"). GBIG is part of a larger group of companies known as Global Growth (f/k/a Eli Global). Global Growth is owned by Greg Lindberg.

The Company has no active business and only reinsures business from other GBIG insurance companies.

#### PURPOSE OF THIS REPORT

The purpose of this report is to provide a quarterly update to the Court, as required by the Order, on the work that the Rehabilitator and his staff have carried out since the issuance of the Order, to set out the present situation of the Company, and to provide a balance sheet and schedule of affiliated investments as of September 30, 2021, and a summary of operations and statement of cash flow through September 30, 2021.

#### **LIMITATIONS**

This report is based only on the knowledge that the Rehabilitator and his staff have gained from the work performed since the issuance of the Order. Facts may exist that the Rehabilitator is unaware of that may have a material effect on the information provided in this report. The Rehabilitator will update the information in future quarterly reports as additional facts are discovered.

#### **SUMMARY**

#### **COMPANY PROPERTY**

• In accordance with the Order, the Rehabilitator has taken possession of all known assets and property of the Company.

## MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING AND INTERIM AMENDMENT TO LOAN AGREEMENTS

On June 27, 2019, the Company entered into a Memorandum of Understanding ("MOU") and Interim Amendment to Loan Agreements ("IALA") with Greg E. Lindberg, Academy Association, Inc. and Edwards Mill Asset Management, LLC. The Parties executed this MOU to set forth their agreements, including but not limited to, (i) the immediate partial amendment of, among other things, the interest rate and repayment terms of various affiliated loans through the IALA; (ii) the global restructuring of various affiliated companies through the formation of a new holding

company; and (iii) the global restructuring and modifications of all affiliated loans, including assignment of the loans to such new holding company. The restructuring was to be completed by September 30, 2019. The restructuring was not completed by this date. The Company, along with the other insurance companies in rehabilitation, filed a Complaint against the other parties to the MOU on October 1, 2019. The Company has no affiliated loans and, therefore, the MOU and IALA have minimal impact on the Company. See the Litigation section for more information.

#### LITIGATION

To the Rehabilitator's knowledge, the Company is a party to the following lawsuit:

#### **Affiliated**

The following litigation was initiated by one or more of the North Carolina Insurance Companies in Rehabilitation against Global Growth affiliated entities:

Southland National Insurance Corporation in Rehabilitation, Bankers Life Insurance Company in Rehabilitation, Colorado Bankers Life Insurance Company in Rehabilitation, and Southland National Reinsurance Corporation in Rehabilitation v. Greg Lindberg, Academy Association, Inc., Edwards Mill Asset Management, LLC, New England Capital, LLC, and Private Bankers Life and Annuity Co., Ltd., Case No. 19 CVS 013093, Wake County, North Carolina.

This case was filed on October 1, 2019, alleging a breach of the contract entered into by the parties on June 27, 2019. An Amended Complaint was filed on October 28, 2019 and added claims for fraud and negligent misrepresentation arising from statements contained in the June 27, 2019 contract and the Defendants' conduct.

On October 1, 2019, the Wake County Superior Court entered a Temporary Restraining Order ("TRO"), which remains in place, as amended by the Court on April 1, 2020 and June 23, 2020. Essentially, the TRO prohibits the Defendants from taking any action that would negatively impact the value of Plaintiffs' investments into Defendants' companies.

The Defendants moved to dismiss the original Complaint and the Amended Complaint on various grounds. The Court denied those motions in an Order filed on January 21, 2020. Defendants filed an Answer to the Amended Complaint on February 20, 2020.

The Court entered a Case Management Order and set the matter for trial in February 2021. On July 8, 2020, Defendants filed a Motion to Modify the Case Management Order & For Continuance seeking to extend all discovery deadlines and the trial for 120 days. On August 5, 2020, the Court entered an order extending all discovery deadlines by 90 days with discovery to be completed by December 31, 2020 but kept the trial set for February 1, 2021.

The Court severed Defendant PB Life and Annuity Co. Ltd. f/k/a Private Bankers Life and Annuity Co., Ltd. ("PBLA") from this litigation after it filed Chapter 15 bankruptcy, *In re: PB Life and Annuity Co. Ltd.*, No. 1:20-BK-12791, pending in the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Southern District of New York. Plaintiffs' claims against PBLA are expected to be stayed during

the pendency of its bankruptcy proceeding; however, Plaintiffs' claims against the other Defendants are unaffected.

On January 8, 2021, the Court entered a Second Case Management Order extending the discovery deadline to February 28, 2021 and setting the trial for April 15, 2021.

On March 19, 2021, the Court entered an order extending the time to take the depositions of Defendants Greg Lindberg, AAI, and NEC to May 14, 2021. The Court also ordered that all dispositive motions be filed by June 2, 2021, responses filed by June 9, 2021, and hearing on said motions to occur the week of June 14, 2021.

On June 9, 2021, the Parties filed respective Motions for Summary Judgment and on June 14, 2021, the Parties filed their respective responses. The Court orally denied the Motions for Summary Judgment and trial commenced on June 21, 2021. Trial concluded on June 30, 2021. Post-trial briefing was filed on August 31, 2021, after which the Court will enter an order on the issues tried. Defendants filed a Motion to Strike certain exhibits on September 3, 2021 and Objections to Relief Requested on October 1, 2021. The Court heard argument on the Motion to Strike and Objection on October 13, 2021. The motion and objection remain pending.

#### **OTHER MATTERS**

- Pursuant to the Moratorium Order, the Rehabilitator has imposed a moratorium on cash surrenders, annuitizations, and policy loans against the Company's policies until such time as the Court approves lifting of the moratorium.
- Since all reinsurance agreements were recaptured as of July 1, 2019, the Company no longer has any business on its books. Remaining assets and liabilities are in the process of being liquidated.

#### REVIEW PANEL

On April 2, 2020, the Court amended the TRO to establish a 5-person review panel to advise the Court on proposed transactions that could implicate the TRO. Both the Plaintiffs and Defendants appointed one representative each. Each representative appointed an independent member. The two independent members appointed a third independent member. After reviewing proposed transactions, the panel makes recommendations to the Court to either approve or deny the proposed transactions. The panel approved unanimously to increase the existing Beckett loan facility with the existing lender.

#### CONTINUATION OF BUSINESS

All business for the Company has been recaptured and the Company no longer has any operations and will be dissolved at a future date.

## INTRODUCTION TO SOUTHLAND NATIONAL REINSURANCE CORPORATION FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Introduction and Basis of Presentation: The Company is a North Carolina domiciled pure captive insurance company that was placed in rehabilitation by the Wake County Superior Court on June 27, 2019. The Company is under the control of the Commissioner of Insurance of the State of North Carolina in his capacity as Court appointed Rehabilitator. It is the Rehabilitator's responsibility to take possession of the assets of the Company and to administer them under the general supervision of the Court.

The accompanying unaudited financial statements were prepared by GBIG, LLC's staff under the direct supervision of the Rehabilitator's staff as of September 30, 2021. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles.

#### **Southland National Reinsurance Corporation**

**Balance Sheet** 

30-Sep-21

	Dec-20	Sep-21
ASSETS		
Current Assets		
Checking/Savings		
Fifth Third Bank - 5666	255,337	235,764
Total Checking/Savings	255,337	235,764
Other Current Assets	to construct the second	
<b>Total Other Current Assets</b>	-	-
Total Current Assets	255,337	235,764
Other Assets		
Deferred Tax Asset	<u> </u>	-
Total Other Assets		-
TOTAL ASSETS	255,337	235,764
LIABILITIES & EQUITY		
Liabilities		
Current Liabilities		
Other Current Liabilities		
Due to Affiliates		
Due to ELI Research LLC	-	-
Due to SNIC	-	-
Due to GBIG	-	-
Due to Eli Global	-	_
Total Due to Affiliates	-	-
Accrued Expenses	-	-
Federal Income Taxes Payable	500,428	-
<b>Total Other Current Liabilities</b>	500,428	-
<b>Total Current Liabilities</b>	500,428	-
Total Liabilities	500,428	-
Equity		
Capital Stock	100	100
Additional Paid in Capital	18,851,565	18,851,565
Retained Earnings	(18,410,472)	(19,096,756)
Net Income	(686,284)	480,855
Total Equity	(245,091)	235,764
TOTAL LIABILITIES & EQUITY	255,337	235,764

Southland National Reinsurance Corporation Income Statement

Nine Months ended September 30, 2021

line Months ended September 30, 2021	Jan - Dec 20	Sept 21
Ordinary Income/Expense	govidancia (in a ciù mino) mentre movi a formano il 16	Maryl 2021 6 to december 15 of military 25 of mary 25
Income		
Change in Due & Deferred- NCM	-	-
Change in Due & Deferred- SNIC	-	-
Change in Policy Loans- NCM	=	=
Gain on Reinsurance	-	-
Premium- CBL	-	-
Premium- NCM		
Policy Loans Assumed	-	-
Premium- NCM - Other	-	-
Total Premium- NCM		-
Premium- SNIC	-	-
Total Income	-	-
Expense		
Bank Service Charges	1,262	4,916
Benefit Payments- CBL	-	.,
=SUM(R Benefit Payments- NCM	_	_
Benefit Payments- SNIC	_	
Board of Director Fees	-	_
Change in Agg Reserves- CBL	-	_
	-	
Change in Agg Reserves- NCM Change in Agg. Reserves- SNIC	•	-
	-	-
Change in DAC- NCM	-	-
Expense Allowance- CBL	-	-
Expense Allowance- SNIC	-	-
Premium Tax Expense	-	-
Admin Fee- GBIG	-	-
Professional Fees		
Accounting	-	-
Actuarial	-	-
Consulting	-	14,65
Legal	-	-
Audit	-	-
Professional Fees - Other	(5,133,123)	
Total Professional Fees	(5,133,123)	14,657
Travel Expense	-	-
Total Expense	(5,131,861)	19,570
Net Ordinary Income	5,131,861	(19,57
Other Income/Expense		
Other Income		
Investment Income		
Unrealized Gain on Funds Held	-	-
Income- Funds Withheld- CBL	-	-
Income- Funds Withheld- NCM	-	<u>.</u>
Income-Funds Withheld-SNIC		-
Interest Income	_	_
Management Fees- GBIG	_	_
Management Fees- SNH	_	_
Total Investment Income		
Total Other Income		
	-	-
Other Expense	566.400	/=== / · ·
Federal Income Taxes- Current	500,428	(500,428
Federal Income Taxes- Deferred	5,317,717	-
Total Other Expense	5,818,145	(500,428
Net Other Income	(5,818,145)	500,428
let Income	(686,284)	480,855

#### Southland National Reinsurance Corporation Statement of Cash Flows Nine Months ended September 30, 2021

Cash flows from operating activities:	
Net income	480,855
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash	
Deferred tax	-
Deferred gain on reinsurance	-
Unrealized Gain on Funds Held	-
Cash flows from changes in:	
Receivables from affiliates	-
Deferred acquisition costs	-
Future policy benefits	-
Unearned premium	-
Accrued expenses	-
Federal income tax receivable	(500,428)
Net cash provided by operating expenses	(19,573)
Cash flows from investing activities:	
Funds held by affiliates	-
Policy loans	_
Net cash used in investing activities	-
Net decrease in cash	(19,573)
Cash beginning of year	255,337
Cash end of period	235,764

# BANKERS LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY NORTH CAROLINA COMMISSIONER OF INSURANCE AS REHABILITATOR AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2021,

A BALANCE SHEET

AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

A SUMMARY OF OPERATIONS AND STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW
THROUGH SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

**AND** 

A SCHEDULE OF LINDBERG AFFILIATED INVESTMENTS
AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

#### BACKGROUND

Bankers Life Insurance Company (hereinafter, "BLIC" or "Company") was originally incorporated under the laws of the State of Florida as a stock life insurance company on May 9, 1973. On December 15, 2016, the Company redomesticated to North Carolina. On June 27, 2019, the Wake County Superior Court (hereinafter, the "Court") issued an Order of Rehabilitation (hereinafter, "Order") against the Company and appointed the Commissioner of Insurance for the State of North Carolina as Rehabilitator (hereinafter, the "Rehabilitator"). On June 27, 2019, the Court also entered an Order Granting Motion for Moratorium on Policy Surrenders and Other Relief (hereinafter "Moratorium").

The Company is part of a group of insurance companies known as Global Bankers Insurance Group (hereinafter, "GBIG"). GBIG is part of a larger group of companies known as Global Growth (f/k/a Eli Global). Global Growth is owned by Greg Lindberg (hereinafter, "Lindberg").

#### PURPOSE OF THIS REPORT

The purpose of this report is to provide a quarterly update to the Court, as required by the Order, on the work that the Rehabilitator and his staff have carried out since the issuance of the Order, to set out the present situation of the Company, and to provide a balance sheet and schedule of Lindberg affiliated investments as of September 30, 2021, and a summary of operations and statement of cash flow through September 30, 2021.

#### **LIMITATIONS**

This report is based only on the knowledge that the Rehabilitator and his staff have gained from the work performed since the issuance of the Order. Facts may exist that the Rehabilitator is unaware of that may have a material effect on the information provided in this report. The Rehabilitator will update the information in future quarterly reports as additional facts are discovered.

#### **SUMMARY**

#### **COMPANY PROPERTY**

- In accordance with the Order, the Rehabilitator has taken possession of all known assets and property of the Company.
- The Rehabilitator is currently evaluating the Company's in-force business and reinsurance programs in furtherance of determining the feasibility of a successful rehabilitation.

### MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING AND INTERIM AMENDMENT TO LOAN AGREEMENTS

On June 27, 2019, the Company entered into a Memorandum of Understanding ("MOU") and Interim Amendment to Loan Agreements ("IALA") with Greg E. Lindberg, Academy Association, Inc. and Edwards Mill Asset Management, LLC. The Parties executed this MOU to set forth their agreements, including but not limited to, (i) the immediate partial amendment of, among other things, the interest rate and repayment terms of various affiliated loans through the IALA; (ii) the global restructuring of various affiliated companies through the formation of a new holding

company; and (iii) the global restructuring and modifications of all affiliated loans, including assignment of the loans to such new holding company. The restructuring was to be completed by September 30, 2019. The restructuring was not completed by this date. The Company, along with the other insurance companies in rehabilitation, filed a Complaint against the other parties to the MOU on October 1, 2019. See the Investment Portfolio and Litigation sections for more information.

#### **INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO**

The goal of the Rehabilitator is to reduce the amount of affiliated investments and to increase long-term liquidity. The non-affiliated investments are invested primarily in publicly traded securities. The Rehabilitator is working on a plan for the Global Growth non-insurance operating companies to repay the affiliated investments.

- The Company has approximately \$60MM of affiliated investments as of September 30, 2021. This represents 18% of the admitted assets.
- During the quarter, the Company received some interest payments on the affiliated investments. The amount received was not in accordance with the IALA. See the Litigation section for more information.
- During the quarter, Imaginetics was downgraded to a NAIC rating of 6 and marked to fair value which generated a negative surplus impact of \$2.67MM.

#### EXPENSE REDUCTIONS

The Rehabilitator is evaluating the Company's contracts to identify those that are essential for ongoing operations. As part of this effort, the Rehabilitator is also attempting to negotiate more favorable terms of essential contracts.

#### LITIGATION

To the Rehabilitator's knowledge, the Company is a party to or has a financial interest in the following lawsuits:

#### **Affiliated**

The following litigation was initiated by one or more of the North Carolina Insurance Companies in Rehabilitation against Global Growth affiliated entities:

Southland National Insurance Corporation in Rehabilitation, Bankers Life Insurance Company in Rehabilitation, Colorado Bankers Life Insurance Company in Rehabilitation, and Southland National Reinsurance Corporation in Rehabilitation v. Greg Lindberg, Academy Association, Inc., Edwards Mill Asset Management, LLC, New England Capital, LLC, and Private Bankers Life and Annuity Co., Ltd., Case No. 19 CVS 013093, Wake County, North Carolina.

This case was filed on October 1, 2019, alleging a breach of the contract entered into by the parties on June 27, 2019. An Amended Complaint was filed on October 28, 2019 and added claims for fraud and negligent misrepresentation arising from statements contained in the June 27, 2019 contract and the Defendants' conduct.

On October 1, 2019, the Wake County Superior Court entered a Temporary Restraining Order ("TRO"), which remains in place, as amended by the Court on April 1, 2020 and June 23, 2020. Essentially, the TRO prohibits the Defendants from taking any action that would negatively impact the value of Plaintiffs' investments into Defendants' companies.

The Defendants moved to dismiss the original Complaint and the Amended Complaint on various grounds. The Court denied those motions in an Order filed on January 21, 2020. Defendants filed an Answer to the Amended Complaint on February 20, 2020.

The Court entered a Case Management Order and set the matter for trial in February 2021. On July 8, 2020, Defendants filed a Motion to Modify the Case Management Order & For Continuance seeking to extend all discovery deadlines and the trial for 120 days. On August 5, 2020, the Court entered an order extending all discovery deadlines by 90 days with discovery to be completed by December 31, 2020 but kept the trial set for February 1, 2021.

The Court severed Defendant PB Life and Annuity Co. Ltd. f/k/a Private Bankers Life and Annuity Co., Ltd. ("PBLA") from this litigation after it filed Chapter 15 bankruptcy, *In re: PB Life and Annuity Co. Ltd.*, No. 1:20-BK-12791, pending in the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Southern District of New York. Plaintiffs' claims against PBLA are expected to be stayed during the pendency of its bankruptcy proceeding; however, Plaintiffs' claims against the other defendants are unaffected.

On January 8, 2021, the Court entered a Second Case Management Order extending the discovery deadline to February 28, 2021 and setting the trial for April 15, 2021.

On March 19, 2021, the Court entered an order extending the time to take the depositions of Defendants Greg Lindberg, AAI, and NEC to May 14, 2021. The Court also ordered that all dispositive motions be filed by June 2, 2021, responses filed by June 9, 2021, and hearing on said motions to occur the week of June 14, 2021.

On June 9, 2021, the Parties filed respective Motions for Summary Judgment and on June 14, 2021, the Parties filed their respective responses. The Court orally denied the Motions for Summary Judgment and trial commenced on June 21, 2021. Trial concluded on June 30, 2021. Post-trial briefing was filed on August 31, 2021, after which the Court will enter an order on the issues tried. Defendants filed a Motion to Strike certain exhibits on September 3, 2021 and Objections to Relief Requested on October 1, 2021. The Court heard argument on the Motion to Strike and Objection on October 13, 2021. The motion and objection remain pending.

Colorado Bankers Life Insurance Company v. Hampton Asset Management, LLC, Case No. 5:20-CV-369-D, Eastern District of North Carolina.

This case was filed on June 5, 2020, in the Superior Court of Wake County, North Carolina alleging a breach of a loan agreement, as modified by the IALA, entered into by the parties on June 27, 2019. Colorado Bankers Life Insurance Company ("CBL") filed this action in its capacity as agent of the loan. CBL and BLIC are lenders on this loan. The Defendant defaulted on its payment

obligations by failing to make interest payments when required under the loan agreements. The Complaint seeks repayment of \$32,043,602 plus interest at a rate of \$8,531.31 per diem from May 1, 2020 until paid in full. On July 13, 2020, the Defendant removed the action to the Eastern District of North Carolina.

On July 16, 2020, CBL filed a Notice of Related Cases informing the Court that the IALA lawsuits and the Credit Agreement lawsuit were related, and involved many of the same parties, transactions, and events. On July 22, 2020, this action was assigned to be heard before the Honorable James C. Dever III.

The Defendant answered the Complaint on August 26, 2020 and filed counterclaims against CBL for alleged breach of contract, breach of the covenant of good faith and fair dealing, and breach of fiduciary duty. On October 12, 2020, CBL moved to dismiss the second and third counterclaims. Defendant filed its response in opposition to CBL's partial motion to dismiss on December 2, 2020.

On December 8, 2020, CBL filed a motion to consolidate the 26 federal IALA cases to promote efficiency and judicial economy. On December 29, 2020, Defendant filed its response in opposition to the motion to consolidate. On January 12, 2021, CBL filed its reply to Defendant's response.

On July 20, 2021, the Court denied CBL's motion to dismiss Defendant's second and third counterclaims, as well as CBL's motion to consolidate. CBL filed its answer to the Defendant's counterclaims on August 3, 2021.

On September 3, 2021, the parties held their Rule 26(f) discovery planning meeting, and on September 17, 2021, filed a Rule 26(f) report with the Court which included a proposed discovery plan and other proposed case deadlines. On October 1, 2021, the Court entered a scheduling order setting various case deadlines with all discovery to be completed by September 22, 2022, and dispositive motions to be filed September 30, 2022.

On October 22, 2021, the Court appointed the parties' agreed upon mediator.

Colorado Bankers Life Insurance Company v. Iron City Asset Management, LLC, iTech Funding, LLC, ICAM Holdings, I, LLC, Case No. 5:20-CV-375-D, Eastern District of North Carolina.

This case was filed on June 5, 2020, in the Superior Court of Wake County, North Carolina alleging a breach of a loan agreement, as modified by the IALA, entered into by CBL and Defendant Iron City Asset Management, LLC ("Defendant Borrower") on June 27, 2019. CBL filed this action in its capacity as agent of the loan. CBL, BLIC, and Southland National Insurance Corporation ("SNIC") are lenders on the loan. The Defendant Borrower defaulted on its payment obligations by failing to make interest payments when required under the loan agreements. The Complaint seeks repayment of \$31,482,147 plus interest at a rate of \$8,381.82 per diem from May 1, 2020 until paid in full. On July 13, 2020, the Defendant Borrower removed the action to the Eastern District of North Carolina.

On July 16, 2020, CBL filed a Notice of Related Cases informing the Court that the IALA lawsuits and the Credit Agreement lawsuit were related, and involved many of the same parties, transactions, and events. On July 22, 2020, this action was assigned to be heard before the Honorable James C. Dever III.

On August 7, 2020, an Amended Complaint was filed to add causes of action against iTech Funding, LLC and ICAM Holdings I, LLC seeking an order allowing foreclosure of the pledged property.

The Defendants answered the Amended Complaint on August 21, 2020 and Defendant Borrower filed counterclaims against CBL for alleged breach of contract, breach of the covenant of good faith and fair dealing, and breach of fiduciary duty. On October 12, 2020, CBL moved to dismiss the second and third counterclaims. Defendant Borrower filed its response in opposition to CBL's partial motion to dismiss on December 2, 2020.

On December 8, 2020, CBL filed a motion to consolidate the 26 federal IALA cases to promote efficiency and judicial economy. On December 29, 2020, Defendants filed their response in opposition to the motion to consolidate. On January 12, 2021, CBL filed its reply to Defendants' response.

On July 20, 2021, the Court denied CBL's motion to dismiss Defendant Borrower's second and third counterclaims, as well as CBL's motion to consolidate. CBL filed its answer to Defendant Borrower's counterclaims on August 3, 2021.

On September 3, 2021, the parties held their Rule 26(f) discovery planning meeting, and on September 17, 2021, filed a Rule 26(f) report with the Court which included a proposed discovery plan and other proposed case deadlines. On October 1, 2021, the Court entered a scheduling order setting various case deadlines with all discovery to be completed by September 22, 2022, and dispositive motions to be filed September 30, 2022.

On October 22, 2021, the Court appointed the parties' agreed upon mediator.

Colorado Bankers Life Insurance Company v. Jackson Asset Management, LLC, Case No. 5:20-CV-370-D, Eastern District of North Carolina.

This case was filed on June 5, 2020, in the Superior Court of Wake County, North Carolina alleging a breach of a loan agreement, as modified by the IALA, entered into by the parties on June 27, 2019. CBL filed this action in its capacity as agent of the loan. CBL and BLIC are lenders on this loan. The Defendant defaulted on its payment obligations by failing to make interest payments when required under the loan agreements. The Complaint seeks repayment of \$26,134,021 plus interest at a rate of \$6,957.94 per diem from May 1, 2020 until paid in full. On July 13, 2020, the Defendant removed the action to the Eastern District of North Carolina.

On July 16, 2020, CBL filed a Notice of Related Cases informing the Court that the IALA lawsuits and the Credit Agreement lawsuit were related, involved many of the same parties, transactions, and events. On July 22, 2020, this action was assigned to be heard before the Honorable James C. Dever III.

The Defendant answered the Complaint on August 26, 2020 and filed counterclaims against CBL for alleged breach of contract, breach of the covenant of good faith and fair dealing, and breach of fiduciary duty. On October 12, 2020, CBL moved to dismiss the second and third counterclaims. Defendant filed its response in opposition to CBL's partial motion to dismiss on December 2, 2020.

On December 8, 2020, CBL filed a motion to consolidate the 26 federal IALA cases to promote efficiency and judicial economy. On December 29, 2020, Defendant filed its response in opposition to the motion to consolidate. On January 12, 2021, CBL filed its reply to Defendant's response.

On July 20, 2021, the Court denied CBL's motion to dismiss Defendant's second and third counterclaims, as well as CBL's motion to consolidate. CBL filed its answer to the Defendant's counterclaims on August 3, 2021.

On September 3, 2021, the parties held their Rule 26(f) discovery planning meeting, and on September 17, 2021, filed a Rule 26(f) report with the Court which included a proposed discovery plan and other proposed case deadlines. On October 1, 2021, the Court entered a scheduling order setting various case deadlines with all discovery to be completed by September 22, 2022, and dispositive motions to be filed September 30, 2022.

On October 22, 2021, the Court appointed the parties' agreed upon mediator.

Colorado Bankers Life Insurance Company v. Baldwin Asset Management, LLC, iTech Funding, LLC, and EAM Holdings, LLC, Case No. 5:20-CV-398-D, Eastern District of North Carolina.

This case was filed on June 15, 2020, in the Superior Court of Wake County, North Carolina alleging a breach of a loan agreement, as modified by the IALA, entered into by CBL and Defendant Baldwin Asset Management, LLC ("Defendant Borrower") on June 27, 2019. CBL filed this action in its capacity as agent of the loan. CBL, BLIC, and SNIC are lenders on the loan. The Defendant Borrower defaulted on its payment obligations by failing to make interest payments when required under the loan agreements. The Complaint seeks repayment of \$34,077,149 plus interest at a rate of \$9,072.72 per diem from May 1, 2020 until paid in full. The Complaint also seeks an order allowing foreclosure of the pledged property of Defendants iTech Funding, LLC and BAM Holdings, LLC. On July 23, 2020, the Defendants removed the action to the Eastern District of North Carolina.

On July 24, 2020, CBL filed a Notice of Related Cases informing the Court that the IALA lawsuits and the Credit Agreement lawsuit were related, and involved many of the same parties, transactions, and events. On August 3, 2020, this action was assigned to be heard before the Honorable James C. Dever III.

The Defendants answered the Complaint on August 20, 2020 and Defendant Borrower filed counterclaims against CBL for alleged breach of contract, breach of the covenant of good faith and fair dealing, and breach of fiduciary duty. On October 12, 2020, CBL moved to dismiss the second and third counterclaims. Defendant Borrower filed its response in opposition to CBL's partial motion to dismiss on December 2, 2020.

On December 8, 2020, CBL filed a motion to consolidate the 26 federal IALA cases to promote efficiency and judicial economy. On December 29, 2020, Defendants filed their response in opposition to the motion to consolidate. On January 12, 2021, CBL filed its reply to Defendants' response.

On July 20, 2021, the Court denied CBL's motion to dismiss Defendant Borrower's second and third counterclaims, as well as CBL's motion to consolidate. CBL filed its answer to Defendant Borrower's counterclaims on August 3, 2021.

On September 3, 2021, the parties held their Rule 26(f) discovery planning meeting, and on September 17, 2021, filed a Rule 26(f) report with the Court which included a proposed discovery plan and other proposed case deadlines. On October 1, 2021, the Court entered a scheduling order setting various case deadlines with all discovery to be completed by September 22, 2022, and dispositive motions to be filed September 30, 2022.

On October 22, 2021, the Court appointed the parties' agreed upon mediator.

Colorado Bankers Life Insurance Company v. iTech Funding, LLC, Case No. 5:20-CV-402-D, Eastern District of North Carolina.

This case was filed on June 15, 2020, in the Superior Court of Wake County, North Carolina alleging a breach of a loan agreement, as modified by the IALA, entered into by CBL and the Defendant on June 27, 2019. CBL filed this action in its capacity as agent of the loan. CBL, BLIC, and SNIC are lenders of the loan. The Defendant defaulted on its payment obligations by failing to make interest payments when required under the loan agreements. The Complaint seeks repayment of \$30,381,407 plus interest at a rate of \$8,323.67 per diem from May 1, 2020 until paid in full. On July 23, 2020, the Defendant removed the action to the Eastern District of North Carolina.

On July 24, 2020, CBL filed a Notice of Related Cases informing the Court that the IALA lawsuits and the Credit Agreement lawsuit were related, and involved many of the same parties, transactions, and events. On August 3, 2020, this action was assigned to be heard before the Honorable James C. Dever III.

The Defendant answered the Complaint on August 20, 2020 and filed counterclaims against CBL for alleged breach of contract, breach of the covenant of good faith and fair dealing, and breach of fiduciary duty. On October 12, 2020, CBL moved to dismiss the second and third counterclaims. Defendant filed its response in opposition to CBL's partial motion to dismiss on December 2, 2020.

On December 8, 2020, CBL filed a motion to consolidate the 26 federal IALA cases to promote efficiency and judicial economy. On December 29, 2020, Defendant filed its response in opposition to the motion to consolidate. On January 12, 2021, CBL filed its reply to Defendant's response.

On July 20, 2021, the Court denied CBL's motion to dismiss Defendant's second and third counterclaims, as well as CBL's motion to consolidate. CBL filed its answer to the Defendant's counterclaims on August 3, 2021.

On September 3, 2021, the parties held their Rule 26(f) discovery planning meeting, and on September 17, 2021, filed a Rule 26(f) report with the Court which included a proposed discovery plan and other proposed case deadlines. On October 1, 2021, the Court entered a scheduling order setting various case deadlines with all discovery to be completed by September 22, 2022, and dispositive motions to be filed September 30, 2022.

On October 22, 2021, the Court appointed the parties' agreed upon mediator.

Colorado Bankers Life Insurance Company, Southland National Insurance Corporation, and Bankers Life Insurance Company v. Capital Assets Fund IV, LLC, Case No. 20 CVS 6474, Wake County, North Carolina.

This case was filed on June 5, 2020, in the Superior Court of Wake County, North Carolina alleging a breach of a loan agreement, as modified by the IALA, entered into by the parties on June 27, 2019. CBL, SNIC, and BLIC filed this action in their capacities as lenders of the loan. The Defendant defaulted on its payment obligations by failing to make interest payments when required under the loan agreements. The Complaint seeks repayment of \$54,028,137 plus interest at a rate of \$14,695.24 per diem from May 1, 2020 until paid in full.

On July 16, 2020, CBL filed a Motion for Entry of Default and default was entered against the Defendant later that day. Also, on July 16, 2020 and after CBL's entry of default was entered, Defendant filed a Motion to Dismiss the Complaint for alleged lack of personal jurisdiction, insufficiency of process, insufficiency of service of process, and failure to state a claim. On July 22, 2020, Defendant filed a Motion to Set Aside the Entry of Default. On August 17, 2020, Plaintiffs filed a Motion for Default Judgment.

On November 13, 2020, the Court granted Defendant's Motion to Set Aside the Entry of Default and denied as moot Plaintiffs' Motion for Default Judgment.

The Defendant answered the Complaint on December 14, 2020 and filed counterclaims against Plaintiffs for alleged breach of contract, breach of the covenant of good faith and fair dealing, and breach of fiduciary duty. On January 13, 2021, Plaintiffs replied to the counterclaims and moved to dismiss the second and third counterclaims.

Defendant's motion to dismiss the Complaint and Plaintiffs' partial motion to dismiss Defendant's Counterclaims remain pending.

Colorado Bankers Life Insurance Company, Southland National Insurance Corporation, and Bankers Life Insurance Company v. Capital Assets Fund V, LLC, Case No. 20 CVS 6475, Wake County, North Carolina.

This case was filed on June 5, 2020, in the Superior Court of Wake County, North Carolina alleging a breach of a loan agreement, as modified by the IALA, entered into by the parties on June 27, 2019. CBL, SNIC, and BLIC filed this action in their capacities as lenders of the loan. The Defendant defaulted on its payment obligations by failing to make interest payments when required under the loan agreements. The Complaint seeks repayment of \$55,523,232 plus interest at a rate of \$14,782.54 per diem from May 1, 2020 until paid in full.

On July 16, 2020, CBL filed a Motion for Entry of Default and default was entered against the Defendant later that day. Also, on July 16, 2020, but before CBL's entry of default was entered, Defendant filed a Motion to Dismiss the Complaint for alleged lack of personal jurisdiction, insufficiency of process, insufficiency of service of process, and failure to state a claim. On July 22, 2020, Defendant filed a Motion to Set Aside the Entry of Default. On August 17, 2020, Plaintiffs filed a Motion for Default Judgment.

On November 13, 2020, the Court granted Defendant's Motion to Set Aside the Entry of Default and denied as most Plaintiffs' Motion for Default Judgment.

The Defendant answered the Complaint on December 14, 2020 and filed counterclaims against Plaintiffs for alleged breach of contract, breach of the covenant of good faith and fair dealing, and breach of fiduciary duty. On January 13, 2021, Plaintiffs replied to the counterclaims and moved to dismiss the second and third counterclaims.

Defendant's motion to dismiss the Complaint and Plaintiffs' partial motion to dismiss Defendant's Counterclaims remain pending.

Colorado Bankers Life Insurance Company v. Capital Assets Fund I, LLC, Case No. 5:20-CV-450-D, Eastern District of North Carolina.

This case was filed on July 17, 2020, in the Superior Court of Wake County, North Carolina alleging a breach of a loan agreement, as modified by the IALA, entered into by the parties on June 27, 2019. CBL filed this action in its capacity as agent of the loan. CBL, BLIC, and SNIC are lenders of the loan. The Defendant defaulted on its payment obligations by failing to make interest payments when required under the loan agreements. The Complaint seeks repayment of \$97,250,324 plus interest at a rate of \$25,891.99 per diem from May 1, 2020 until paid in full.

On August 20, 2020, the Defendant removed the action to the Eastern District of North Carolina. On August 24, 2020, CBL filed a Notice of Related Cases informing the Court that the IALA lawsuits and the Credit Agreement lawsuit were related, and involved many of the same parties, transactions, and events. On August 27, 2020, this action was assigned to be heard before the Honorable James C. Dever III.

The Defendant answered the Complaint on September 17, 2020 and filed counterclaims against CBL for alleged breach of contract, breach of the covenant of good faith and fair dealing, and breach of fiduciary duty. On October 12, 2020, CBL moved to dismiss the second and third counterclaims. Defendant filed its response in opposition to CBL's partial motion to dismiss on December 2, 2020.

On December 8, 2020, CBL filed a motion to consolidate the 26 federal IALA cases to promote efficiency and judicial economy. On December 29, 2020, Defendant filed its response in opposition to the motion to consolidate. On January 12, 2021, CBL filed its reply to Defendant's response.

On July 20, 2021, the Court denied CBL's motion to dismiss Defendant's second and third counterclaims, as well as CBL's motion to consolidate. CBL filed its answer to the Defendant's counterclaims on August 3, 2021.

On September 3, 2021, the parties held their Rule 26(f) discovery planning meeting, and on September 17, 2021, filed a Rule 26(f) report with the Court which included a proposed discovery plan and other proposed case deadlines. On October 1, 2021, the Court entered a scheduling order setting various case deadlines with all discovery to be completed by September 22, 2022, and dispositive motions to be filed September 30, 2022.

On October 22, 2021, the Court appointed the parties' agreed upon mediator.

Colorado Bankers Life Insurance Company v. TAC Investments, LLC, Case No. 5:20-CV-453-D, Eastern District of North Carolina.

This case was filed on July 17, 2020, in the Superior Court of Wake County, North Carolina alleging a breach of a loan agreement, as modified by the IALA, entered into by the parties on June 27, 2019. CBL filed this action in its capacity as agent of the loan. CBL, BLIC, and SNIC are lenders of the loan. The Defendant defaulted on its payment obligations by failing to make interest payments when required under the loan agreements. The Complaint seeks repayment of \$15,077,251 plus interest at a rate of \$4,014.18 per diem from May 1, 2020 until paid in full.

On August 20, 2020, the Defendant removed the action to the Eastern District of North Carolina. On August 24, 2020, CBL filed a Notice of Related Cases informing the Court that the IALA lawsuits and the Credit Agreement lawsuit were related, and involved many of the same parties, transactions, and events. On August 27, 2020, this action was assigned to be heard before the Honorable James C. Dever III.

The Defendant answered the Complaint on September 17, 2020 and filed counterclaims against CBL for alleged breach of contract, breach of the covenant of good faith and fair dealing, and breach of fiduciary duty. On October 12, 2020, CBL moved to dismiss the second and third counterclaims.

Defendant filed its response in opposition to CBL's partial motion to dismiss on December 2, 2020.

On December 8, 2020, CBL filed a motion to consolidate the 26 federal IALA cases to promote efficiency and judicial economy. On December 29, 2020, Defendant filed its response in opposition to the motion to consolidate. On January 12, 2021, CBL filed its reply to Defendant's response.

On July 20, 2021, the Court denied CBL's motion to dismiss Defendant's second and third counterclaims, as well as CBL's motion to consolidate. CBL filed its answer to the Defendant's counterclaims on August 3, 2021.

On September 3, 2021, the parties held their Rule 26(f) discovery planning meeting, and on September 17, 2021, filed a Rule 26(f) report with the Court which included a proposed discovery plan and other proposed case deadlines. On October 1, 2021, the Court entered a scheduling order

setting various case deadlines with all discovery to be completed by September 22, 2022, and dispositive motions to be filed September 30, 2022.

On October 22, 2021, the Court appointed the parties' agreed upon mediator.

Colorado Bankers Life Insurance Company v. Summerville Asset Management, LLC, iTech Funding, LLC, and SAM Holdings, LLC, Case No. 5:20-CV-432-D, Eastern District of North Carolina.

This case was filed on August 10, 2020, alleging a breach of a loan agreement, as modified by the IALA, entered into by CBL and the Defendant Summerville Asset Management, LLC ("Defendant Borrower") on June 27, 2019. CBL filed this action in its capacity as agent of the loan. CBL, BLIC, and SNIC are lenders of the loan. The Defendant Borrower defaulted on its payment obligations by failing to make interest payments when required under the loan agreements. The Complaint seeks repayment of \$45,675,960 plus interest at a rate of \$12,160.80 per diem from May 1, 2020 until paid in full. The Complaint also seeks an order allowing foreclosure of the pledged property of Defendants iTech Funding, LLC and SAM Holdings, LLC.

On August 10, 2020, CBL filed a Notice of Related Cases informing the Court that the IALA lawsuits and the Credit Agreement lawsuit were related, and involved many of the same parties, transactions, and events. On August 11, 2020, this action was assigned to be heard before the Honorable James C. Dever III.

The Defendants answered the Complaint on September 9, 2020 and Defendant Borrower filed counterclaims against CBL for alleged breach of contract, breach of the covenant of good faith and fair dealing, and breach of fiduciary duty. On October 12, 2020, CBL moved to dismiss the second and third counterclaims. Defendant Borrower filed its response in opposition to CBL's partial motion to dismiss on December 2, 2020.

On December 8, 2020, CBL filed a motion to consolidate the 26 federal IALA cases to promote efficiency and judicial economy. On December 29, 2020, Defendants filed their response in opposition to the motion to consolidate. On January 12, 2021, CBL filed its reply to Defendants' response.

On July 20, 2021, the Court denied CBL's motion to dismiss Defendant Borrower's second and third counterclaims, as well as CBL's motion to consolidate. CBL filed its answer to the Defendant Borrower's counterclaims on August 3, 2021.

On September 3, 2021, the parties held their Rule 26(f) discovery planning meeting, and on September 17, 2021, filed a Rule 26(f) report with the Court which included a proposed discovery plan and other proposed case deadlines. On October 1, 2021, the Court entered a scheduling order setting various case deadlines with all discovery to be completed by September 22, 2022, and dispositive motions to be filed September 30, 2022.

On October 22, 2021, the Court appointed the parties' agreed upon mediator.

Colorado Bankers Life Insurance Company, Southland National Insurance Corporation, and Bankers Life Insurance Company v. Academy Financial Assets, LLC, Case No. 5:20-CV-474-D, Eastern District of North Carolina.

This case was filed on September 3, 2020, alleging a breach of promissory notes, as modified by the IALA, entered into on June 27, 2019. CBL, SNIC, and BLIC filed this action in their capacities as lenders of the promissory notes. The Defendant defaulted on its payment obligations by failing to make interest payments when required under the promissory notes, as modified. The Complaint seeks repayment to CBL in the amount of \$23,974,479 plus interest at a rate of \$6,370 per diem from May 1, 2020 until paid in full. The Complaint seeks repayment to SNIC in the amount of \$5,993,619 plus interest at a rate of \$1,592.75 per diem from May 1, 2020 until paid in full. The Complaint seeks repayment to BLIC in the amount of \$2,397,448 plus interest at a rate of \$637.10 per diem from May 1, 2020 until paid in full.

On September 3, 2020, CBL filed a Notice of Related Cases informing the Court that the IALA lawsuits and the Credit Agreement lawsuit were related, and involved many of the same parties, transactions, and events. On September 4, 2020, this action was assigned to be heard before the Honorable James C. Dever III.

On September 30, 2020, the Defendant answered the Complaint and filed a counterclaim against Plaintiffs seeking reformation of the IALA. On October 22, 2020, Plaintiffs were granted an extension of time through November 20, 2020 to respond to Defendant's counterclaim. On November 20, 2020, Plaintiffs moved to dismiss the counterclaim. On December 11, 2020, Defendant filed its response in opposition to Plaintiffs' motion to dismiss. On December 23, 2020, Plaintiffs filed their reply in support of their motion to dismiss.

On December 8, 2020, Plaintiffs filed a motion to consolidate the 26 federal IALA cases to promote efficiency and judicial economy. On December 29, 2020, Defendant filed its response in opposition to the motion to consolidate. On January 12, 2021, Plaintiffs filed their reply to Defendant's response.

On July 20, 2021, the Court denied Plaintiffs' motion to dismiss Defendant's second and third counterclaims, as well as Plaintiffs' motion to consolidate. Plaintiffs filed their answer to the Defendant's counterclaims on August 3, 2021.

On September 3, 2021, the parties held their Rule 26(f) discovery planning meeting, and on September 17, 2021, filed a Rule 26(f) report with the Court which included a proposed discovery plan and other proposed case deadlines. On October 1, 2021, the Court entered a scheduling order setting various case deadlines with all discovery to be completed by September 22, 2022, and dispositive motions to be filed September 30, 2022.

On October 22, 2021, the Court appointed the parties' agreed upon mediator.

Colorado Bankers Life Insurance Company and Bankers Life Insurance Company v. Academy Financial Assets, LLC and New England Capital, LLC, Case No. 5:20-CV-517-D, Eastern District of North Carolina.

This case was filed on October 2, 2020, alleging a breach of a loan agreement, as modified by the IALA entered into by Defendant Academy Financial Assets, LLC ("Defendant Borrower") on June 27, 2019. CBL and BLIC filed this action in their capacities as lenders of the loans. The Defendant Borrower defaulted on its payment obligations by failing to make interest payments when required under the loan agreements, as modified. The Complaint seeks repayment to Plaintiffs in the amount of \$12,564,767 plus interest at a rate of \$3,345.25 per diem from May 1, 2020 until paid in full. The Complaint also alleges that Defendant New England Capital, LLC, the agent of the loan, breached the loan agreements by failing to enforce the loan agreements following Defendant Borrower's breach.

On October 10, 2020, Plaintiffs filed a Notice of Related Cases informing the Court that the IALA lawsuits and the Credit Agreement lawsuit were related, and involved many of the same parties, transactions, and events. On October 5, 2020, this action was assigned to be heard before the Honorable James C. Dever III. On November 30, 2020, Defendants filed their respective motions to dismiss for failure to state a claim. On December 21, 2020, Plaintiffs filed a response in opposition to Defendants' motions. Defendants filed replies in support of their respective motions to dismiss on January 4, 2021.

On December 8, 2020, Plaintiffs filed a motion to consolidate the 26 federal IALA cases to promote efficiency and judicial economy. On December 29, 2020, Defendants filed responses in opposition to the motion to consolidate. On January 12, 2021, Plaintiffs filed their reply to Defendants' responses.

On July 20, 2021, the Court denied Defendants' motions to dismiss, as well as Plaintiffs' motion to consolidate. Defendants filed answers to Plaintiffs' Complaint on August 3, 2021.

On September 3, 2021, the parties held their Rule 26(f) discovery planning meeting, and on September 17, 2021, filed a Rule 26(f) report with the Court which included a proposed discovery plan and other proposed case deadlines. On October 1, 2021, the Court entered a scheduling order setting various case deadlines with all discovery to be completed by September 22, 2022, and dispositive motions to be filed September 30, 2022.

On October 22, 2021, the Court appointed the parties' agreed upon mediator.

Colorado Bankers Life Insurance Company, Southland National Insurance Corporation, and Bankers Life Insurance Company v. Augusta Asset Management, LLC, New England Capital, LLC, AAM Holdings I, LLC, and iTech Funding, LLC, Case No. 5:20-CV-518-D, Eastern District of North Carolina.

This case was filed on October 2, 2020, alleging a breach of a loan agreement, as modified by the IALA entered into by Defendant Augusta Asset Management, LLC ("Defendant Borrower") on June 27, 2019. CBL, SNIC, and BLIC filed this action in their capacities as lenders of the loans. The Defendant Borrower defaulted on its payment obligations by failing to make interest payments

when required under the loan agreements, as modified. The Complaint seeks repayment to Plaintiffs in the amount of \$14,552,991 plus interest at a rate of \$3,874 per diem from May 1, 2020 until paid in full. The Complaint also seeks an order allowing foreclosure of the pledged property of Defendants iTech Funding, LLC and AAM Holdings, LLC. Finally, the Complaint alleges that Defendant New England Capital, LLC, the agent of the loan, breached the loan agreements by failing to enforce the loan agreements following Defendant Borrower's breach.

On October 10, 2020, Plaintiffs filed a Notice of Related Cases informing the Court that the IALA lawsuits and the Credit Agreement lawsuit were related, and involved many of the same parties, transactions, and events. On October 2, 2020, this action was assigned to be heard before the Honorable James C. Dever III.

On November 30, 2020, Defendants filed their respective motions to dismiss for failure to state a claim. On December 21, 2020, Plaintiffs filed a response in opposition to Defendants' motions. Defendants filed replies in support of their respective motions to dismiss on January 4, 2021.

On December 8, 2020, Plaintiffs filed a motion to consolidate the 26 federal IALA cases to promote efficiency and judicial economy. On December 29, 2020, Defendants filed responses in opposition to the motion to consolidate. On January 12, 2021, Plaintiffs filed their reply to Defendants' responses.

On July 20, 2021, the Court denied Defendants' motions to dismiss, as well as Plaintiffs' motion to consolidate. Defendants filed answers to Plaintiffs' Complaint on August 3, 2021.

On September 3, 2021, the parties held their Rule 26(f) discovery planning meeting, and on September 17, 2021, filed a Rule 26(f) report with the Court which included a proposed discovery plan and other proposed case deadlines. On October 1, 2021, the Court entered a scheduling order setting various case deadlines with all discovery to be completed by September 22, 2022, and dispositive motions to be filed September 30, 2022.

On October 22, 2021, the Court appointed the parties' agreed upon mediator.

#### **OTHER MATTERS**

- Pursuant to the Moratorium Order, the Rehabilitator has imposed a moratorium on cash surrenders, annuitizations, and policy loans against the Company's policies until such time as the Court approves lifting of the moratorium.
- In accordance with the Moratorium Order, the Rehabilitator has adopted and implemented a policy to provide substitute benefits in lieu of the contractual obligations of the Company for annuity benefits and cash withdrawals for policyholders who petition for payment under claims of legitimate hardship. As of September 30, 2021, 311 hardship cases have been received. 140 were approved, 97 were denied due to insufficient information, 63 were denied due to not meeting the hardship qualifications and 11 are in process.

#### **CONTINUATION OF BUSINESS**

The Company reduced writing the majority of new business in October 2018 and ceased all new business as of the date of the Order. A final decision as to the course of action to take with the Company has not yet been determined.

#### PARTIAL WITHDRAWAL PROGRAM

On September 9, 2020, the North Carolina Rehabilitation Court modified the Moratorium to allow a partial withdrawal program that allows annuity contract owners to withdraw 10% of the account value up to a maximum of \$15,000 per contract owner. In addition, annuity owners with a current account value of less than \$1,000 will receive the account value unless the contract owner opts out and elects to retain their annuity with the Company. Annuity contract owners received a letter explaining that they are eligible for a one-time option for a limited withdrawal of funds.

As of September 30, 2021, BLIC has processed 1,597 checks totaling \$11.98MM. The program ended on April 30, 2021.

#### **REVIEW PANEL**

On April 2, 2020, the Court amended the TRO to establish a 5-person review panel to advise the Court on proposed transactions that could implicate the TRO. Both the Plaintiffs and Defendants appointed one representative each. Each representative appointed an independent member. The two independent members appointed a third independent member. After reviewing proposed transactions, the panel makes recommendations to the Court to either approve or deny the proposed transactions. The panel approved unanimously to increase the existing Beckett loan facility with the existing lender.

#### COST SHARING AGREEMENT

CBL, BLIC, SNIC, Southland National Reinsurance Corporation, Preferred Financial Corporation, LLC, GBIG Holdings, Inc., Pavonia Life Insurance Company of Michigan ("PLICMI") and Global Bankers Insurance Group, LLC ("GBIG, LLC") are participants in a cost sharing agreement ("CSA") that preceded rehabilitation. All parties to the CSA are ultimately owned by Lindberg. The agreement provides for the costs of any services provided by one of the entities on behalf of other entities to be allocated among the appropriate entities. GBIG, LLC provides virtually all the services for CBL, BLIC, SNIC and PLICMI. PLICMI is also in rehabilitation and is under the control of the Michigan Rehabilitator. GBIG, LLC is a subsidiary of PLICMI and therefore is also under the control of the Michigan Rehabilitator. GBIG, LLC provided policyholder services related to claims, hardships, and premium collections as well as the necessary executive management, oversight review and administrative services to the Company. Under this CSA, management expenses, salaries and benefits, and facility charges were also allocated to the Company in accordance with this CSA. The CSA terminated on July 8, 2021. BLIC entered into a Transition Services Agreement ("TSA") with Aspida Financial Services, LLC ("Aspida") to replace the services rendered under the CSA. See Transition Services Agreement in the following section.

#### TRANSITION SERVICES AGREEMENT

On July 8, 2021, the CSA between BLIC and GBIG, LLC terminated when GBIG, LLC was acquired by Aspida Holdings Ltd., an indirect subsidiary of Ares Management Corporation.

GBIG, LLC formally changed its name to Aspida Financial Services, LLC. BLIC then entered into the TSA with Aspida. The TSA requires that BLIC pay Aspida \$57,900 monthly for services previously covered by the CSA. Costs under the TSA will be allocated in a manner consistent with the CSA. During the quarter, BLIC paid Aspida \$173,700 for these services.

#### THIRD PARTY ADMINISTRATOR

On June 30, 2021, BLIC obtained the Court's permission to transfer the servicing of its business to a new third-party administrator ("TPA") at a reduced cost from the CSA. Actuarial Management Resources ("AMR") will begin servicing BLIC's business in the fourth quarter. Policyholders and agents were notified in writing of the transition. BLIC paid AMR \$41,740 related to the transition during the quarter.

#### **DISBURSEMENTS**

During the period, the following expenses related to the rehabilitation and litigation to recover the affiliated investments were incurred and allocated in a manner consistent with the CSA and TSA, even though these costs are not part of the CSA or TSA:

- \$368 to Bryan Cave Leighton Paisner for legal services
- \$291 to Consilio for legal support services
- \$3,780 to Federal Arbitration, Inc. for services regarding the review panel
- \$1,304 to Gordian Group for investment advisory services
- \$26,897 to Noble Consulting Services, Inc. for rehabilitation services
- \$16,035 to Veris Consulting, Inc. for forensic accounting services
- \$17,812 to Williams Mullen for legal services

#### SETTLED REHABILITATION MATTERS

#### Liquidity

One of the goals of the rehabilitation is to increase liquidity. As of June 27, 2019, BLIC held \$87MM of private loans. The private loans have no readily available market. The Company was able to liquidate \$60MM of the private loans. The Company realized losses of \$29.7MM.

#### INTRODUCTION TO BANKERS LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Introduction and Basis of Presentation: The Company is a North Carolina domiciled life, accident and health insurance company that was placed in rehabilitation by the Wake County Superior Court on June 27, 2019. The Company is under the control of the Commissioner of Insurance of the State of North Carolina, in his capacity as Court appointed Rehabilitator. It is the Rehabilitator's responsibility to take possession of the assets of the Company and to administer them under the general supervision of the Court.

The accompanying unaudited financial statements were prepared by GBIG, LLC's staff under the direct supervision of the Rehabilitator's staff as of September 30, 2021. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Statutory Accounting Principles promulgated by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners.

On July 26, 2019, the Governor of North Carolina signed into law, House Bill 220. This bill amends N.C. Gen. Stat §58-19-10(b), which limits the amount of investments in affiliates and subsidiaries to the lessor of ten percent (10%) of the insurer's admitted assets or fifty percent (50%) of the insurer's policyholders' surplus, provided that after those investments, the insurer's policyholders' surplus will be reasonable in relation to the insurer's outstanding liabilities and adequate to its financial needs. The excess amount of affiliated investments should be non-admitted. As of September30, 2021, the Company has \$60MM of excess affiliated investments. Should this amount be non-admitted, the Company would have a negative surplus of \$79MM.

As of September 30, 2021, \$44.3 MM of the \$60 MM in affiliated investment loans to affiliated non-insurance companies defaulted on their payment obligations. The company has maintained these loans at their previous book value and continued to accrue interest on these loans at the rate specified in the IALA. If the company were following Statutory accounting guidance, these loans would be downgraded to NAIC 6 and reported at market value and any accrued interest of more than 90 days would be non-admitted. The carrying value of these defaulted loans is \$44.3 MM and the fair value of these loans could be less than the carrying value. Some interest is being received on these loans. The due and accrued interest on these loans was \$5.1 MM of which \$3.1 MM was non-admitted as of September 30, 2021.

#### STATEMENT AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2021 OF THE Bankers Life Insurance Company

#### **ASSETS**

	ΑΑ	33E13			
	:		Current Statement Date	9	4
		1	2	3	
		Assets	Nonadmitted Assets	Net Admitted Assets (Cols, 1 - 2)	December 31 Prior Year Net Admitted Assets
1.	Bonds	285,875,908		285,875,908	283,086,950
ı	Stocks:	200,010,000		200.070,000	200,000,300
<b>_</b>	2.1 Preferred stocks	0 875 862		9,875,662	8,321,914
		1		1 1	
١.	2.2 Common stocks	1,351,950		1,351,950	1,369,925
3.	Mortgage loans on real estate:				
	3.1 First liens			0	0
	3.2 Other than first liens			L0	0
4.	Real estate:		i		
	4.1 Properties occupied by the company (less				
	\$encumbrances)			0	0
	4.2 Properties held for the production of income				
	•			0	٨
	(less \$encumbrances)			J	0
	4.3 Properties held for sale (less				
	\$ encumbrances)			0	0
5.	Cash (\$12.577,258 ),				
	cash equivalents (\$19,689,399 )				
	and short-term investments (\$0 )	32,266,657		32,266,657	40,836,153
6.	Contract loans (including \$premium notes)			8,042	6,620
i	Derivatives	I .		0	0
1	Other invested assets			0	0
		1	***************************************	0	
	Receivables for securities				208
	Securities lending reinvested collateral assets	I .		o	0
	Aggregate write-ins for invested assets		0	O	0
	Subtotals, cash and invested assets (Lines 1 to 11)	329,378,219	0	329.378,219	333.621,770
13.	Title plants less \$charged off (for Title insurers				
	only)			ا ۵ــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ	0
14.	Investment income due and accrued	6,754.735	3,064,226	3,690,509	4.106,056
15.	Premiums and considerations:				
	15.1 Uncollected premiums and agents' balances in the course of				
	collection			0	0
	15.2 Deferred premiums, agents' balances and installments booked but				
	• • • •				
	deferred and not yet due (including \$earned				
	but unbilled premiums).				0
	15.3 Accrued retrospective premiums (\$) and			l	
	contracts subject to redetermination (\$)			0	0
16.	Reinsurance:				
	16.1 Amounts recoverable from reinsurers	3,433,260		3,433,260	8,259,120
	16.2 Funds held by or deposited with reinsured companies			۵ ا	0
	16.3 Other amounts receivable under reinsurance contracts	1		0	0
17.	Amounts receivable relating to uninsured plans			0	0
	Current federal and foreign income tax recoverable and interest thereon	i i		0	٥
	· ·	i e	15,273,004		۷
	Net deferred tax asset		15,2/3,004		
	Guaranty funds receivable or on deposit			0	
	Electronic data processing equipment and software			O	0
21.	Furniture and equipment, including health care delivery assets			ĺ	
	(\$)			O	0
22.	Net adjustment in assets and liabilities due to foreign exchange rates			0 L	0
23,	Receivables from parent, subsidiaries and affiliates			o L	163,968
	Health care (\$) and other amounts receivable			0	. 0
	Aggregate write-ins for other-than-invested assets	75,569	75,569	0	n
	Total assets excluding Separate Accounts, Segregated Accounts and				
۷٠,		35/ 01/ 707	18,412,799	226 504 000	246 450 044
	Protected Cell Accounts (Lines 12 to 25)	354,914,787	10,412,799	336,501,988	346,150,914
27.	From Separate Accounts, Segregated Accounts and Protected				
	Cell Accounts				0
28.	Total (Lines 26 and 27)	354,914,787	18,412,799	336,501,988	346,150,914
	DETAILS OF WRITE-INS				
1101.					
1102.					
1103.					
	Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 11 from overflow page	0	o	٨	n
		0	0	ا و	0
	Totals (Lines 1101 through 1103 plus 1198) (Line 11 above)	<del></del>			. 0
	Miscellaneous Receivables.	8.263	8,263		ا و
	Negative Interest Maintenance Reserve	67 ,306	67,306	0	0
2503.					***************************************
2598,	Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 25 from overflow page	0	0	0	0
2599,	Totals (Lines 2501 through 2503 plus 2598) (Line 25 above)	75,569	75,569	0	0

#### LIABILITIES, SURPLUS AND OTHER FUNDS

	LIABILITIES, SURFEGG AND OTHER FO	1	2
		Current Statement Date	December 31 Prior Year
1.	Aggregate reserve for life contracts \$ less \$included in Line 6,3		
١,	(including \$ Modco Reserve)		
	Liability for deposit-type contracts (including \$		
	Contract claims:		
	4.1 Life		
5.	4.2 Accident and health		0
	Provision for policyholders' dividends, refunds to members and coupons payable in following calendar year—estimated		
	amounts: 6.1 Policyholders' dividends and refunds to members apportioned for payment (including \$		ا ،
	6.2 Policyholders' dividends and refunds to members not yet apportioned (including \$		0
	6.3 Coupons and similar benefits (including \$ Modco)		0
	Amount provisionally held for deferred dividend policies not included in Line 6		0
٥,	Premiums and annuity considerations for life and accident and health contracts received in advance less \$		0
9.	Contract liabilities not included elsewhere:		
	9.1 Surrender values on canceled contracts		0
	9.2 Provision for experience rating refunds, including the liability of \$ accident and health experience rating refunds of which \$ is for medical loss ratio rebate per the Public Health		
	Service Act		
	9.3 Other amounts payable on reinsurance, including \$ assumed and \$ ceded	3,492	14,948
10	9.4 Interest Maintenance Reserve	ļ0 ļ	0
10.	accident and health \$		o
	Commissions and expense allowances payable on reinsurance assumed		ا و
	General expenses due or accrued	200 , 188	134,429
13.	Transfers to Separate Accounts due or accrued (net) (including \$ accrued for expense allowances recognized in reserves, net of reinsured allowances)		n
14.	Taxes, licenses and fees due or accrued, excluding federal income taxes		0
15.1	Current federal and foreign income taxes, including \$on realized capital gains (losses)	320,572	722,779
	2 Net deferred tax liability		
	Amounts withheld or retained by reporting entity as agent or trustee		
18.	Amounts held for agents' account, including \$ agents' credit balances		0
	Remittances and items not allocated		
	Liability for benefits for employees and agents if not included above		0
22.	Borrowed money \$ and interest thereon \$		0
	Dividends to stockholders declared and unpaid		0
24.	Miscellaneous liabilities: 24.01 Asset valuation reserve	1 585 275	42 569
	24.02 Reinsurance in unauthorized and certified (\$) companies.		0
	24.03 Funds held under reinsurance treaties with unauthorized and certified (\$) reinsurers		
	24.04 Payable to parent, subsidiaries and affiliates		
	24,06 Liability for amounts held under uninsured plans		
	24.07 Funds held under coinsurance		
	24.08 Derivatives		
	24.10 Payable for securities lending		
	24,11 Capital notes \$ and interest thereon \$		0
	Aggregate write-ins for liabilities	205,575 352,832,117	15,014 353,502,761
	Total liabilities excluding Separate Accounts business (Lines 1 to 25)		353,502,761
	Total liabilities (Lines 26 and 27)		353,502,761
	Common capital stock	2,176,504	
	Preferred capital stock Aggregate write-ins for other than special surplus funds		823,496
32.	Surplus notes		3,000,000
	Gross paid in and contributed surplus		41,623,795
	Aggregate write-ins for special surplus funds Unassigned funds (surplus)	(63,953,924)	0
	Less treasury stock, at cost:		(010,600,10)
	36.1 shares common (value included in Line 29 \$ )		0
37	36.2	(19,330,129)	(10,351.847)
	Surplus (Total Lines 31 + 32 + 33 + 34 + 35 - 36) (Including \$	(16,330,129)	(7,351,847)
	Totals of Lines 28 and 38 (Page 2, Line 28, Col. 3)	336.501,988	346,150,914
	DETAILS OF WRITE-INS	200 575	
	Unclaimed Property	205,575	15,014
	Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 25 from overflow page	0	0
	Totals (Lines 2501 through 2503 plus 2598) (Line 25 above) Deferred Gain on Ceded Reinsurance	205,575	15,014
	Prior Period Adjustment - Investment income.		0 (436,027)
3103.			
	Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 31 from overflow page	ŏ	0
	Totals (Lines 3101 through 3103 plus 3198) (Line 31 above)	0	(436.027)
3402.			
	Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 34 from overflow page	0	0
2.00.	totale (emise etc. allough oftoo plus oftoo) (enile of aborto)	<u> </u>	V

#### **SUMMARY OF OPERATIONS**

	SUMINARY OF OPERA	TIONS		
		Current Year	Prior Year	3 Prior Year Ended
1.	Premiums and annuity considerations for life and accident and health contracts	To Date104, 162	Year to Date	December 31
			0	0
3.	Net investment income	7,908,909	10,928,394	12,287,751
4.			94,023	144, 166
5. 6.	Separate Accounts net galn from operations excluding unrealized gains or losses		0	
			0	
8.				
	8.1 Income from fees associated with investment management, administration and contract guarantees			
	from Separate Accounts		0	0
	8.2 Charges and fees for deposit-type contracts     8.3 Aggregate write-ins for miscellaneous income	24	35,766	35,766 (6,540)
9.	Totals (Lines 1 to 8.3)	8,040,571	11,187,003	12,612,464
10.		108,353	154,667	208,490
11.	Matured endowments (excluding guaranteed annual pure endowments)			0
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			86,322
13.			0	0
14.			6,386,876	0
				033,979
				208,635
	Payments on supplementary contracts with life contingencies			198,097
19,	Increase in aggregate reserves for life and accident and health contracts	(2,401,811)	2,556,041	(921,282)
20.		9,092,287	9,463,402	12,434,241
21.				0
22. 23.			3 877 820	0
	General insurance expenses and fraternal expenses			2,148,315 274.589
				(629)
				0
27.	Aggregate write-ins for deductions	22,881	1,489	1,544
	Totals (Lines 20 to 27)	11,152,992	13,583,500	14,858,060
29,		/2 442 424	(2.000.407)	(2.045.500)
30	Line 28)  Dividends to policyholders and refunds to members	(3,112,421)	(2,396,497)	(2,245,596)
31.				<u> </u>
"	taxes (Line 29 minus Line 30)	(3,112,421)	(2,396,497)	(2,245,596)
	Federal and foreign income taxes incurred (excluding tax on capital gains)		0	28,659
33.	Net gain from operations after dividends to policyholders, refunds to members and federal income taxes	(0.440.404)	(0.000.007)	(0.074.000)
24	and before realized capital gains or (losses) (Line 31 minus Line 32)	(3,112,421)	(2,390,497)	(2,274,255)
34.	less capital gains tax of \$ (excluding taxes of \$			
	transferred to the IMR)	13,714	(30,421,779)	(30,801,933)
35.	Net income (Line 33 plus Line 34)	(3,098,707)	(32,818,276)	(33,076,188)
	CAPITAL AND SURPLUS ACCOUNT			
	Capital and surplus, December 31, prior year	(7,351,847)	22,152,084	22,152,084
			(32,818,276)	(33,076,188)
	Change in net unrealized capital gains (losses) less capital gains tax of \$ Change in net unrealized foreign exchange capital gain (loss)			300,672
				7,071,251
	Change in nonadmitted assets			(8,240,804)
	Change In liability for reinsurance In unauthorized and certified companies		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	0′
43.	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			0
44.				4,440,915
45. 46.			0	0
47.	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		0	0
48.				0
49.	• .		o L	0
50.	Capital changes:			
l	50.1 Paid in		0	0
			***************************************	0
51	50.3 Transferred to surplus			0
۱ °''	51,1 Paid In		ol	n
	51.2 Transferred to capital (Stock Dividend)			0
	51,3 Transferred from capital			0
	51.4 Change in surplus as a result of reinsurance			0
	Dividends to stockhoklers		0	0
	Aggregate write-ins for gains and losses in surplus	/9 079 292\	(289,775)	(436,027)
	Net change in capital and surplus (Lines 37 through 53)	(8,978,282)	(29,203,563) (7,051,479)	(29,503,931)
<del>- 33.</del>	DETAILS OF WRITE-INS	(16,330,129)	(614,160,1)	(7,351,847)
08.301	Administrative and Service Fee Income	24	(6,540)	(6,540)
	Administrative and destrice the movie			
08,303				
	Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 8.3 from overflow page			0
	Totals (Lines 08.301 through 08.303 plus 08.398) (Line 8.3 above)	24	(6,540)	(6,540)
	Reinsurance Funds Withheld Investment Income.		0	0
	Miscellaneous Expenses.		(203)	(148)
	Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 27 from overflow page		1,692	1,692
	Totals (Lines 2701 through 2703 plus 2798) (Line 27 above)	22,881	1,489	1.544
	Deferred Gain on Ceded Reinsurance		(289,775)	0
5302.	Deferred Gain on Reinsurance		0	0
	Prior Period Adjustment - Investment income		ol.	(436,027)
5398.	Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 53 from overflow page	0	(289,775)	0 (436,027)

#### **CASH FLOW**

		1 1	2	3
		Current Year	Prior Year	Prior Year Ended
1		To Date	To Date	December 31
l	Cash from Operations			
1.	Premiums collected net of reinsurance	104.162	88,101	88.470
	Net investment income	7,848,007	7.945.435	
	Miscellaneous income	44,908	77.586	93.178
	Total (Lines 1 to 3)	7.997.077	8,111,122	9,803,221
	Benefit and loss related payments	6,634,964	5,642,841	16,262,917
6.	Net transfers to Separate Accounts, Segregated Accounts and Protected Cell Accounts	0,007,507		0,202,317
	Commissions, expenses paid and aggregate write-ins for deductions		4.392.117	2.561.409
	Dividends paid to policyholders	2,700.104	0	0
9.	Federal and foreign income taxes paid (recovered) net of \$			9
٠,	gains (losses)	0	٨	0
10	Total (Lines 5 through 9)	8,830,098	10.034.958	18,824,326
	Net cash from operations (Line 4 minus Line 10)	(833,021)	(1,923,836)	
11.	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	(833,021)	(1,923,836)	(9,021,105)
40	Cash from Investments			
12.	Proceeds from investments sold, malured or repaid:	05 475 000	05 050 000	
	12.1 Bonds		65,650,608	
	12.2 Stocks		13,300	13,300
	12.3 Mortgage loans		0	
	12.4 Real estate	<u>0</u>	0	0
	12.5 Other invested assets	P	0	0
	12.6 Net gains or (losses) on cash, cash equivalents and short-term investments		0	0
	12.7 Miscellaneous proceeds	2,352,845	29,939,385	30,313,150
	12,8 Total investment proceeds (Lines 12,1 to 12.7)	68,000,143	95,603,293	127,512,257
13.	Cost of investments acquired (long-term only):			
	13,1 Bonds		24,431,619	62,898,612
	13.2 Stocks	1,729.286	3,779,379	4,031,861
	13,3 Mortgage loans	0	0	0
	13,4 Real estate	O [	0	٥
	13.5 Other invested assets	0	0	0
	13.6 Miscellaneous applications	104.579	30,536,957	31,720,702
	13.7 Total investments acquired (Lines 13.1 to 13.6)	74,005,837	58,747,955	98,651,176
14.	Net increase (or decrease) in contract loans and premium notes	0	0	ρ
	Net cash from investments (Line 12.8 minus Line 13.7 and Line 14)	(6,005,693)	36,855,338	28,861,081
	Cash from Financing and Miscellaneous Sources	(0,000,000)	00,000,000	20,001,001
16.	Cash provided (applied):		I	
	16,1 Surplus notes, capital notes	اه	ا ۱	٥
	16.2 Capital and paid in surplus, less treasury stock		0	۸
	16,3 Borrowed funds			۷
	16.4 Net deposits on deposit-type contracts and other insurance liabilities		(186,090)	(222,374)
	16.5 Dividends to stockholders		0	(۱۹۱۵, ۱۹۶۸)
	16.6 Other cash provided (applied)	(940,624)	462,980	270.003
17	Net cash from financing and miscellaneous sources (Line 16.1 through Line 16.4 minus Line 16.5	(340,024)	402,300	210,003
	plus Line 16,6)	(1,730,781)	276,890	47.629
	RECONCILIATION OF CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND SHORT-TERM INVESTMENTS	11,100,101/	2,0,000	17,1023
18	Net change in cash, cash equivalents and short-term investments (Line 11, plus Lines 15 and 17)	(8 560 405)	35 208 302	19,887.606
	Cash, cash equivalents and short-term investments:			
	19.1 Beginning of year	40,836,153	20,948,547	20.948,547
	19.2 End of period (Line 18 plus Line 19.1)	32,266,657	56,156,939	40,836,153
	reac and or botton famo to bine (0.1)	32,200,037	00,100,939	40,030,133

# BANKERS LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY SCHEDULE OF AFFILIATED INVESTMENTS JUNE 30, 2021 AND SEPTEMBER 30, 2021 COMPARISON Book/ Adjusted Book/ Adjusted

					Book/ Adjusted	J	Book/ Adjusted	
CUSIP				Ca	rrying Value June	(	Carrying Value	
Identification	Description	A	Actual Cost	.,	30, 2021	Sep	otember 30, 2021	Change
99439FJM4	AAPC HOLDINGS, LLC	\$	4,632,253	\$	4,632,253	\$	4,632,253	\$ -
37940*AA3	ACADEMY FINANCIAL ASSETS, LLC		3,296,783		3,296,783		3,296,783	-
9941328T5	ACADEMY FINANCIAL ASSETS, LLC		3,058,698		3,058,698		3,058,698	-
9941327T4	AFA FKA AFI TERM		618,664		618,664		618,664	-
9941329Т6	AFA FKA GIC SR. NOTE		2,330,956		2,330,956		2,330,956	-
04686@AA9	AUGUSTA ASSET MANAGEMENT, LLC		4,392,842		4,392,842		4,392,842	-
05777@AA6	BALDWIN ASSET MANAGEMENT, LLC		1,083,727		1,083,727		1,083,727	-
13973@AA2	CAPITAL ASSETS FUND I LLC		3,449,436		3,449,436		3,449,436	-
9941317T1	CAPITAL ASSETS FUND II, LLC		2,627,968		2,627,968		2,627,968	-
9941317V6	CAPITAL ASSETS FUND IV, LLC		3,491,012		3,491,012		3,491,012	-
9941317U8	CAPITAL ASSETS FUND V, LLC		3,996,776		3,996,776		3,996,776	-
9941318T3	CAPITAL ASSETS MANAGEMENT II, LLC		1,365,633		1,365,633		1,365,633	-
99467UAA5	CV INVESTMENTS		3,010,621		3,010,621		3,010,621	-
9944639X1	CV INVESTMENTS, LLC		1,102,461		1,102,461		1,102,461	-
37562#AA6	GILFORD ASSET MANAGEMENT, LLC		4,662,737		4,662,737		4,662,737	-
9942228W1	GILFORD ASSET MANAGEMENT, LLC		147,347		147,347		147,347	-
40905#AA6	HAMPTON ASSET MANAGEMENT, LLC		895,432		895,432		895,432	-
9941557U3	HPCSP INVESTMENTS, LLC		633,234		633,234		633,234	-
46275@AA7	IRON CITY ASSET MANAGEMENT, LLC		768,088		768,088		768,088	-
46563@AA8	ITECH FUNDING LLC		1,076,630		1,076,630		1,076,630	-
46662#AA6	JACKSON ASSET MANAGEMENT, LLC		786,748		786,748		786,748	-
9947669V1	NIH CAPITAL, LLC		804,200		804,200		804,200	-
65532NAA7	NOM GB 2018 I LLC		1,055,913		1,054,687		1,054,593	(94)
72083RAA7	PIERRE MENDES LLC		4,196,652		4,196,652		4,196,652	-
86576#AA7	SUMMERVILLE ASSET MANAGEMENT, LLC		1,061,006		1,061,006		1,061,006	-
87339#AA3	TAC INVESTMENTS LLC		5,666,188		5,666,188		5,666,188	-
	Total	\$	60,212,005	\$	60,210,779	\$	60,210,685	\$ (94)

# COLORADO BANKERS LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY NORTH CAROLINA COMMISSIONER OF INSURANCE AS REHABILITATOR AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2021,

A BALANCE SHEET

AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

A SUMMARY OF OPERATIONS AND STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW
THROUGH SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

AND

A SCHEDULE OF LINDBERG AFFILIATED INVESTMENTS
AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

#### INTRODUCTION

#### **BACKGROUND**

Colorado Bankers Life Insurance Company (hereinafter, "CBL" or "Company") was originally incorporated under the laws of the State of Colorado as a stock life insurance company on May 28, 1974. On December 14, 2015, the Company redomesticated to North Carolina. On June 27, 2019, the Wake County Superior Court (hereinafter, the "Court") issued an Order of Rehabilitation (hereinafter, "Order") against the Company and appointed the Commissioner of Insurance for the State of North Carolina as Rehabilitator (hereinafter, the "Rehabilitator"). On June 27, 2019, the Court also entered an Order Granting Motion for Moratorium on Policy Surrenders and Other Relief (hereinafter "Moratorium").

The Company is part of a group of insurance companies known as Global Bankers Insurance Group (hereinafter, "GBIG"). GBIG is part of a larger group of companies known as Global Growth (f/k/a Eli Global). Global Growth is owned by Greg Lindberg (hereinafter, "Lindberg").

#### PURPOSE OF THIS REPORT

The purpose of this report is to provide a quarterly update to the Court, as required by the Order, on the work that the Rehabilitator and his staff have carried out since the issuance of the Order, to set out the present situation of the Company, and to provide a balance sheet and schedule of Lindberg affiliated investments as of September 30, 2021, and a summary of operations and statement of cash flow through September 30, 2021.

#### **LIMITATIONS**

This report is based only on the knowledge that the Rehabilitator and his staff have gained from the work performed since the issuance of the Order. Facts may exist that the Rehabilitator is unaware of that may have a material effect on the information provided in this report. The Rehabilitator will update the information in future quarterly reports as additional facts are discovered.

#### **SUMMARY**

#### **COMPANY PROPERTY**

- In accordance with the Order, the Rehabilitator has taken possession of all known assets and property of the Company.
- The Rehabilitator is currently evaluating the Company's in-force business and reinsurance programs in furtherance of determining the feasibility of a successful rehabilitation.

### MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING AND INTERIM AMENDMENT TO LOAN AGREEMENTS

On June 27, 2019, the Company entered into a Memorandum of Understanding ("MOU") and Interim Amendment to Loan Agreements ("IALA") with Greg E. Lindberg, Academy Association, Inc. and Edwards Mill Asset Management, LLC. The Parties executed this MOU to set forth their agreements, including but not limited to, (i) the immediate partial amendment of, among other things, the interest rate and repayment terms of various affiliated loans through the IALA; (ii) the global restructuring of various affiliated companies through the formation of a new holding

company; and (iii) the global restructuring and modifications of all affiliated loans, including assignment of the loans to such new holding company. The restructuring was to be completed by September 30, 2019. The restructuring was not completed by this date. The Company, along with the other insurance companies in rehabilitation, filed a Complaint against the other parties to the MOU on October 1, 2019. See the Investment Portfolio and Litigation sections for more information.

#### INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO

The goal of the Rehabilitator is to reduce the amount of affiliated investments and to increase long-term liquidity. The non-affiliated investments are invested primarily in publicly traded securities. The Rehabilitator is working on a plan for the Global Growth non-insurance operating companies to repay the affiliated investments.

- The Company has approximately \$961MM of affiliated investments as of September 30, 2021. This represents 40% of the admitted assets.
- In June 2019, the Company extended a \$40MM line of credit ("LOC") to Academy Financial Assets, LLC, an affiliate, for liquidity purposes. As of September 30, 2021, 2021, \$39.75MM had been advanced and \$.155MM of unpaid interest was allocated to the principal (capitalization of interest), which totals \$39.9MM. The LOC requires monthly interest payments and matured on June 27, 2020. The principal payment was not received on the LOC and, therefore, it is in default. Monthly interest at the non-default rate is being received. This LOC has been reclassed from affiliated investments to an affiliated receivable. See the Litigation section for more information.
- During the quarter, the Company received some interest payments on the affiliated investments. The amount received was not in accordance with the IALA. See the Litigation section for more information.
- During the quarter, Imaginetics was downgraded to a NAIC rating of 6 and marked to fair value which generated a negative surplus impact of \$6.2MM.

#### REINSURANCE

The Company entered into a reinsurance agreement with Nederlandsche Algemeene Maatschappij Van Levensversichering Conservatrix N.V. ("Conservatrix"). The agreement was originally effective June 30, 2017 and provided for CBL to reinsure Conservatrix on an aggregate excess of loss basis with treaty. The Rehabilitator disavowed the reinsurance agreement on December 22, 2019. See the Litigation section for additional information.

#### EXPENSE REDUCTIONS

The Rehabilitator is evaluating the Company's contracts to identify those that are essential for ongoing operations. As part of this effort, the Rehabilitator is also attempting to negotiate more favorable terms of essential contracts.

#### LITIGATION

To the Rehabilitator's knowledge, the Company is a party to or has a financial interest in the following lawsuits:

#### Non-Affiliated

The following litigation was initiated against the Company by non-Global Growth affiliated persons and/or entities:

Colorado Bankers Life Insurance Company v. Avalon by the Sea AC, LLC, et al., Case No. 18-SM-cv-00144, Superior Court of California, Los Angeles County.

This case was filed on October 17, 2018. CBL sued Avalon by the Sea AC, LLC ("Avalon"), alleging default on credit facility for mental health and drug/alcohol rehabilitation facilities in Southern California and seeking appointment of a Receiver. Alpine Capital is the agent/servicer.

The appointed Receiver is attempting to maximize value and ultimately sell assets of Avalon. Following reports of the Receiver, and at the request of CBL, the court extended the Receivership through April 20, 2020. On February 20, 2020, the Receiver applied for an Order approving the execution of a lease to expand the facility and approving a Receiver's Certificate of Indebtedness in favor of the new landlord in an amount of up to \$500,000. The Court approved the Receiver's requests. The Court also approved the Receiver executing an amended lease agreement which extends the operative lease term of a facility through March 31, 2025. Due to the COVID-19 pandemic and Court closures, the Court held its status conference on June 22, 2020, and extended the receivership through September 22, 2020. On September 22, 2020, the Court extended the receivership through December 16, 2020. On December 16, 2020, the Court extended the receivership through March 18, 2021. On March 18, 2021 the Court extended the receivership through September 9, 2021. On September 9, 2021 the Court extended the receivership through December 9, 2021.

In re Marriage of Alice C. Lager v. Howard E. Lager and Global Bankers Insurance Group (potential joinder of Colorado Bankers Life Insurance Company), Case No. 18WHFL00213, Superior Court of California, County of Los Angeles.

This case was filed on May 22, 2019. This is a divorce proceeding in which Petitioner alleges an interest in CBL's policies of Respondent.

Joinder was filed adding GBIG, LLC as a Defendant in the divorce proceeding on May 22, 2019. Defendant/Husband is a policyholder of CBL. Counsel for Petitioner has been advised she joined the wrong party.

Colorado Bankers Life Insurance Company v. Jamie Marie Hunt, Amariah Smith, John S. Isola, and Diane M. Isola and Christine N. Isola as the Personal Representatives of the Estate of Eva J. Forney, Case No. 21 CVS 13309, Wake County, North Carolina.

CBL filed this interpleader action on September 30, 2021 in the Superior Court of Wake County, against Jamie Marie Hunt, Amariah Smith, John S. Isola, and Diane M. Isola and Christine N. Isola in their capacities as personal representatives of the Estate of Eva J. Forney, related to a disputed portion of a death benefit payable under an Annuity Policy that CBL issued to Eva J. Forney. On October 14, 2021, CBLI filed a Motion for Determination of Interpleader, Motion to Deposit Funds with Court, and Motion for Discharge, asking the Court for an order determining

the matter is a proper action and proceeding for interpleader, granting leave for CBL to deposit the disputed portion of the death benefit with the Clerk of Wake County Superior Court, and discharging CBL from the case and any liability under the benefit at issue. CBL requested a hearing on the pending motion. To date, none of the defendants have responded to the interpleader complaint.

#### **Affiliated**

The following litigation was initiated by one or more of the North Carolina Insurance Companies in Rehabilitation against Global Growth affiliated entities:

Southland National Insurance Corporation in Rehabilitation, Bankers Life Insurance Company in Rehabilitation, Colorado Bankers Life Insurance Company in Rehabilitation, and Southland National Reinsurance Corporation in Rehabilitation v. Greg Lindberg, Academy Association, Inc., Edwards Mill Asset Management, LLC, New England Capital, LLC, and Private Bankers Life and Annuity Co., Ltd., Case No. 19 CVS 013093, Wake County, North Carolina.

This case was filed on October 1, 2019, alleging a breach of the contract entered into by the parties on June 27, 2019. An Amended Complaint was filed on October 28, 2019 and added claims for fraud and negligent misrepresentation arising from statements contained in the June 27, 2019 contract and the Defendants' conduct.

On October 1, 2019, the Wake County Superior Court entered a Temporary Restraining Order ("TRO"), which remains in place, as amended by the Court on April 1, 2020 and June 23, 2020. Essentially, the TRO prohibits the Defendants from taking any action that would negatively impact the value of Plaintiffs' investments into Defendants' companies.

The Defendants moved to dismiss the original Complaint and the Amended Complaint on various grounds. The Court denied those motions in an Order filed on January 21, 2020. Defendants filed an Answer to the Amended Complaint on February 20, 2020.

The Court entered a Case Management Order and set the matter for trial in February 2021. On July 8, 2020, Defendants filed a Motion to Modify the Case Management Order & For Continuance seeking to extend all discovery deadlines and the trial for 120 days. On August 5, 2020, the Court entered an order extending all discovery deadlines by 90 days with discovery to be completed by December 31, 2020 but kept the trial set for February 1, 2021.

The Court severed Defendant PB Life and Annuity Co. Ltd. f/k/a Private Bankers Life and Annuity Co., Ltd. ("PBLA") from this litigation after it filed Chapter 15 bankruptcy, *In re: PB Life and Annuity Co. Ltd.*, No. 1:20-BK-12791, pending in the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Southern District of New York. Plaintiffs' claims against PBLA are expected to be stayed during the pendency of its bankruptcy proceeding; however, Plaintiffs' claims against the other defendants are unaffected.

On January 8, 2021, the Court entered a Second Case Management Order extending the discovery deadline to February 28, 2021 and setting the trial for April 15, 2021.

On March 19, 2021, the Court entered an order extending the time to take the depositions of Defendants Greg Lindberg, AAI, and NEC to May 14, 2021. The Court also ordered that all dispositive motions be filed by June 2, 2021, responses filed by June 9, 2021, and hearing on said motions to occur the week of June 14, 2021.

On June 9, 2021, the Parties filed respective Motions for Summary Judgment and on June 14, 2021, the Parties filed their respective responses. The Court orally denied the Motions for Summary Judgment and trial commenced on June 21, 2021. Trial concluded on June 30, 2021. Post-trial briefing was filed on August 31, 2021, after which the Court will enter an order on the issues tried. Defendants filed a Motion to Strike certain exhibits on September 3, 2021 and Objections to Relief Requested on October 1, 2021. The Court heard argument on the Motion to Strike and Objection on October 13, 2021. The motion and objection remain pending.

Colorado Bankers Life Insurance Company v. Academy Financial Assets, LLC, Case No. 5:20-CV-185-D, Eastern District of North Carolina ("Credit Agreement lawsuit").

This case was filed on April 1, 2020, in the Superior Court of Wake County, North Carolina alleging a breach of a Revolving Credit Agreement, entered into by the parties on June 27, 2019. The Complaint seeks repayment of an approximately \$40MM credit facility extended to Defendant where a defined event of default occurred, namely the restructuring plan set forth in the MOU was not effective as of March 31, 2020. On May 4, 2020, the Defendant removed the action to the Eastern District of North Carolina. The Defendant filed an Answer to the Complaint on June 1, 2020, generally denying liability and asserting affirmative defenses.

On July 15, 2020, the Parties entered a Joint Rule 26(f) Planning Meeting Report agreeing to a scheduling order with discovery set to conclude by January 31, 2021, dispositive motions to be filed by February 26, 2021, and for a trial to be scheduled thereafter at the Court's discretion.

On July 23, 2020, CBL filed an Amended Complaint to add as an event of default the Defendant's failure to pay the outstanding loan on the June 30, 2020 maturity date. The Defendant filed an Answer to the Amended Complaint on August 6, 2020, generally denying liability and asserting affirmative defenses.

On October 19, 2020, the Court entered a Scheduling Order setting February 5, 2021 as the deadline to complete discovery, and March 5, 2021 as the deadline to file dispositive motions, among other discovery deadlines. On November 19, 2020, the Court entered the parties' Protective Order governing the handling of confidential information.

On December 30, 2020, the parties filed a Motion for Entry of Consent Order related to the production of certain discovery documents. This motion remains pending with the Court.

On January 19, 2021, the parties sought an extension of the deadline to complete discovery from February 5, 2021 to February 28, 2021. This motion was granted on January 26, 2021. On February 8, 2021, AFA filed a Motion for Protective Order and Extension of Deadlines in Scheduling Order seeking additional time to take AFA's deposition pursuant to Rule 30(b)(6). On March 9, 2021, after hearing, the Court denied AFA's motion for protective order and granted its

extension of time to complete AFA's Rule 30(b)(6) deposition to and including April 9, 2021. The order also extended the deadline to file dispositive motions to May 10, 2021.

On May 10, 2021, CBL filed its Motion for Summary Judgment on both claims asserted in its Amended Verified Complaint. On June 22, 2021, Defendant filed its opposition to CBL's motion, and on July 6, 2021, CBL filed its reply to Defendant's response. The motion is ripe for ruling and pending before the Court.

## Colorado Bankers Life Insurance Company v. AR Purchasing Solutions 2, LLC, Case No. 5:20-CV-366-D, Eastern District of North Carolina.

This case was filed on June 5, 2020, in the Superior Court of Wake County, North Carolina alleging a breach of a loan agreement, as modified by the IALA, entered into by the parties on June 27, 2019. CBL filed this action in its capacity as agent of the loan and is the only lender of the loan. The Defendant defaulted on its payment obligations by failing to make interest payments when required under the loan agreements. The Complaint seeks repayment of \$3,201,655, minus the partial payment of \$38,643.32, plus interest at a rate of \$852.41 per diem from May 1, 2020 until paid in full. On July 13, 2020, the Defendant removed the action to the Eastern District of North Carolina.

On July 16, 2020, CBL filed a Notice of Related Cases informing the Court that the IALA lawsuits and the Credit Agreement lawsuit were related, and involved many of the same parties, transactions, and events. On July 22, 2020, this action was assigned to be heard before the Honorable James C. Dever III.

The Defendant answered the Complaint on August 26, 2020 and filed counterclaims against CBL for alleged breach of contract, breach of the covenant of good faith and fair dealing, and breach of fiduciary duty. On October 12, 2020, CBL moved to dismiss the second and third counterclaims. Defendant filed its response in opposition to CBL's partial motion to dismiss on December 2, 2020.

On December 8, 2020, CBL filed a motion to consolidate the 26 federal IALA cases to promote efficiency and judicial economy. On December 29, 2020, Defendants filed their response in opposition to the motion to consolidate. On January 12, 2021, CBL filed its reply to Defendant's response.

On July 20, 2021, the Court denied CBL's motion to dismiss Defendant's second and third counterclaims, as well as CBL's motion to consolidate. CBL filed its answer to the Defendant's counterclaims on August 3, 2021.

On September 3, 2021, the parties held their Rule 26(f) discovery planning meeting, and on September 17, 2021 filed a Rule 26(f) report with the Court which included a proposed discovery plan and other proposed case deadlines. On October 1, 2021, the Court entered a scheduling order setting various case deadlines with all discovery to be completed by September 22, 2022, and dispositive motions to be filed September 30, 2022.

On October 22, 2021, the Court appointed the parties' agreed upon mediator.

Southland National Insurance Corporation v. AR Purchasing Solutions, LLC, Case No. 5:20-CV-367-D, Eastern District of North Carolina.

This case was filed on June 5, 2020, in the Superior Court of Wake County, North Carolina alleging a breach of a loan agreement, as modified by the IALA, entered into by the parties on June 27, 2019. Southland National Insurance Company ("SNIC") filed this action in its capacity as agent of the loan but is not a lender on this loan. CBL is the only lender on this loan. The Defendant defaulted on its payment obligations by failing to make interest payments when required under the loan agreements. The Complaint seeks repayment of \$3,711,788, minus the partial payment of \$33,647.19, plus interest at a rate of \$988.23 per diem from May 1, 2020 until paid in full. On July 13, 2020, the Defendant removed the action to the Eastern District of North Carolina.

On July 16, 2020, SNIC filed a Notice of Related Cases informing the Court that the IALA lawsuits and the Credit Agreement lawsuit, discussed below, were related, and involved many of the same parties, transactions, and events. On July 22, 2020, this action was assigned to be heard before the Honorable James C. Dever III.

The Defendant answered the Complaint on August 10, 2020 and filed counterclaims against SNIC for alleged breach of contract, breach of the covenant of good faith and fair dealing, and breach of fiduciary duty. On October 12, 2020, SNIC moved to dismiss the second and third counterclaims. Defendant filed its response in opposition to SNIC's partial motion to dismiss on December 2, 2020.

On December 8, 2020, SNIC filed a motion to consolidate the 26 federal IALA cases to promote efficiency and judicial economy. On December 29, 2020, Defendant filed its response in opposition to the motion to consolidate. On January 12, 2021, SNIC filed its reply to Defendant's response.

On July 20, 2021, the Court denied SNIC's motion to dismiss Defendant's second and third counterclaims, as well as SNIC's motion to consolidate. SNIC filed its answer to the Defendant's counterclaims on August 3, 2021.

On September 3, 2021, the parties held their Rule 26(f) discovery planning meeting, and on September 17, 2021, filed a Rule 26(f) report with the Court which included a proposed discovery plan and other proposed case deadlines. On October 1, 2021, the Court entered a scheduling order setting various case deadlines with all discovery to be completed by September 22, 2022, and dispositive motions to be filed September 30, 2022.

On October 22, 2021, the Court appointed the parties' agreed upon mediator.

Colorado Bankers Life Insurance Company v. Forest Park Asset Management, LLC, iTech Funding, LLC, FPAM Holdings, I, LLC, Case No. 5:20-CV-368-D, Eastern District of North Carolina.

This case was filed on June 5, 2020, in the Superior Court of Wake County, North Carolina alleging a breach of a loan agreement, as modified by the IALA, entered into by CBL and Defendant Forest Part Asset Management, LLC ("Defendant Borrower") on June 27, 2019. CBL filed this action in its capacity as agent of the loan. CBL and SNIC are lenders on this loan. The Defendant Borrower

defaulted on its payment obligations by failing to make interest payments when required under the loan agreements. The Complaint seeks repayment of \$26,689,073 plus interest at a rate of \$7,105.72 per diem from May 1, 2020 until paid in full. On July 13, 2020, the Defendant Borrower removed the action to the Eastern District of North Carolina.

On July 16, 2020, CBL filed a Notice of Related Cases informing the Court that the IALA lawsuits and the Credit Agreement lawsuit were related, and involved many of the same parties, transactions, and events. On July 22, 2020, this action was assigned to be heard before the Honorable James C. Dever III.

On August 7, 2020, an Amended Complaint was filed to add causes of action against iTech Funding, LLC and FPAM Holdings I, LLC seeking an order allowing foreclosure of the pledged property.

The Defendants answered the Amended Complaint on August 21, 2020 and Defendant Borrower filed counterclaims against CBL for alleged breach of contract, breach of the covenant of good faith and fair dealing, and breach of fiduciary duty. On October 12, 2020, CBL moved to dismiss the second and third counterclaims. Defendant Borrower filed its response in opposition to CBL's partial motion to dismiss on December 2, 2020.

On December 8, 2020, CBL filed a motion to consolidate the 26 federal IALA cases to promote efficiency and judicial economy. On December 29, 2020, Defendants filed their response in opposition to the motion to consolidate. On January 12, 2021, CBL filed its reply to Defendants' response.

On July 20, 2021, the Court denied CBL's motion to dismiss Defendant's second and third counterclaims, as well as CBL's motion to consolidate. CBL filed its answer to the Defendant's counterclaims on August 3, 2021.

On September 3, 2021, the parties held their Rule 26(f) discovery planning meeting, and on September 17, 2021, filed a Rule 26(f) report with the Court which included a proposed discovery plan and other proposed case deadlines. On October 1, 2021, the Court entered a scheduling order setting various case deadlines with all discovery to be completed by September 22, 2022, and dispositive motions to be filed September 30, 2022.

On October 22, 2021, the Court appointed the parties' agreed upon mediator.

Colorado Bankers Life Insurance Company v. Hampton Asset Management, LLC, Case No. 5:20-CV-369-D, Eastern District of North Carolina.

This case was filed on June 5, 2020, in the Superior Court of Wake County, North Carolina alleging a breach of a loan agreement, as modified by the IALA, entered into by the parties on June 27, 2019. CBL filed this action in its capacity as agent of the loan. CBL and Bankers Life Insurance Company ("BLIC") are lenders on this loan. The Defendant defaulted on its payment obligations by failing to make interest payments when required under the loan agreements. The Complaint seeks repayment of \$32,043,602 plus interest at a rate of \$8,531.31 per diem from May 1, 2020 until paid in full. On July 13, 2020, the Defendant removed the action to the Eastern District of North Carolina.

On July 16, 2020, CBL filed a Notice of Related Cases informing the Court that the IALA lawsuits and the Credit Agreement lawsuit were related, and involved many of the same parties, transactions, and events. On July 22, 2020, this action was assigned to be heard before the Honorable James C. Dever III.

The Defendant answered the Complaint on August 26, 2020 and filed counterclaims against CBL for alleged breach of contract, breach of the covenant of good faith and fair dealing, and breach of fiduciary duty. On October 12, 2020, CBL moved to dismiss the second and third counterclaims. Defendant filed its response in opposition to CBL's partial motion to dismiss on December 2, 2020.

On December 8, 2020, CBL filed a motion to consolidate the 26 federal IALA cases to promote efficiency and judicial economy. On December 29, 2020, Defendant filed its response in opposition to the motion to consolidate. On January 12, 2021, CBL filed its reply to Defendant's response.

On July 20, 2021, the Court denied CBL's motion to dismiss Defendant's second and third counterclaims, as well as CBL's motion to consolidate. CBL filed its answer to the Defendant's counterclaims on August 3, 2021.

On September 3, 2021, the parties held their Rule 26(f) discovery planning meeting, and on September 17, 2021, filed a Rule 26(f) report with the Court which included a proposed discovery plan and other proposed case deadlines. On October 1, 2021, the Court entered a scheduling order setting various case deadlines with all discovery to be completed by September 22, 2022, and dispositive motions to be filed September 30, 2022.

On October 22, 2021, the Court appointed the parties' agreed upon mediator.

Colorado Bankers Life Insurance Company v. Jackson Asset Management, LLC, Case No. 5:20-CV-370-D, Eastern District of North Carolina.

This case was filed on June 5, 2020, in the Superior Court of Wake County, North Carolina alleging a breach of a loan agreement, as modified by the IALA, entered into by the parties on June 27, 2019. CBL filed this action in its capacity as agent of the loan. CBL and BLIC are lenders on this loan. The Defendant defaulted on its payment obligations by failing to make interest payments when required under the loan agreements. The Complaint seeks repayment of \$26,134,021 plus interest at a rate of \$6,957.94 per diem from May 1, 2020 until paid in full. On July 13, 2020, the Defendant removed the action to the Eastern District of North Carolina.

On July 16, 2020, CBL filed a Notice of Related Cases informing the Court that the IALA lawsuits and the Credit Agreement lawsuit were related, and involved many of the same parties, transactions, and events. On July 22, 2020, this action was assigned to be heard before the Honorable James C. Dever III.

The Defendant answered the Complaint on August 26, 2020 and filed counterclaims against CBL for alleged breach of contract, breach of the covenant of good faith and fair dealing, and breach of fiduciary duty. On October 12, 2020, CBL moved to dismiss the second and third counterclaims.

Defendant filed its response in opposition to CBL's partial motion to dismiss on December 2, 2020.

On December 8, 2020, CBL filed a motion to consolidate the 26 federal IALA cases to promote efficiency and judicial economy. On December 29, 2020, Defendant filed its response in opposition to the motion to consolidate. On January 12, 2021, CBL filed its reply to Defendant's response.

On July 20, 2021, the Court denied CBL's motion to dismiss Defendant's second and third counterclaims, as well as CBL's motion to consolidate. CBL filed its answer to the Defendant's counterclaims on August 3, 2021.

On September 3, 2021, the parties held their Rule 26(f) discovery planning meeting, and on September 17, 2021, filed a Rule 26(f) report with the Court which included a proposed discovery plan and other proposed case deadlines. On October 1, 2021, the Court entered a scheduling order setting various case deadlines with all discovery to be completed by September 22, 2022, and dispositive motions to be filed September 30, 2022.

On October 22, 2021, the Court appointed the parties' agreed upon mediator.

Colorado Bankers Life Insurance Company v. Kite Asset Management, LLC, Case No. 5:20-CV-371-D, Eastern District of North Carolina.

This case was filed on June 5, 2020, in the Superior Court of Wake County, North Carolina alleging a breach of a loan agreement, as modified by the IALA, entered into by the parties on June 27, 2019. CBL filed this action in its capacity as agent of the loan. CBL is also the only lender of this loan. The Defendant defaulted on its payment obligations by failing to make interest payments when required under the loan agreements. The Complaint seeks repayment of \$37,104,611 plus interest at a rate of \$9,878.76 per diem from May 1, 2020 until paid in full. On July 13, 2020, the Defendant removed the action to the Eastern District of North Carolina.

On July 16, 2020, CBL filed a Notice of Related Cases informing the Court that the IALA lawsuits and the Credit Agreement lawsuit were related, and involved many of the same parties, transactions, and events. On July 22, 2020, this action was assigned to be heard before the Honorable James C. Dever III.

The Defendant answered the Complaint on August 26, 2020 and filed counterclaims against CBL for alleged breach of contract, breach of the covenant of good faith and fair dealing, and breach of fiduciary duty. On October 12, 2020, CBL moved to dismiss the second and third counterclaims. Defendant filed its response in opposition to CBL's partial motion to dismiss on December 2, 2020.

On December 8, 2020, CBL filed a motion to consolidate the 26 federal IALA cases to promote efficiency and judicial economy. On December 29, 2020, Defendant filed its response in opposition to the motion to consolidate. On January 12, 2021, CBL filed its reply to Defendant's response.

On July 20, 2021, the Court denied CBL's motion to dismiss Defendant's second and third counterclaims, as well as CBL's motion to consolidate. CBL filed its answer to the Defendant's counterclaims on August 3, 2021.

On September 3, 2021, the parties held their Rule 26(f) discovery planning meeting, and on September 17, 2021, filed a Rule 26(f) report with the Court which included a proposed discovery plan and other proposed case deadlines. On October 1, 2021, the Court entered a scheduling order setting various case deadlines with all discovery to be completed by September 22, 2022, and dispositive motions to be filed September 30, 2022.

On October 22, 2021, the Court appointed the parties' agreed upon mediator.

Colorado Bankers Life Insurance Company v. Marshall Asset Management, LLC, Case No. 5:20-CV-372-D, Eastern District of North Carolina.

This case was filed on June 5, 2020, in the Superior Court of Wake County, North Carolina alleging a breach of a loan agreement, as modified by the IALA, entered into by the parties on June 27, 2019. CBL filed this action in its capacity as agent of the loan. CBL is also the only lender of the loan. The Defendant defaulted on its payment obligations by failing to make interest payments when required under the loan agreements. The Complaint seeks repayment of \$33,208,476 plus interest at a rate of \$8,841.45 per diem from May 1, 2020 until paid in full. On July 13, 2020, the Defendant removed the action to the Eastern District of North Carolina.

On July 16, 2020, CBL filed a Notice of Related Cases informing the Court that the IALA lawsuits and the Credit Agreement lawsuit were related, and involved many of the same parties, transactions, and events. On July 22, 2020, this action was assigned to be heard before the Honorable James C. Dever III.

The Defendant answered the Complaint on August 26, 2020 and filed counterclaims against CBL for alleged breach of contract, breach of the covenant of good faith and fair dealing, and breach of fiduciary duty. On October 12, 2020, CBL moved to dismiss the second and third counterclaims. Defendant filed its response in opposition to CBL's partial motion to dismiss on December 2, 2020.

On December 8, 2020, CBL filed a motion to consolidate the 26 federal IALA cases to promote efficiency and judicial economy. On December 29, 2020, Defendant filed its response in opposition to the motion to consolidate. On January 12, 2021, CBL filed its reply to Defendant's response.

On July 20, 2021, the Court denied CBL's motion to dismiss Defendant's second and third counterclaims, as well as CBL's motion to consolidate. CBL filed its answer to the Defendant's counterclaims on August 3, 2021.

On September 3, 2021, the parties held their Rule 26(f) discovery planning meeting, and on September 17, 2021, filed a Rule 26(f) report with the Court which included a proposed discovery plan and other proposed case deadlines. On October 1, 2021, the Court entered a scheduling order setting various case deadlines with all discovery to be completed by September 22, 2022, and dispositive motions to be filed September 30, 2022.

On October 22, 2021, the Court appointed the parties' agreed upon mediator.

Colorado Bankers Life Insurance Company v. Paradise Asset Management, LLC, Case No. 5:20-CV-373-D, Eastern District of North Carolina.

This case was filed on June 5, 2020, in the Superior Court of Wake County, North Carolina alleging a breach of a loan agreement, as modified by the IALA, entered into by the parties on June 27, 2019. CBL filed this action in its capacity as agent of the loan. CBL is also the only lender of the loan. The Defendant defaulted on its payment obligations by failing to make interest payments when required under the loan agreements. The Complaint seeks repayment of \$42,646,801 plus interest at a rate of \$11,354.31 per diem from May 1, 2020 until paid in full. On July 13, 2020, the Defendant removed the action to the Eastern District of North Carolina.

On July 16, 2020, CBL filed a Notice of Related Cases informing the Court that the IALA lawsuits and the Credit Agreement lawsuit were related, and involved many of the same parties, transactions, and events. On July 22, 2020, this action was assigned to be heard before the Honorable James C. Dever III.

The Defendant answered the Complaint on August 26, 2020 and filed counterclaims against CBL for alleged breach of contract, breach of the covenant of good faith and fair dealing, and breach of fiduciary duty. On October 12, 2020, CBL moved to dismiss the second and third counterclaims. Defendant filed its response in opposition to CBL's partial motion to dismiss on December 2, 2020.

On December 8, 2020, CBL filed a motion to consolidate the 26 federal IALA cases to promote efficiency and judicial economy. On December 29, 2020, Defendant filed its response in opposition to the motion to consolidate. On January 12, 2021, CBL filed its reply to Defendant's response.

On July 20, 2021, the Court denied CBL's motion to dismiss Defendant's second and third counterclaims, as well as CBL's motion to consolidate. CBL filed its answer to the Defendant's counterclaims on August 3, 2021.

On September 3, 2021, the parties held their Rule 26(f) discovery planning meeting, and on September 17, 2021, filed a Rule 26(f) report with the Court which included a proposed discovery plan and other proposed case deadlines. On October 1, 2021, the Court entered a scheduling order setting various case deadlines with all discovery to be completed by September 22, 2022, and dispositive motions to be filed September 30, 2022.

On October 22, 2021, the Court appointed the parties' agreed upon mediator.

Colorado Bankers Life Insurance Company v. Rockdale Asset Management, LLC, Case No. 5:20-CV-374-D, Eastern District of North Carolina.

This case was filed on June 5, 2020, in the Superior Court of Wake County, North Carolina alleging a breach of a loan agreement, as modified by the IALA, entered into by the parties on June 27, 2019. CBL filed this action in its capacity as agent of the loan. CBL is the also the only lender of the loan. The Defendant defaulted on its payment obligations by failing to make interest payments

when required under the loan agreements. The Complaint seeks repayment of \$42,604,796 plus interest at a rate of \$11,343.13 per diem from May 1, 2020 until paid in full. On July 13, 2020, the Defendant removed the action to the Eastern District of North Carolina.

On July 16, 2020, CBL filed a Notice of Related Cases informing the Court that the IALA lawsuits and the Credit Agreement lawsuit were related, and involved many of the same parties, transactions, and events. On July 22, 2020, this action was assigned to be heard before the Honorable James C. Dever III.

The Defendant answered the Complaint on August 26, 2020 and filed counterclaims against CBL for alleged breach of contract, breach of the covenant of good faith and fair dealing, and breach of fiduciary duty. On October 12, 2020, CBL moved to dismiss the second and third counterclaims. Defendant filed its response in opposition to CBL's partial motion to dismiss on December 2, 2020.

On December 8, 2020, CBL filed a motion to consolidate the 26 federal IALA cases to promote efficiency and judicial economy. On December 29, 2020, Defendant filed its response in opposition to the motion to consolidate. On January 12, 2021, CBL filed its reply to Defendant's response.

On July 20, 2021, the Court denied CBL's motion to dismiss Defendant's second and third counterclaims, as well as CBL's motion to consolidate. CBL filed its answer to the Defendant's counterclaims on August 3, 2021.

On September 3, 2021, the parties held their Rule 26(f) discovery planning meeting, and on September 17, 2021, filed a Rule 26(f) report with the Court which included a proposed discovery plan and other proposed case deadlines. On October 1, 2021, the Court entered a scheduling order setting various case deadlines with all discovery to be completed by September 22, 2022, and dispositive motions to be filed September 30, 2022.

On October 22, 2021, the Court appointed the parties' agreed upon mediator.

Colorado Bankers Life Insurance Company v. Iron City Asset Management, LLC, iTech Funding, LLC, ICAM Holdings, I, LLC, Case No. 5:20-CV-375-D, Eastern District of North Carolina.

This case was filed on June 5, 2020, in the Superior Court of Wake County, North Carolina alleging a breach of a loan agreement, as modified by the IALA, entered into by CBL and Defendant Iron City Asset Management, LLC ("Defendant Borrower") on June 27, 2019. CBL filed this action in its capacity as agent of the loan. CBL, BLIC, and SNIC are lenders on the loan. The Defendant Borrower defaulted on its payment obligations by failing to make interest payments when required under the loan agreements. The Complaint seeks repayment of \$31,482,147 plus interest at a rate of \$8,381.82 per diem from May 1, 2020 until paid in full. On July 13, 2020, the Defendant Borrower removed the action to the Eastern District of North Carolina.

On July 16, 2020, CBL filed a Notice of Related Cases informing the Court that the IALA lawsuits and the Credit Agreement lawsuit were related, and involved many of the same parties,

transactions, and events. On July 22, 2020, this action was assigned to be heard before the Honorable James C. Dever III.

On August 7, 2020, an Amended Complaint was filed to add causes of action against iTech Funding, LLC and ICAM Holdings I, LLC seeking an order allowing foreclosure of the pledged property.

The Defendants answered the Amended Complaint on August 21, 2020 and Defendant Borrower filed counterclaims against CBL for alleged breach of contract, breach of the covenant of good faith and fair dealing, and breach of fiduciary duty. On October 12, 2020, CBL moved to dismiss the second and third counterclaims. Defendant Borrower filed its response in opposition to CBL's partial motion to dismiss on December 2, 2020.

On December 8, 2020, CBL filed a motion to consolidate the 26 federal IALA cases to promote efficiency and judicial economy. On December 29, 2020, Defendants filed their response in opposition to the motion to consolidate. On January 12, 2021, CBL filed its reply to Defendants' response.

On July 20, 2021, the Court denied CBL's motion to dismiss Defendant Borrower's second and third counterclaims, as well as CBL's motion to consolidate. CBL filed its answer to Defendant Borrower's counterclaims on August 3, 2021.

On September 3, 2021, the parties held their Rule 26(f) discovery planning meeting, and on September 17, 2021, filed a Rule 26(f) report with the Court which included a proposed discovery plan and other proposed case deadlines. On October 1, 2021, the Court entered a scheduling order setting various case deadlines with all discovery to be completed by September 22, 2022, and dispositive motions to be filed September 30, 2022.

On October 22, 2021, the Court appointed the parties' agreed upon mediator.

Colorado Bankers Life Insurance Company v. Baldwin Asset Management, LLC, iTech Funding, LLC, and EAM Holdings, LLC, Case No. 5:20-CV-398-D, Eastern District of North Carolina.

This case was filed on June 15, 2020, in the Superior Court of Wake County, North Carolina alleging a breach of a loan agreement, as modified by the IALA, entered into by CBL and the Defendant Baldwin Asset Management, LLC ("Defendant Borrower") on June 27, 2019. CBL filed this action in its capacity as agent of the loan. CBL, BLIC, and SNIC are lenders on the loan. The Defendant Borrower defaulted on its payment obligations by failing to make interest payments when required under the loan agreements. The Complaint seeks repayment of \$34,077,149 plus interest at a rate of \$9,072.72 per diem from May 1, 2020 until paid in full. The Complaint also seeks an order allowing foreclosure of the pledged property of Defendants iTech Funding, LLC and BAM Holdings, LLC. On July 23, 2020, the Defendants removed the action to the Eastern District of North Carolina.

On July 24, 2020, CBL filed a Notice of Related Cases informing the Court that the IALA lawsuits and the Credit Agreement lawsuit were related, and involved many of the same parties,

transactions, and events. On August 3, 2020, this action was assigned to be heard before the Honorable James C. Dever III.

The Defendants answered the Complaint on August 20, 2020 and Defendant Borrower filed counterclaims against CBL for alleged breach of contract, breach of the covenant of good faith and fair dealing, and breach of fiduciary duty. On October 12, 2020, CBL moved to dismiss the second and third counterclaims. Defendant Borrower filed its response in opposition to CBL's partial motion to dismiss on December 2, 2020.

On December 8, 2020, CBL filed a motion to consolidate the 26 federal IALA cases to promote efficiency and judicial economy. On December 29, 2020, Defendants filed their response in opposition to the motion to consolidate. On January 12, 2021, CBL filed its reply to Defendants' response.

On July 20, 2021, the Court denied CBL's motion to dismiss Defendant Borrower's second and third counterclaims, as well as CBL's motion to consolidate. CBL filed its answer to Defendant Borrower's counterclaims on August 3, 2021.

On September 3, 2021, the parties held their Rule 26(f) discovery planning meeting, and on September 17, 2021, filed a Rule 26(f) report with the Court which included a proposed discovery plan and other proposed case deadlines. On October 1, 2021, the Court entered a scheduling order setting various case deadlines with all discovery to be completed by September 22, 2022, and dispositive motions to be filed September 30, 2022.

On October 22, 2021, the Court appointed the parties' agreed upon mediator.

Colorado Bankers Life Insurance Company v. Damascus Asset Management, LLC, iTech Funding, LLC, and EAM Holdings, LLC, Case No. 5:20-CV-399-D, Eastern District of North Carolina.

This case was filed on June 15, 2020, in the Superior Court of Wake County, North Carolina alleging a breach of a loan agreement, as modified by the IALA, entered into by CBL and the Defendant Damascus Asset Management, LLC ("Defendant Borrower") on June 27, 2019. CBL filed this action in its capacity as agent of the loan. CBL and SNIC are lenders of the loan. The Defendant Borrower defaulted on its payment obligations by failing to make interest payments when required under the loan agreements. The Complaint seeks repayment of \$27,617,077 plus interest at a rate of \$7,352.79 per diem from May 1, 2020 until paid in full. The Complaint also seeks an order allowing foreclosure of the pledged property of Defendants iTech Funding, LLC and DAM Holdings, LLC. On July 23, 2020, the Defendants removed the action to the Eastern District of North Carolina.

On July 24, 2020, CBL filed a Notice of Related Cases informing the Court that the IALA lawsuits and the Credit Agreement lawsuit were related, and involved many of the same parties, transactions, and events. On August 3, 2020, this action was assigned to be heard before the Honorable James C. Dever III.

The Defendants answered the Complaint on August 20, 2020 and Defendant Borrower filed counterclaims against CBL for alleged breach of contract, breach of the covenant of good faith

and fair dealing, and breach of fiduciary duty. On October 12, 2020, CBL moved to dismiss the second and third counterclaims. Defendant Borrower filed its response in opposition to CBL's partial motion to dismiss on December 2, 2020.

On December 8, 2020, CBL filed a motion to consolidate the 26 federal IALA cases to promote efficiency and judicial economy. On December 29, 2020, Defendants filed their response in opposition to the motion to consolidate. On January 12, 2021, CBL filed its reply to Defendants' response.

On July 20, 2021, the Court denied CBL's motion to dismiss Defendant Borrower's second and third counterclaims, as well as CBL's motion to consolidate. CBL filed its answer to Defendant Borrower's counterclaims on August 3, 2021.

On September 3, 2021, the parties held their Rule 26(f) discovery planning meeting, and on September 17, 2021, filed a Rule 26(f) report with the Court which included a proposed discovery plan and other proposed case deadlines. On October 1, 2021, the Court entered a scheduling order setting various case deadlines with all discovery to be completed by September 22, 2022, and dispositive motions to be filed September 30, 2022.

On October 22, 2021, the Court appointed the parties' agreed upon mediator.

Colorado Bankers Life Insurance Company v. Ephesus Asset Management, LLC, iTech Funding, LLC, and EAM Holdings, LLC, Case No. 5:20-CV-400-D, Eastern District of North Carolina.

This case was filed on June 15, 2020, in the Superior Court of Wake County, North Carolina alleging a breach of a loan agreement, as modified by the IALA, entered into by CBL and the Defendant Ephesus Asset Management, LLC ("Defendant Borrower") on June 27, 2019. CBL filed this action in its capacity as agent of the loan. CBL and SNIC are lenders of the loan. The Defendant Borrower defaulted on its payment obligations by failing to make interest payments when required under the loan agreements. The Complaint seeks repayment of \$33,670,070 plus interest at a rate of \$8,964.34 per diem from May 1, 2020 until paid in full. The Complaint also seeks an order allowing foreclosure of the pledged property of Defendants iTech Funding, LLC and EAM Holdings, LLC. On July 23, 2020, the Defendants removed the action to the Eastern District of North Carolina.

On July 24, 2020, CBL filed a Notice of Related Cases informing the Court that the IALA lawsuits and the Credit Agreement lawsuit were related, and involved many of the same parties, transactions, and events. On August 3, 2020, this action was assigned to be heard before the Honorable James C. Dever III.

The Defendants answered the Complaint on August 20, 2020 and Defendant Borrower filed counterclaims against CBL for alleged breach of contract, breach of the covenant of good faith and fair dealing, and breach of fiduciary duty. On October 12, 2020, CBL moved to dismiss the second and third counterclaims. Defendant Borrower filed its response in opposition to CBL's partial motion to dismiss on December 2, 2020.

On December 8, 2020, CBL filed a motion to consolidate the 26 federal IALA cases to promote efficiency and judicial economy. On December 29, 2020, Defendants filed their response in opposition to the motion to consolidate. On January 12, 2021, CBL filed its reply to Defendants' response.

On July 20, 2021, the Court denied CBL's motion to dismiss Defendant Borrower's second and third counterclaims, as well as CBL's motion to consolidate. CBL filed its answer to Defendant Borrower's counterclaims on August 3, 2021.

On September 3, 2021, the parties held their Rule 26(f) discovery planning meeting, and on September 17, 2021, filed a Rule 26(f) report with the Court which included a proposed discovery plan and other proposed case deadlines. On October 1, 2021, the Court entered a scheduling order setting various case deadlines with all discovery to be completed by September 22, 2022, and dispositive motions to be filed September 30, 2022.

On October 22, 2021, the Court appointed the parties' agreed upon mediator.

Colorado Bankers Life Insurance Company v. Intralan Investments Limited, Case No. 5:20-CV-401-D, Eastern District of North Carolina.

This case was filed on June 15, 2020, in the Superior Court of Wake County, North Carolina alleging a breach of a loan agreement, as modified by the IALA, entered into by the parties on June 27, 2019. CBL filed this action in its capacity as agent of the loan. CBL is also a lender of the loan. The Defendant defaulted on its payment obligations by failing to make interest payments when required under the loan agreements. The Complaint seeks repayment of \$5,637,282 plus interest at a rate of \$1,500.87 per diem from May 1, 2020 until paid in full. On July 23, 2020, the Defendant removed the action to the Eastern District of North Carolina.

On July 24, 2020, CBL filed a Notice of Related Cases informing the Court that the IALA lawsuits and the Credit Agreement lawsuit were related, and involved many of the same parties, transactions, and events. On August 3, 2020, this action was assigned to be heard before the Honorable James C. Dever III.

The Defendant answered the Complaint on August 20, 2020 and filed counterclaims against CBL for alleged breach of contract, breach of the covenant of good faith and fair dealing, and breach of fiduciary duty. On October 12, 2020, CBL moved to dismiss the second and third counterclaims. Defendant filed its response in opposition to CBL's partial motion to dismiss on December 2, 2020.

On December 8, 2020, CBL filed a motion to consolidate the 26 federal IALA cases to promote efficiency and judicial economy. On December 29, 2020, Defendant filed its response in opposition to the motion to consolidate. On January 12, 2021, CBL filed its reply to Defendant's response.

On July 20, 2021, the Court denied CBL's motion to dismiss Defendant's second and third counterclaims, as well as CBL's motion to consolidate. CBL filed its answer to the Defendant's counterclaims on August 3, 2021.

On September 3, 2021, the parties held their Rule 26(f) discovery planning meeting, and on September 17, 2021, filed a Rule 26(f) report with the Court which included a proposed discovery plan and other proposed case deadlines. On October 1, 2021, the Court entered a scheduling order setting various case deadlines with all discovery to be completed by September 22, 2022, and dispositive motions to be filed September 30, 2022.

On October 22, 2021, the Court appointed the parties' agreed upon mediator.

Colorado Bankers Life Insurance Company v. iTech Funding, LLC, Case No. 5:20-CV-402-D, Eastern District of North Carolina.

This case was filed on June 15, 2020, in the Superior Court of Wake County, North Carolina alleging a breach of a loan agreement, as modified by the IALA, entered into by the parties on June 27, 2019. CBL filed this action in its capacity as agent of the loan. CBL, BLIC, and SNIC are lenders of the loan. The Defendant defaulted on its payment obligations by failing to make interest payments when required under the loan agreements. The Complaint seeks repayment of \$30,381,407 plus interest at a rate of \$8,323.67 per diem from May 1, 2020 until paid in full. On July 23, 2020, the Defendant removed the action to the Eastern District of North Carolina.

On July 24, 2020, CBL filed a Notice of Related Cases informing the Court that the IALA lawsuits and the Credit Agreement lawsuit were related, and involved many of the same parties, transactions, and events. On August 3, 2020, this action was assigned to be heard before the Honorable James C. Dever III.

The Defendant answered the Complaint on August 20, 2020 and filed counterclaims against CBL for alleged breach of contract, breach of the covenant of good faith and fair dealing, and breach of fiduciary duty. On October 12, 2020, CBL moved to dismiss the second and third counterclaims. Defendant filed its response in opposition to CBL's partial motion to dismiss on December 2, 2020.

On December 8, 2020, CBL filed a motion to consolidate the 26 federal IALA cases to promote efficiency and judicial economy. On December 29, 2020, Defendant filed its response in opposition to the motion to consolidate. On January 12, 2021, CBL filed its reply to Defendant's response.

On July 20, 2021, the Court denied CBL's motion to dismiss Defendant's second and third counterclaims, as well as CBL's motion to consolidate. CBL filed its answer to the Defendant's counterclaims on August 3, 2021.

On September 3, 2021, the parties held their Rule 26(f) discovery planning meeting, and on September 17, 2021, filed a Rule 26(f) report with the Court which included a proposed discovery plan and other proposed case deadlines. On October 1, 2021, the Court entered a scheduling order setting various case deadlines with all discovery to be completed by September 22, 2022, and dispositive motions to be filed September 30, 2022.

On October 22, 2021, the Court appointed the parties' agreed upon mediator.

Colorado Bankers Life Insurance Company v. Lares, LLC, Lares Holding, LLC, Case No. 5:20-CV-403-D, Eastern District of North Carolina.

This case was filed on June 15, 2020, in the Superior Court of Wake County, North Carolina alleging a breach of a loan agreement, as modified by the IALA, entered into by CBL and Lares, LLC ("Defendant Borrower") on June 27, 2019. CBL filed this action in its capacity as agent of the loan. CBL is also a lender of the loan. The Defendant Borrower defaulted on its payment obligations by failing to make interest payments when required under the loan agreements. The Complaint seeks repayment of \$5,961,647 plus interest at a rate of \$1,587.23 per diem from May 1, 2020 until paid in full. On July 23, 2020, the Defendant removed the action to the Eastern District of North Carolina.

On July 24, 2020, CBL filed a Notice of Related Cases informing the Court that the IALA lawsuits and the Credit Agreement lawsuit were related, and involved many of the same parties, transactions, and events. On August 3, 2020, this action was assigned to be heard before the Honorable James C. Dever III.

On August 17, 2020, an Amended Complaint was filed to add a cause of action against Lares Holdings, LLC seeking an order allowing foreclosure of the pledged property.

The Defendants answered the Amended Complaint on August 31, 2020 and Defendant Borrower filed counterclaims against CBL for alleged breach of contract, breach of the covenant of good faith and fair dealing, and breach of fiduciary duty. On October 12, 2020, CBL moved to dismiss the second and third counterclaims. Defendant Borrower filed its response in opposition to CBL's partial motion to dismiss on December 2, 2020.

On December 8, 2020, CBL filed a motion to consolidate the 26 federal IALA cases to promote efficiency and judicial economy. On December 29, 2020, Defendants filed their response in opposition to the motion to consolidate. On January 12, 2021, CBL filed its reply to Defendants' response.

On July 20, 2021, the Court denied CBL's motion to dismiss Defendant Borrower's second and third counterclaims, as well as CBL's motion to consolidate. CBL filed its answer to the Defendant Borrower's counterclaims on August 3, 2021.

On September 3, 2021, the parties held their Rule 26(f) discovery planning meeting, and on September 17, 2021, filed a Rule 26(f) report with the Court which included a proposed discovery plan and other proposed case deadlines. On October 1, 2021, the Court entered a scheduling order setting various case deadlines with all discovery to be completed by September 22, 2022, and dispositive motions to be filed September 30, 2022.

On October 22, 2021, the Court appointed the parties' agreed upon mediator.

Colorado Bankers Life Insurance Company v. Lilly Asset Management, LLC, 5:20-CV-405-D, Eastern District of North Carolina.

This case was filed on June 5, 2020, in the Superior Court of Wake County, North Carolina alleging a breach of a loan agreement, as modified by the IALA, entered into by the parties on June 27,

2019. CBL filed this action in its capacity as agent of the loan. CBL is the only lender of the loan. The Defendant defaulted on its payment obligations by failing to make interest payments when required under the loan agreements. The Complaint seeks repayment of \$35,445,723 plus interest at a rate of \$9,437.09 per diem from May 1, 2020 until paid in full. On July 24, 2020, the Defendant removed the action to the Eastern District of North Carolina.

On July 30, 2020, CBL filed a Notice of Related Cases informing the Court that the IALA lawsuits and the Credit Agreement lawsuit were related, and involved many of the same parties, transactions, and events. On August 3, 2020, this action was assigned to be heard before the Honorable James C. Dever III.

The Defendant answered the Complaint on August 21, 2020 and filed counterclaims against CBL for alleged breach of contract, breach of the covenant of good faith and fair dealing, and breach of fiduciary duty. On October 12, 2020, CBL moved to dismiss the second and third counterclaims. Defendant filed its response in opposition to CBL's partial motion to dismiss on December 2, 2020.

On December 8, 2020, CBL filed a motion to consolidate the 26 federal IALA cases to promote efficiency and judicial economy. On December 29, 2020, Defendant filed its response in opposition to the motion to consolidate. On January 12, 2021, CBL filed its reply to Defendant's response.

On July 20, 2021, the Court denied CBL's motion to dismiss Defendant's second and third counterclaims, as well as CBL's motion to consolidate. CBL filed its answer to the Defendant's counterclaims on August 3, 2021.

On September 3, 2021, the parties held their Rule 26(f) discovery planning meeting, and on September 17, 2021, filed a Rule 26(f) report with the Court which included a proposed discovery plan and other proposed case deadlines. On October 1, 2021, the Court entered a scheduling order setting various case deadlines with all discovery to be completed by September 22, 2022, and dispositive motions to be filed September 30, 2022.

On October 22, 2021, the Court appointed the parties' agreed upon mediator.

Colorado Bankers Life Insurance Company v. AT Denmark Investments, ApS, Case No. 5:20-CV-409-D, Eastern District of North Carolina.

This case was filed on June 5, 2020, in the Superior Court of Wake County, North Carolina alleging a breach of a loan agreement, as modified by the IALA, entered into by the parties on June 27, 2019. CBL filed this action in its capacity as agent of the loan. CBL is the only lender of the loan. The Defendant defaulted on its payment obligations by failing to make interest payments when required under the loan agreements. The Complaint seeks repayment of \$9,193,624, minus the partial payment of \$107,975, plus interest at a rate of \$2,447.72 per diem from May 1, 2020 until paid in full.

On July 16, 2020, CBL filed a Motion for Entry of Default and default was entered against the Defendant later that day. Also, on July 16, 2020 and after CBL's entry of default was entered, Defendant filed a Motion to Dismiss the Complaint for alleged lack of personal jurisdiction,

insufficiency of process, insufficiency of service of process, and failure to state a claim. On July 22, 2020, Defendant filed a Motion to Set Aside the Entry of Default. On July 24, 2020, the Defendant removed the action to the Eastern District of North Carolina.

On July 30, 2020, CBL filed a Notice of Related Cases informing the Court that the IALA lawsuits and the Credit Agreement lawsuit were related, and involved many of the same parties, transactions, and events. On August 3, 2020, this action was assigned to be heard before the Honorable James C. Dever III.

On August 20, 2020, CBL moved to remand the action back to state court. The Defendant responded in opposition on September 10, 2020, to which CBL filed a reply on September 24, 2020. Defendant filed its sur-reply on October 29, 2020.

On December 8, 2020, CBL filed a motion to consolidate the 26 federal IALA cases to promote efficiency and judicial economy. On December 29, 2020, Defendant filed its response in opposition to the motion to consolidate. On January 12, 2021, CBL filed its reply to Defendant's response.

On February 5, 2021, the Court granted Defendant's Motion for Leave for file a Motion to Dismiss. Defendant's Motion to Dismiss was filed on February 9, 2021. On March 1, 2021, the Court granted CBL's Motion for Extension of Time to Respond to Defendant's motion to dismiss to extend the deadline until after the pending Motion to Remand was decided. On March 18, 2021, the Court granted CBL's Motion to Remand and remanded the action to the Superior Court of Wake County. The Court also granted CBL's attorney's fees related to the improper removal.

On May 12, 2021, CBL filed its Memorandum in Support of Attorneys' Fees and Costs in the federal case related to the improper removal, and on June 2, 2021, Defendant filed its response in opposition. The Parties resolved CBL's claims against Defendant and on June 9, 2021, the Parties filed a Joint Stipulation to Grant Verified Motion to Set Aside Entry of Default and Motion to Dismiss with Prejudice. That same day, CBL withdrew its motion for attorneys' fees and costs pursuant to their resolution of CBL's claims.

On June 14, 2021, the Court ordered the entry of default against Defendant to be set aside and vacated, and dismissed all claims with prejudice.

Colorado Bankers Life Insurance Company, Southland National Insurance Corporation, and Bankers Life Insurance Company v. Capital Assets Fund IV, LLC, Case No. 20 CVS 6474, Wake County, North Carolina.

This case was filed on June 5, 2020, in the Superior Court of Wake County, North Carolina alleging a breach of a loan agreement, as modified by the IALA, entered into by the parties on June 27, 2019. CBL, SNIC, and BLIC filed this action in their capacities as lenders of the loan. The Defendant defaulted on its payment obligations by failing to make interest payments when required under the loan agreements. The Complaint seeks repayment of \$54,028,137 plus interest at a rate of \$14,695.24 per diem from May 1, 2020 until paid in full.

On July 16, 2020, CBL filed a Motion for Entry of Default and default was entered against the Defendant later that day. Also, on July 16, 2020 and after CBL's entry of default was entered,

Defendant filed a Motion to Dismiss the Complaint for alleged lack of personal jurisdiction, insufficiency of process, insufficiency of service of process, and failure to state a claim. On July 22, 2020, Defendant filed a Motion to Set Aside the Entry of Default. On August 17, 2020, Plaintiffs filed a Motion for Default Judgment.

On November 13, 2020, the Court granted Defendant's Motion to Set Aside the Entry of Default and denied as moot Plaintiffs' Motion for Default Judgment.

The Defendant answered the Complaint on December 14, 2020 and filed counterclaims against Plaintiffs for alleged breach of contract, breach of the covenant of good faith and fair dealing, and breach of fiduciary duty. On January 13, 2021, Plaintiffs replied to the counterclaims and moved to dismiss the second and third counterclaims.

Defendant's motion to dismiss the Complaint and Plaintiffs' partial motion to dismiss Defendant's counterclaims remain pending.

Colorado Bankers Life Insurance Company, Southland National Insurance Corporation, and Bankers Life Insurance Company v. Capital Assets Fund V, LLC, Case No. 20 CVS 6475, Wake County, North Carolina.

This case was filed on June 5, 2020, in the Superior Court of Wake County, North Carolina alleging a breach of a loan agreement, as modified by the IALA, entered into by the parties on June 27, 2019. CBL, SNIC, and BLIC filed this action in their capacities as lenders of the loan. The Defendant defaulted on its payment obligations by failing to make interest payments when required under the loan agreements. The Complaint seeks repayment of \$55,523,232 plus interest at a rate of \$14,782.54 per diem from May 1, 2020 until paid in full.

On July 16, 2020, CBL filed a Motion for Entry of Default and default was entered against the Defendant later that day. Also, on July 16, 2020, but before CBL's entry of default was entered, Defendant filed a Motion to Dismiss the Complaint for alleged lack of personal jurisdiction, insufficiency of process, insufficiency of service of process, and failure to state a claim. On July 22, 2020, Defendant filed a Motion to Set Aside the Entry of Default. On August 17, 2020, Plaintiffs filed a Motion for Default Judgment.

On November 13, 2020, the Court granted Defendant's Motion to Set Aside the Entry of Default and denied as moot Plaintiffs' Motion for Default Judgment.

The Defendant answered the Complaint on December 14, 2020 and filed counterclaims against Plaintiffs for alleged breach of contract, breach of the covenant of good faith and fair dealing, and breach of fiduciary duty. On January 13, 2021, Plaintiffs replied to the counterclaims and moved to dismiss the second and third counterclaims.

Defendant's motion to dismiss the Complaint and Plaintiffs' partial motion to dismiss Defendant's counterclaims remain pending.

Colorado Bankers Life Insurance Company v. Capital Assets Management III, LLC, Case No. 20 CVS 6476, Wake County, North Carolina.

This case was filed on June 5, 2020, in the Superior Court of Wake County, North Carolina alleging a breach of a loan agreement, as modified by the IALA, entered into by the parties on June 27, 2019. CBL filed this action in its capacity as agent of the loan. CBL is the only lender of the loan. The Defendant defaulted on its payment obligations by failing to make interest payments when required under the loan agreements. The Complaint seeks repayment of \$31,667,422 plus interest at a rate of \$8,431.16 per diem from May 1, 2020 until paid in full.

On July 16, 2020, CBL filed a Motion for Entry of Default and default was entered against the Defendant later that day. Also, on July 16, 2020 but before CBL's entry of default was entered, Defendant filed a Motion to Dismiss the Complaint for alleged lack of personal jurisdiction, insufficiency of process, insufficiency of service of process, and failure to state a claim. On July 22, 2020, Defendant filed a Motion to Set Aside the Entry of Default. On August 17, 2020, CBL filed a Motion for Default Judgment

On November 13, 2020, the Court granted Defendant's Motion to Set Aside the Entry of Default and denied as moot CBL's Motion for Default Judgment.

The Defendant answered the Complaint on December 14, 2020 and filed counterclaims against CBL for alleged breach of contract, breach of the covenant of good faith and fair dealing, and breach of fiduciary duty. On January 13, 2021, CBL replied to the counterclaims and moved to dismiss the second and third counterclaims.

Defendant's motion to dismiss the Complaint and CBL's Partial Motion to Dismiss Defendant's Counterclaims remain pending.

Colorado Bankers Life Insurance Company v. ComplySmart, LLC, ComplySmart Holdings, LLC, Case No. 20 CVS 6477, Wake County, North Carolina.

This case was filed on June 5, 2020, in the Superior Court of Wake County, North Carolina alleging a breach of a loan agreement, as modified by the IALA, entered into by CBL and the Defendant ComplySmart, LLC ("Defendant Borrower") on June 27, 2019. CBL filed this action in its capacity as agent of the loan. CBL is the only lender of the loan. The Defendant Borrower defaulted on its payment obligations by failing to make interest payments when required under the loan agreements. The Complaint seeks repayment of \$3,253,238 plus interest at a rate of \$866.14 per diem from May 1, 2020 until paid in full.

On July 16, 2020, CBL filed a Motion for Entry of Default and default was entered against the Defendant Borrower later that day. Also, on July 16, 2020 and after CBL's entry of default was entered, Defendant Borrower filed a Motion to Dismiss the Complaint for alleged lack of personal jurisdiction, insufficiency of process, insufficiency of service of process, and failure to state a claim. On July 22, 2020, Defendant Borrower filed a Motion to Set Aside the Entry of Default. On August 17, 2020, CBL filed a Motion for Default Judgment.

On November 13, 2020, the Court granted Defendant Borrower's Motion to Set Aside the Entry of Default and denied as moot CBL's Motion for Default Judgment.

On December 3, 2020, an Amended Complaint was filed to add causes of action against ComplySmart Holdings, LLC seeking an order allowing foreclosure of the pledged property.

The Defendants answered the Amended Complaint on January 4, 2021 and Defendant Borrower filed counterclaims against CBL for alleged breach of contract, breach of the covenant of good faith and fair dealing, and breach of fiduciary duty. On January 27, 2021, CBL replied to the counterclaims and moved to dismiss the second and third counterclaims.

Defendant Borrower's motion to dismiss the Complaint and CBL's Partial Motion to Dismiss Defendant Borrower's Counterclaims remain pending.

Colorado Bankers Life Insurance Company v. HPCSP Investments, LLC, HPCSP Holdings, LLC, Case No. 20 CVS 6480, Wake County, North Carolina.

This case was filed on June 5, 2020, in the Superior Court of Wake County, North Carolina alleging a breach of a loan agreement, as modified by the IALA, entered into by CBL and Defendant HPCSP Investments, LLC ("Defendant Borrower") on June 27, 2019. CBL filed this action in its capacity as agent of the loan. CBL and SNIC are lenders of the loan. The Defendant Borrower defaulted on its payment obligations by failing to make interest payments when required under the loan agreements. The Complaint seeks repayment of \$44,708,992, minus the partial payment of \$249,954.05, plus interest at a rate of \$11,752.29 per diem from May 1, 2020 until paid in full.

On July 16, 2020, CBL filed a Motion for Entry of Default and default was entered against the Defendant Borrower later that day. Also, on July 16, 2020 and after CBL's entry of default was entered, Defendant Borrower filed a Motion to Dismiss the Complaint for alleged lack of personal jurisdiction, insufficiency of process, insufficiency of service of process, and failure to state a claim. On July 22, 2020, Defendant Borrower filed a Motion to Set Aside the Entry of Default. On August 17, 2020, CBL filed a Motion for Default Judgment.

On November 13, 2020, the Court granted Defendant Borrower's Motion to Set Aside the Entry of Default and denied as moot CBL's Motion for Default Judgment.

On December 3, 2020, an Amended Complaint was filed to add causes of action against HPCSP Holdings, LLC, seeking an order allowing foreclosure of the pledged property.

The Defendants answered the Amended Complaint on January 4, 2021 and Defendant Borrower filed counterclaims against CBL for alleged breach of contract, breach of the covenant of good faith and fair dealing, and breach of fiduciary duty. On January 27, 2021, CBL replied to the counterclaims and moved to dismiss the second and third counterclaims.

Defendant Borrower's motion to dismiss the Complaint and CBL's Partial Motion to Dismiss Defendant Borrower's Counterclaims remain pending.

Colorado Bankers Life Insurance Company v. Summerville Asset Management, LLC, iTech Funding, LLC, and SAM Holdings, LLC, Case No. 5:20-CV-432-D, Eastern District of North Carolina.

This case was filed on August 10, 2020, alleging a breach of a loan agreement, as modified by the IALA, entered into by CBL and the Defendant Summerville Asset Management, LLC ("Defendant Borrower") on June 27, 2019. CBL filed this action in its capacity as agent of the loan. CBL, BLIC, and SNIC are lenders of the loan. The Defendant Borrower defaulted on its payment obligations by failing to make interest payments when required under the loan agreements. The Complaint seeks repayment of \$45,675,960 plus interest at a rate of \$12,160.80 per diem from May 1, 2020 until paid in full. The Complaint also seeks an order allowing foreclosure of the pledged property of Defendants iTech Funding, LLC and SAM Holdings, LLC.

On August 10, 2020, CBL filed a Notice of Related Cases informing the Court that the IALA lawsuits and the Credit Agreement lawsuit were related, and involved many of the same parties, transactions, and events. On August 11, 2020, this action was assigned to be heard before the Honorable James C. Dever III.

The Defendants answered the Complaint on September 9, 2020 and Defendant Borrower filed counterclaims against CBL for alleged breach of contract, breach of the covenant of good faith and fair dealing, and breach of fiduciary duty. On October 12, 2020, CBL moved to dismiss the second and third counterclaims. Defendant Borrower filed its response in opposition to CBL's partial motion to dismiss on December 2, 2020.

On December 8, 2020, CBL filed a motion to consolidate the 26 federal IALA cases to promote efficiency and judicial economy. On December 29, 2020, Defendants filed their response in opposition to the motion to consolidate. On January 12, 2021, CBL filed its reply to Defendants' response.

On July 20, 2021, the Court denied CBL's motion to dismiss Defendant Borrower's second and third counterclaims, as well as CBL's motion to consolidate. CBL filed its answer to the Defendant Borrower's counterclaims on August 3, 2021.

On September 3, 2021, the parties held their Rule 26(f) discovery planning meeting, and on September 17, 2021, filed a Rule 26(f) report with the Court which included a proposed discovery plan and other proposed case deadlines. On October 1, 2021, the Court entered a scheduling order setting various case deadlines with all discovery to be completed by September 22, 2022, and dispositive motions to be filed September 30, 2022.

On October 22, 2021, the Court appointed the parties' agreed upon mediator.

Colorado Bankers Life Insurance Company v. Capital Assets Fund I, LLC, Case No. 5:20-CV-450-D, Eastern District of North Carolina.

This case was filed on July 17, 2020, in the Superior Court of Wake County, North Carolina alleging a breach of a loan agreement, as modified by the IALA, entered into by the parties on June 27, 2019. CBL filed this action in its capacity as agent of the loan. CBL, BLIC, and SNIC are lenders of the loan. The Defendant defaulted on its payment obligations by failing to make

interest payments when required under the loan agreements. The Complaint seeks repayment of \$97,250,324 plus interest at a rate of \$25,891.99 per diem from May 1, 2020 until paid in full.

On August 20, 2020, the Defendant removed the action to the Eastern District of North Carolina. On August 24, 2020, CBL filed a Notice of Related Cases informing the Court that the IALA lawsuits and the Credit Agreement lawsuit were related, and involved many of the same parties, transactions, and events. On August 27, 2020, this action was assigned to be heard before the Honorable James C. Dever III.

The Defendant answered the Complaint on September 17, 2020 and filed counterclaims against CBL for alleged breach of contract, breach of the covenant of good faith and fair dealing, and breach of fiduciary duty. On October 12, 2020, CBL moved to dismiss the second and third counterclaims. Defendant filed its response in opposition to CBL's partial motion to dismiss on December 2, 2020.

On December 8, 2020, CBL filed a motion to consolidate the 26 federal IALA cases to promote efficiency and judicial economy. On December 29, 2020, Defendant filed its response in opposition to the motion to consolidate. On January 12, 2021, CBL filed its reply to Defendant's response.

On July 20, 2021, the Court denied CBL's motion to dismiss Defendant's second and third counterclaims, as well as CBL's motion to consolidate. CBL filed its answer to the Defendant's counterclaims on August 3, 2021.

On September 3, 2021, the parties held their Rule 26(f) discovery planning meeting, and on September 17, 2021, filed a Rule 26(f) report with the Court which included a proposed discovery plan and other proposed case deadlines. On October 1, 2021, the Court entered a scheduling order setting various case deadlines with all discovery to be completed by September 22, 2022, and dispositive motions to be filed September 30, 2022.

On October 22, 2021, the Court appointed the parties' agreed upon mediator.

Colorado Bankers Life Insurance Company v. Chatsworth Asset Management, LLC, iTech Funding, LLC, and CAM Holdings, LLC, Case No. 5:20-CV-451-D, Eastern District of North Carolina.

This case was filed on July 17, 2020, in the Superior Court of Wake County, North Carolina alleging a breach of a loan agreement, as modified by the IALA, entered into by CBL and the Defendant Ephesus Asset Management, LLC ("Defendant Borrower") on June 27, 2019. CBL filed this action in its capacity as agent of the loan. CBL is also a lender of the loan. The Defendant Borrower defaulted on its payment obligations by failing to make interest payments when required under the loan agreements. The Complaint seeks repayment of \$31,953,387 plus interest at a rate of \$8,507.29 per diem from May 1, 2020 until paid in full. The Complaint also seeks an order allowing foreclosure of the pledged property of Defendants iTech Funding, LLC and CAM Holdings, LLC.

On August 21, 2020, the Defendants removed the action to the Eastern District of North Carolina. On August 24, 2020, CBL filed a Notice of Related Cases informing the Court that the IALA

lawsuits and the Credit Agreement lawsuit were related, and involved many of the same parties, transactions, and events. On August 27, 2020, this action was assigned to be heard before the Honorable James C. Dever III.

The Defendants answered the Complaint on September 17, 2020 and Defendant Borrower filed counterclaims against CBL for alleged breach of contract, breach of the covenant of good faith and fair dealing, and breach of fiduciary duty. On October 12, 2020, CBL moved to dismiss the second and third counterclaims. Defendant Borrower filed its response in opposition to CBL's partial motion to dismiss on December 2, 2020.

On December 8, 2020, CBL filed a motion to consolidate the 26 federal IALA cases to promote efficiency and judicial economy. On December 29, 2020, Defendants filed their response in opposition to the motion to consolidate. On January 12, 2021, CBL filed its reply to Defendants' response.

On July 20, 2021, the Court denied CBL's motion to dismiss Defendant Borrower's second and third counterclaims, as well as CBL's motion to consolidate. CBL filed its answer to the Defendant Borrower's counterclaims on August 3, 2021.

On September 3, 2021, the parties held their Rule 26(f) discovery planning meeting, and on September 17, 2021, filed a Rule 26(f) report with the Court which included a proposed discovery plan and other proposed case deadlines. On October 1, 2021, the Court entered a scheduling order setting various case deadlines with all discovery to be completed by September 22, 2022, and dispositive motions to be filed September 30, 2022.

On October 22, 2021, the Court appointed the parties' agreed upon mediator.

Colorado Bankers Life Insurance Company v. TAC Investments, LLC, Case No. 5:20-CV- 453-D, Eastern District of North Carolina.

This case was filed on July 17, 2020, in the Superior Court of Wake County, North Carolina alleging a breach of a loan agreement, as modified by the IALA, entered into by the parties on June 27, 2019. CBL filed this action in its capacity as agent of the loan. CBL, BLIC, and SNIC are lenders of the loan. The Defendant defaulted on its payment obligations by failing to make interest payments when required under the loan agreements. The Complaint seeks repayment of \$15,077,251 plus interest at a rate of \$4,014.18 per diem from May 1, 2020 until paid in full.

On August 20, 2020, the Defendant removed the action to the Eastern District of North Carolina. On August 24, 2020, CBL filed a Notice of Related Cases informing the Court that the IALA lawsuits and the Credit Agreement lawsuit were related, and involved many of the same parties, transactions, and events. On August 27, 2020, this action was assigned to be heard before the Honorable James C. Dever III.

The Defendant answered the Complaint on September 17, 2020 and filed counterclaims against CBL for alleged breach of contract, breach of the covenant of good faith and fair dealing, and breach of fiduciary duty. On October 12, 2020, CBL moved to dismiss the second and third

counterclaims. Defendant filed its response in opposition to CBL's partial motion to dismiss on December 2, 2020.

On December 8, 2020, CBL filed a motion to consolidate the 26 federal IALA cases to promote efficiency and judicial economy. On December 29, 2020, Defendant filed its response in opposition to the motion to consolidate. On January 12, 2021, CBL filed its reply to Defendant's response.

On July 20, 2021, the Court denied CBL's motion to dismiss Defendant's second and third counterclaims, as well as CBL's motion to consolidate. CBL filed its answer to the Defendant's counterclaims on August 3, 2021.

On September 3, 2021, the parties held their Rule 26(f) discovery planning meeting, and on September 17, 2021, filed a Rule 26(f) report with the Court which included a proposed discovery plan and other proposed case deadlines. On October 1, 2021, the Court entered a scheduling order setting various case deadlines with all discovery to be completed by September 22, 2022, and dispositive motions to be filed September 30, 2022.

On October 22, 2021, the Court appointed the parties' agreed upon mediator.

Colorado Bankers Life Insurance Company, Southland National Insurance Corporation, and Bankers Life Insurance Company v. Academy Financial Assets, LLC, Case No. 5:20-CV-474-D, Eastern District of North Carolina.

This case was filed on September 3, 2020, alleging a breach of promissory notes, as modified by the IALA, entered into on June 27, 2019. CBL, SNIC, and BLIC filed this action in their capacities as lenders of the promissory notes. The Defendant defaulted on its payment obligations by failing to make interest payments when required under the promissory notes, as modified. The Complaint seeks repayment to CBL in the amount of \$23,974,479 plus interest at a rate of \$6,370 per diem from May 1, 2020 until paid in full. The Complaint seeks repayment to SNIC in the amount of \$5,993,619 plus interest at a rate of \$1,592.75 per diem from May 1, 2020 until paid in full. The Complaint seeks repayment to BLIC in the amount of \$2,397,448 plus interest at a rate of \$637.10 per diem from May 1, 2020 until paid in full.

On September 3, 2020, CBL filed a Notice of Related Cases informing the Court that the IALA lawsuits and the Credit Agreement lawsuit were related, and involved many of the same parties, transactions, and events. On September 4, 2020, this action was assigned to be heard before the Honorable James C. Dever III.

On September 30, 2020, the Defendant answered the Complaint and filed a counterclaim against Plaintiffs seeking reformation of the IALA. On October 22, 2020, Plaintiffs were granted an extension of time through November 20, 2020 to respond to Defendant's counterclaim. On November 20, 2020, Plaintiffs moved to dismiss the counterclaim. On December 11, 2020, Defendant filed its response in opposition to Plaintiffs' motion to dismiss. On December 23, 2020, Plaintiffs filed their reply in support of their motion to dismiss.

On December 8, 2020, Plaintiffs filed a motion to consolidate the 26 federal IALA cases to promote efficiency and judicial economy. On December 29, 2020, Defendant filed its response in opposition to the motion to consolidate. On January 12, 2021, Plaintiffs filed their reply to Defendant's response.

On July 20, 2021, the Court denied Plaintiffs' motion to dismiss Defendant's second and third counterclaims, as well as Plaintiffs' motion to consolidate. Plaintiffs filed their answer to the Defendant's counterclaims on August 3, 2021.

On September 3, 2021, the parties held their Rule 26(f) discovery planning meeting, and on September 17, 2021, filed a Rule 26(f) report with the Court which included a proposed discovery plan and other proposed case deadlines. On October 1, 2021, the Court entered a scheduling order setting various case deadlines with all discovery to be completed by September 22, 2022, and dispositive motions to be filed September 30, 2022.

On October 22, 2021, the Court appointed the parties' agreed upon mediator.

Colorado Bankers Life Insurance Company and Bankers Life Insurance Company v. Academy Financial Assets, LLC and New England Capital, LLC, Case No. 5:20-CV-517-D, Eastern District of North Carolina.

This case was filed on October 2, 2020, alleging a breach of a loan agreement, as modified by the IALA entered into by Defendant Academy Financial Assets, LLC ("Defendant Borrower") on June 27, 2019. CBL and BLIC filed this action in their capacities as lenders of the loans. The Defendant Borrower defaulted on its payment obligations by failing to make interest payments when required under the loan agreements, as modified. The Complaint seeks repayment to Plaintiffs in the amount of \$12,564,767 plus interest at a rate of \$3,345.25 per diem from May 1, 2020 until paid in full. The Complaint also alleges that Defendant New England Capital, LLC, the agent of the loan, breached the loan agreements by failing to enforce the loan agreements following Defendant Borrower's breach.

On October 10, 2020, Plaintiffs filed a Notice of Related Cases informing the Court that the IALA lawsuits and the Credit Agreement lawsuit were related, and involved many of the same parties, transactions, and events. On October 5, 2020, this action was assigned to be heard before the Honorable James C. Dever III. On November 30, 2020, Defendants filed their respective motions to dismiss for failure to state a claim. On December 21, 2020, Plaintiffs filed a response in opposition to Defendants' motions. Defendants filed replies in support of their respective motions to dismiss on January 4, 2021.

On December 8, 2020, Plaintiffs filed a motion to consolidate the 26 federal IALA cases to promote efficiency and judicial economy. On December 29, 2020, Defendants filed responses in opposition to the motion to consolidate. On January 12, 2021, Plaintiffs filed their reply to Defendants' responses.

On July 20, 2021, the Court denied Defendants' motions to dismiss, as well as Plaintiffs' motion to consolidate. Defendants filed answers to Plaintiffs' Complaint on August 3, 2021.

On September 3, 2021, the parties held their Rule 26(f) discovery planning meeting, and on September 17, 2021, filed a Rule 26(f) report with the Court which included a proposed discovery plan and other proposed case deadlines. On October 1, 2021, the Court entered a scheduling order setting various case deadlines with all discovery to be completed by September 22, 2022, and dispositive motions to be filed September 30, 2022.

On October 22, 2021, the Court appointed the parties' agreed upon mediator.

Colorado Bankers Life Insurance Company, Southland National Insurance Corporation, and Bankers Life Insurance Company v. Augusta Asset Management, LLC, New England Capital, LLC, AAM Holdings I, LLC, and iTech Funding, LLC, Case No. 5:20-CV-518-D, Eastern District of North Carolina.

This case was filed on October 2, 2020, alleging a breach of a loan agreement, as modified by the IALA entered into by Defendant Augusta Asset Management, LLC ("Defendant Borrower") on June 27, 2019. CBL, SNIC, and BLIC filed this action in their capacities as lenders of the loans. The Defendant Borrower defaulted on its payment obligations by failing to make interest payments when required under the loan agreements, as modified. The Complaint seeks repayment to Plaintiffs in the amount of \$14,552,991 plus interest at a rate of \$3,874 per diem from May 1, 2020 until paid in full. The Complaint also seeks an order allowing foreclosure of the pledged property of Defendants iTech Funding, LLC and AAM Holdings, LLC. Finally, the Complaint alleges that Defendant New England Capital, LLC, the agent of the loan, breached the loan agreements by failing to enforce the loan agreements following Defendant Borrower's breach.

On October 10, 2020, Plaintiffs filed a Notice of Related Cases informing the Court that the IALA lawsuits and the Credit Agreement lawsuit were related, and involved many of the same parties, transactions, and events. On October 2, 2020, this action was assigned to be heard before the Honorable James C. Dever III.

On November 30, 2020, Defendants filed their respective motions to dismiss for failure to state a claim. On December 21, 2020, Plaintiffs filed a response in opposition to Defendants' motions. Defendants filed replies in support of their respective motions to dismiss on January 4, 2021.

On December 8, 2020, Plaintiffs filed a motion to consolidate the 26 federal IALA cases to promote efficiency and judicial economy. On December 29, 2020, Defendants filed responses in opposition to the motion to consolidate. On January 12, 2021, Plaintiffs filed their reply to Defendants' responses.

On July 20, 2021, the Court denied Defendants' motions to dismiss, as well as Plaintiffs' motion to consolidate. Defendants filed answers to Plaintiffs' Complaint on August 3, 2021.

On September 3, 2021, the parties held their Rule 26(f) discovery planning meeting, and on September 17, 2021, filed a Rule 26(f) report with the Court which included a proposed discovery plan and other proposed case deadlines. On October 1, 2021, the Court entered a scheduling order setting various case deadlines with all discovery to be completed by September 22, 2022, and dispositive motions to be filed September 30, 2022.

On October 22, 2021, the Court appointed the parties' agreed upon mediator.

Colorado Bankers Life Insurance Company v. Tybee Island Asset Management, LLC, iTech Funding, LLC, and TIAM Holdings, LLC, Case No. 5:20-CV-520-D, Eastern District of North Carolina.

This case was filed on October 2, 2020, alleging a breach of a loan agreement, as modified by the IALA, entered into by CBL and the Defendant Tybee Island Asset Management, LLC ("Defendant Borrower") on June 27, 2019. CBL filed this action in its capacity as agent of the loan. CBL is a lender of the loan. The Defendant Borrower defaulted on its payment obligations by failing to make interest payments when required under the loan agreements. The Complaint seeks repayment of \$35,607,652 plus interest at a rate of \$9,480.21 per diem from May 1, 2020 until paid in full. The Complaint also seeks an order allowing foreclosure of the pledged property of Defendants iTech Funding, LLC and TIAM Holdings, LLC.

On October 2, 2020, CBL filed a Notice of Related Cases informing the Court that the IALA lawsuits and the Credit Agreement lawsuit were related, and involved many of the same parties, transactions, and events. On October 7, 2020, this action was assigned to be heard before the Honorable James C. Dever III.

The Defendants answered the Complaint on October 30, 2020 and Defendant Borrower filed counterclaims against CBL for alleged breach of contract, breach of the covenant of good faith and fair dealing, and breach of fiduciary duty. On November 19, 2020, CBL moved to dismiss the second and third counterclaims. Defendant Borrower filed its response in opposition to CBL's partial motion to dismiss on December 10, 2020.

On December 8, 2020, Plaintiff filed a motion to consolidate the 26 federal IALA cases to promote efficiency and judicial economy. On December 29, 2020, Defendants filed a response in opposition to the motion to consolidate. On January 12, 2021, CBL filed its reply to Defendants' response.

On July 20, 2021, the Court denied CBL's motion to dismiss Defendant Borrower's second and third counterclaims, as well as CBL's motion to consolidate. CBL filed its answer to the Defendant Borrower's counterclaims on August 3, 2021.

On September 3, 2021, the parties held their Rule 26(f) discovery planning meeting, and on September 17, 2021, filed a Rule 26(f) report with the Court which included a proposed discovery plan and other proposed case deadlines. On October 1, 2021, the Court entered a scheduling order setting various case deadlines with all discovery to be completed by September 22, 2022, and dispositive motions to be filed September 30, 2022.

On October 22, 2021, the Court appointed the parties' agreed upon mediator.

Colorado Bankers Life Insurance Company v. Nederlandsche Algemeene Maatschappij Van Levensversichering Conservatrix N.V., et al.," Case No. 19 CVS 17191, Wake County, North Carolina

On December 22, 2019, the Rehabilitator advised Nederlandsche Algemeene Maatschappij Van Levensversichering Conservatrix N.V. ("Conservatrix") that he was disavowing a 2017

reinsurance agreement and related trust agreement between Conservatrix and CBL. Later that same day, Conservatrix presented its arbitration demand to the Rehabilitator, and the following day - on December 23, 2019 - the Rehabilitator applied for and obtained a Temporary Restraining Order ("Conservatrix TRO") from the Wake County Superior Court ("Court"), restraining Conservatrix and the trustee for the trust account - Fifth Third Bank - from removing, disturbing, or otherwise interfering with any of the assets in the trust account and restraining Conservatrix from proceeding or acting upon its arbitration demand. The return date for the Conservatrix TRO, and the hearing date were extended by agreement of the parties several times – first until March 2, 2020, and again until April 6, 2020. In mid-March, because of the COVID-19 pandemic, the Chief Justice entered an order requiring all court proceedings to be rescheduled. The hearing was initially moved to May 4, 2020. In mid-April, the Chief Justice entered another order requiring that all court proceedings be rescheduled until after June 1, 2020. During this time, the Rehabilitator and Conservatrix continued to discuss a satisfactory resolution that encompassed the Rehabilitator's disavowal of the reinsurance agreement and related trust agreement, and terminated the arbitration proceeding and the Conservatrix TRO. On July 5, 2020, the Rehabilitator and Conservatrix entered into an agreement that resolved the issues related to the reinsurance agreement and the related trust agreement. Pursuant to the agreement, the Rehabilitator dismissed the Conservatrix TRO proceeding with prejudice and Conservatrix dismissed the arbitration proceeding.

### **OTHER MATTERS**

- Pursuant to the Moratorium Order, the Rehabilitator has imposed a moratorium on cash surrenders, annuitizations, and policy loans against the Company's policies until such time as the Court approves lifting of the moratorium.
- In accordance with the Moratorium Order, the Rehabilitator has adopted and implemented a policy to provide substitute benefits in lieu of the contractual obligations of the Company for annuity benefits and cash withdrawals for policyholders who petition for payment under claims of legitimate hardship. As of September 30, 2021, 1,571 hardship cases have been received. 875 were approved, 506 were denied due to insufficient information, 157 were denied due to not meeting the hardship qualifications and 33 are in process.

### **CONTINUATION OF BUSINESS**

The Company reduced writing the majority of new business in October 2018 and ceased all new business as of the date of the Order. A final decision as to the course of action to take with the Company has not yet been determined.

### PARTIAL WITHDRAWAL PROGRAM

On September 9, 2020, the North Carolina Rehabilitation Court modified the Moratorium to allow a partial withdrawal program that allows annuity contract owners to withdraw 10% of the account value up to a maximum of \$15,000 per contract owner. In addition, annuity owners with a current account value of less than \$1,000 will receive the account value unless the contract owner opts out and elects to retain their annuity with the Company. Annuity contract owners received a letter explaining that they are eligible for a one-time option for a limited withdrawal of funds.

As of September 30, 2021, CBL has processed 40,697 checks totaling \$32.5MM related to the partial withdrawal program. The program ended on April 30, 2021.

### **REVIEW PANEL**

On April 2, 2020, the Court amended the TRO to establish a 5-person review panel to advise the Court on proposed transactions that could implicate the TRO. Both the Plaintiffs and Defendants appointed one representative each. Each representative appointed an independent member. The two independent members appointed a third independent member. After reviewing proposed transactions, the panel makes recommendations to the Court to either approve or deny the proposed transactions. The panel approved unanimously to increase the existing Beckett loan facility with the existing lender.

### **COST SHARING AGREEMENT**

CBL, BLIC, SNIC, Southland National Reinsurance Corporation, Preferred Financial Corporation, LLC, GBIG Holdings, Inc., Pavonia Life Insurance Company of Michigan ("PLICMI") and Global Bankers Insurance Group, LLC ("GBIG, LLC") are participants in a cost sharing agreement ("CSA") that preceded rehabilitation. All parties to the CSA are ultimately owned by Lindberg. The agreement provides for the costs of any services provided by one of the entities on behalf of other entities to be allocated among the appropriate entities. GBIG, LLC provides virtually all the services for CBL, BLIC, SNIC and PLICMI. PLICMI is also in rehabilitation and is under the control of the Michigan Rehabilitator. GBIG, LLC is a subsidiary of PLICMI and therefore is also under the control of the Michigan Rehabilitator. GBIG, LLC provided policyholder services related to claims, hardships, and premium collections as well as the necessary executive management, oversight review and administrative services to the Company. Under this CSA, management expenses, salaries and benefits, and facility charges were also allocated to the Company in accordance with this CSA. The CSA terminated on July 8, 2021. CBL entered into a Transition Services Agreement ("TSA") with Aspida Financial Services, LLC ("Aspida") to replace the services rendered under the CSA. See Transition Services Agreement in the following section.

### TRANSITION SERVICES AGREEMENT

On July 8, 2021, the CSA between CBL and GBIG, LLC terminated when GBIG, LLC was acquired by Aspida Holdings Ltd., an indirect subsidiary of Ares Management Corporation. GBIG, LLC formally changed its name to Aspida Financial Services, LLC. CBL then entered into the TSA with Aspida. The TSA requires that CBL pay Aspida \$1,698,400 monthly for services previously covered by the CSA. Costs under the TSA will be allocated in a manner consistent with the CSA. During the quarter, CBL paid Aspida \$5,095,200 for these services.

### THIRD PARTY ADMINISTRATOR

On June 30, 2021, CBL obtained the Court's permission to transfer the servicing of its business to a new third party administrator ("TPA") at a reduced cost from the CSA. Actuarial Management Resources will begin servicing CBL's business in the fourth quarter. Policyholders and agents were notified in writing of the transition. CBL paid AMR \$451,172 related to the transition during the quarter.

### **DISBURSEMENTS**

During the period, the following expenses related to the rehabilitation and litigation to recover the affiliated investments were incurred and allocated in a manner consistent with the CSA and TSA, even though these costs are not part of the CSA or TSA:

- \$11,791 to Bryan Cave Leighton Paisner for legal services
- \$16,637 to Consilio for legal services
- \$110,080 to Federal Arbitration, Inc. for services regarding the review panel
- \$38,274 to Gordian Group for investment advisory services
- \$788,984 to Noble Consulting Services, Inc. for rehabilitation services
- \$31,174 to Tharrington Smith for legal services
- \$470,374 to Veris Consulting, Inc. for forensic accounting services
- \$526,396 to Williams Mullen for legal services

### SETTLED REHABILITATION MATTERS

### Litigation

During rehabilitation, the following cases have been settled.

- Nathan Safford v. Colorado Bankers Life Insurance Company, Benefits for America, William Maxwell McMullen, et al., Case No. CV-17-900014, Circuit Court for Bullock County, State of Alabama.
- Harry Smith v. Colorado Bankers Life Insurance Company, Benefits for America, William Maxwell McMullen, et al., Case No. CV-17-000485, Circuit Court for Montgomery County, State of Alabama.
- Estate of Douglas S. Long v. Colorado Bankers Life Insurance Co., et al, Case No. VCU 281258, Tulare County, State of California.

### Liquidity

One of the goals of the rehabilitation is to increase liquidity. As of June 27, 2019, CBL held \$248MM of private loans. The private loans have no readily available market. The Company was able to liquidate \$165MM of the private loans. The Company realized losses of \$17MM.

### INTRODUCTION TO COLORADO BANKERS LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Introduction and Basis of Presentation: The Company is a North Carolina domiciled life, accident and health insurance company that was placed in rehabilitation by the Wake County Superior Court on June 27, 2019. The Company is under the control of the Commissioner of Insurance of the State of North Carolina, in his capacity as Court appointed Rehabilitator. It is the Rehabilitator's responsibility to take possession of the assets of the Company and to administer them under the general supervision of the Court.

The accompanying unaudited financial statements were prepared by GBIG, LLC's staff under the direct supervision of the Rehabilitator's staff as of September 30, 2021. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Statutory Accounting Principles promulgated by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners.

On July 26, 2019, the Governor of North Carolina signed into law, House Bill 220. This bill amends N.C. Gen. Stat §58-19-10(b), which limits the amount of investments in affiliates and subsidiaries to the lessor of ten percent (10%) of the insurer's admitted assets or fifty percent (50%) of the insurer's policyholders' surplus, provided that after those investments, the insurer's policyholders' surplus will be reasonable in relation to the insurers' outstanding liabilities and adequate to its financial needs. The excess amount of affiliated investments should be non-admitted. As of September30, 2021, the Company has \$961MM of excess affiliated investments. Should this amount be non-admitted, the Company would have a negative surplus of \$1.021B.

As of September30, 2021, \$782.5MM of the \$961MM in affiliated investment loans to affiliated non-insurance companies defaulted on their payment obligations. The company has maintained these loans at their previous book value and continued to accrue interest on these loans at the rate specified in the IALA. If the company were following Statutory accounting guidance, these loans would be downgraded to NAIC 6 and reported at market value and any accrued interest of more than 90 days would be non-admitted. The carrying value of these defaulted loans is \$782.5MM and the fair value of these loans could be less than the carrying value. Some interest is being received on these loans. The due and accrued interest on these loans was \$88.1MM of which \$56.8MM was non-admitted as of September 30, 2021.

# STATEMENT AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2021 OF THE Colorado Bankers Life Insurance Company PAGE 37

# **ASSETS**

	AGGLIG						
			Current Statement Date		4		
1		1	2	3	l <u>.</u>		
1				Net Admitted Assets	December 31 Prior Year Net		
		Assets	Nonadmitted Assets	(Cols, 1 - 2)	Admitted Assets		
1	Bonds	2.095,978,089		2.095,978,089	2,186,449,632		
1	Stocks:						
1 2.	-11	104 400 004		104 400 004	400 540 000		
	2.1 Preferred stocks			121,429,384	106.513,399		
1 .	2.2 Common stocks	1,240,700		1,240,700	2,345,300		
3.	Mortgage loans on real estate:						
	3,1 First liens			0	0		
	3.2 Other than first liens			0	0		
4.	Real estate:						
	4.1 Properties occupied by the company (less						
	\$encumbrances)	5.624.800		5,624,800	5,754,400		
	4.2 Properties held for the production of income	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			
1	·				^		
	(less \$encumbrances)			0	<u></u> y		
	4.3 Properties held for sale (less						
1	\$encumbrances)			0	0		
5.	Cash (\$17.441,052 ),						
	cash equivalents (\$126,727,539 )						
	and short-term investments (\$1,305,189 ).	145,473,780	***************************************	145,473,780	105,809,069		
6.	Contract loans (including \$premium notes)			8,747,970	8,535,408		
	Derivatives	0,747,0,0		0	0,000,400		
		n		ν	ν		
	Other invested assets	75.000		75.000	·		
1				75,000	L		
1	Securities lending reinvested collateral assets			ا ۵	0		
}	Aggregate write-ins for invested assets	0	0	o	0		
1	Subtotals, cash and invested assets (Lines 1 to 11)	2.378,569.723	۵	2.378,569,723	2,415.407,208		
13.	Title plants less \$charged off (for Title insurers						
	only)			0	0		
14.	Investment income due and accrued	96,983,211	56,805,857	40,177,354	43,601,471		
I	Premiums and considerations:	,=					
'	15.1 Uncollected premiums and agents' balances in the course of						
		5,103,663	1 627 763	3,465,900	000 000		
	collection		1,031,103	3,400,900	980,092		
	15.2 Deferred premiums, agents' balances and installments booked but						
	deferred and not yet due (including \$earned						
	but unbilled premiums)	7,448,689		7,448,689	7,973,937		
	15.3 Accrued retrospective premiums (\$) and						
	contracts subject to redetermination (\$)			0	0		
16.	Reinsurance:						
·		95,540	15,230	80,310	52,578		
l				0	02,070		
1	16.3 Other amounts receivable under reinsurance contracts			59,780	46.374		
17					40.074		
		5 707 404	E 707 101				
	Current federal and foreign income tax recoverable and interest thereon		5,737,481		13,040,786		
	Net deferred tax asset		57,286,821	ا و	0		
l	Guaranty funds receivable or on deposit			0	o		
20.	Electronic data processing equipment and software			٥	0		
21.	Furniture and equipment, including health care delivery assets						
1	(\$)	•		o	0		
22.	Net adjustment in assets and liabilities due to foreign exchange rates			0	0		
	Receivables from parent, subsidiaries and affiliates	190,346		190,346	116,328		
	Health care (\$) and other amounts receivable	100,040		0	Λ 10,020		
1		1 101 100	1 111 010	1	20 000		
1	Aggregate write-ins for other-than-invested assets	4 , 484 , 192	4,441,340	42,852	38,080		
26,	Total assets excluding Separate Accounts, Segregated Accounts and						
	Protected Cell Accounts (Lines 12 to 25)	2,555,959,446	125,924,492	2,430,034,954	2,481,256,854		
27.	From Separate Accounts, Segregated Accounts and Protected						
	Cell Accounts			٥	0		
28,	Total (Lines 26 and 27)	2,555,959,446	125,924,492	2,430,034,954	2,481,256,854		
	DETAILS OF WRITE-INS			.,,			
1101.				o			
				ا ۲	ן גַ		
1102.				ا يـــــــــــــــا	ō		
1103.					0		
l	Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 11 from overflow page		0	0	0		
1199.	Totals (Lines 1101 through 1103 plus 1198) (Line 11 above)	0	0	0	0		
2501.	Miscellaneous Receivables	268,676	225,824	42,852	38,080		
l	Negative Interest Maintenance Reserve	4,215,516	4,215,516	0	0		
2503.				0	0		
1	Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 25 from overflow page	0	0	0	ا ۸		
Į.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	4,484,192			20 000		
2099.	Totals (Lines 2501 through 2503 plus 2598) (Line 25 above)	4,404,192	4,441,340	42,852	38,080		

# LIABILITIES, SURPLUS AND OTHER FUNDS

1. Appropriate reserve for the contracts \$   Medico Reserve()   1. 1		LIABILITIES, SORI ESS AND STILLENTS		
1. Augmenter reserve for line contracts 5   Inchanded In Line 6.3 (Inchange) 2.310, 205, 600 2.300 (Az.) 2.600 (Az.) 2.300 (Az				
2. Apographer reserve for sections and health controls (including \$ Modelo Reserve) \$ 7.76, 75. 75. 75. 75. 75. 75. 75. 75. 75. 75.	1.	Aggregate reserve for life contracts \ less \ included in Line 6,3		
2. Apographer reserve for sections and health controls (including \$ Modelo Reserve) \$ 7.76, 75. 75. 75. 75. 75. 75. 75. 75. 75. 75.		(including \$	2,310,296,603	2,320,042,281
4. Commercial charges 4. 1 place of the commercial comm	2.	Aggregate reserve for accident and health contracts (including \$	1,199,269	869,091
4.1 Life	3.	Liability for deposit-type contracts (including \$Modco Reserve)	9,719,743	10,474,405
4. Accident and health 5. Preligholoties disclentative funds to members 8 — and ecoupons 5 — due and ungold 6. Preligholoties disclentative funds to members 4 — and ecoupons 5 — due and ungold 6. Preligholoties disclentative disclentative, refunds to members and ecoupons populate in following celentary year—activated on 6. Preligholoties disclentate and refunds to members and ecoupons 6 — preligholoties disclentate disclentative disclentative disclentative disclentative funds 6 — preligholoties disclentative disclentative funds 6 — preligholoties 6 —	4.			
5. Preciposobers' dividenderinates to members 3 and coupons 5 you believe the company of the com				
6. Provision for policyholder's dividends, refunds to members and coupons systèm in following calendary para—estimated and provision of the pr		4,2 Accident and health	254,365	170 , 100
amounts:  a Policyholdest' dideadd and infands to members apportioned for payment (inclading \$ Modo)  6.1 Policyholdest' dideadd and infands to members apportioned for payment (inclading \$ Modo)  6.2 Coupons and kimilar howsteils (inclading \$ Modo)  6.3 Premiums and annully considerations for life and accident and health confincts received in advances less \$ 1,000,000  6.5 Premiums and annully considerations for life and accident and health confincts received in advances less \$ 1,000,000  6.5 Coupons and kimilar howsteils (including \$ accident and health premiums \$ .555,639  6.5 Usurrender violes on consolider contracts				ļ
6. 1 Policyhodien's dividensi and refunds to marken to system apportione (including \$ Modes) 6. 2 Policyhodien's dividensi and refunds to marken to system apportione (including \$ Modes) 7. 3. Coupeas and armiter townsite (including \$ marken) 8. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5.	6.			
6.2 Policyholders' dividentes and refunds to members not yet apportisend (including \$ Modes) 7. Amount providentally held for cliented dividere pacieties and based in the Security of the Common providentally held for cliented dividere pacieties and health in the Security of the Common providentally held for cliented dividere pacieties and health and security of the Common providentally held for cliented dividere pacieties and health providents 9. Provident for expendence anding rehands, including the Bability of Security of the Common providence and the Comm				
6.3 Coupers and similar benefits (including \$ 5. Premiums and annufty considerations for this and accident and health contexts scaled in advance less \$ 5. Premiums and annufty considerations for this and accident and health contexts scaled in advance less \$ 5. Premiums and annufty considerations for this and accident and health contexts scaled in advance less \$ 5. Context scaled in an accident context scaled in advance less \$ 6. Storrender values on accident contexts scaled in advance less \$ 6. Storrender values on accident contexts scaled in a decident and health experience reting refinition of which \$ 6. Is for reddeal loss ratio health premiums a context of the premiums and accident and health experience reting refinition of which \$ 6. Is for reddeal loss ratio health premiums a context of the premiums and accident and health scaled in a context payed not on intervention (and) \$ 7. 7/67/38  6. All intervention of the premiums and accident and health scaled in a context payed not on intervention (and) \$ 7. 7/67/38  6. Commissions to agents due or accorded (and) annually contracts \$ 7. 28, 3644  7. Commissions to agents due or accorded (and) decidently a scaled in accident and health \$ 7. 28, 3645  7. Commissions and separate due or accorded (and) decidently a scaled in accident and health \$ 7. 28, 3645  7. Commissions and separate due or accorded (and) decidently a scaled in accident and health \$ 7. 28, 3645  7. Commissions and separate due or accorded (and) decidently a scaled in accident and health \$ 8. 12, 26, 26  7. Commissions and separate due or accorded (and) decidently as agent or fusions a allowances recognized in accident and or accident and premiums and accident and	1			
7. Amount provisionally held for celebrary dividend policies not Included in Line 6.  Premission and annully considerations for lies and accoldent and health controllers received in advance less 5  1.010.00	l			
6. Preniums and annully considerations for If an advacted and health contracts received in advance less \$ discount; recividing \$ accident and health preniums 555.09 1,0/10.00 1	l			
Contract liabilities not including \$ accident and health premiums   5.05, 630   1,010, 00			***************************************	ļS
9. Context labilities not included elsewhere: 9.1 Surrender value on canceled contracts 9.2 Provision for experience cellog rethords, including the liability of \$ experience reting rethords of which is \$ in for medical loss ratio nobels per the Public Health experience reting rethords which is \$ in for medical loss ratio nobels per the Public Health experience reting rethords which is \$ in for medical loss ratio nobels per the Public Health experience reting rethords which is \$ in for medical loss ratio nobels per the Public Health experience reting rethords which is \$ in for medical loss ratio of the Public Health experience reting rethords which is \$ in for medical loss reting rethords the public health experience reting rethords which is \$ in for medical loss reting rethords the public health experience reting rethords which is \$ in for medical loss reting rethords the public reting	8.			
6 - 1. Surrender values on canceled contracts	١.		535,636	1.010,008
2.2 Provision for experience rating refunds of which 5   Is for medical losts ratio related by a service calling featured for which 5   Is for medical losts ratio related by a Public Health Service Act.	J 9.			
experience rating refunds of which S				LU
Service Act  9. On their amounts payable on reinsurance, including \$	1			
9. Interest Maintenance Reserve 1.0 Commissions to agents due or accruel-tile and annutry contracts \$ 28. 964 13.66 1.3.66 1.3.67 1.3.6	l			,
9. Interest Maintenance Reserve 1.0 Commissions to agents due or accruel-tile and annutry contracts \$ 28. 964 13.66 1.3.66 1.3.67 1.3.6		Service Act	0.000.005	
10. Commissions to agents due or accrued-life and annuity contracts \$				
a coident and health \$				ļC
11. Commissions and expenses allowances payable on reinisurance assumed   2,880,527   1,191,14	10.		20.00.	40.000
12. General expenses due or accrued   1.139, 14				
13. Transfers to Separate Accounts due or accoracid (net) (including \$ accrued for expense allowances ecogiated in reserves, net of reinsured allowances (4.4.00 to the seed of the seed o	11.	Commissions and expense allowances payable on reinsurance assumed		
allowances recognized in reserves, nat of reinsured allowances)   (4, 0).	12.	General expenses due or accrued	2.880,527	1,319,148
14. Taxes, licenses and tese due or accrued, excluding federal income taxes including \$ on realized capital gains (losses).	13.			
16.1 Current federal and foreign income taxes, including \$	l			
15.2 Net deferred tax liability				
16. Uhearmed investment income				
17. Amounts withheld or relained by reporting entity as agents or rustee   7,099,337   20,548,01     18. Amounts held for agents' account, including \$ agents' credit balances   6,522,334   6,860,53     19. Remittances and items not allocated   6,522,334   6,860,53     19. Remittances for meloyees and agents if not included above   7,139,61,727   71,396,17     19. Remittances in unauthorized and certified   7,1396,17   71,396,17   71,396,17   71,396,17   71,396,17   71,396,17   71,396,17   72,407,819,192,192,192,192,192,192,192,192,192,1				
18. Amounts held for agents' account, including \$				
19. Remittances and items not allocated   6. 622,334   6.860,52				
20. Net adjustment in assets and liabilities due to foreign exchange rates				
2.1. Liability for benefits for employees and agents if not included above				
22. Borrowed money \$ and inferest thereon \$				
23. Dividends to stockholders declared and unpaid				0
24. Miscellaneous liabilities:   24.01 Asset valuation reserve   106,711,271   71,396,17   24.02 Reinsurance in unauthorized and certified (\$   ) companies   24.03 Funds held under reinsurance treatles with unauthorized and certified (\$   ) reinsurers   24.04 Payable to parent, subsidiaries and affiliates   24.05 Payable to parent, subsidiaries and affiliates   24.05 Liability for amounts held under uninsured plans   24.06 Liability for amounts held under uninsured plans   24.07 Funds held under consurance   24.08 Derinatives   0   24.09 Payable for securities   13,634,333   24.10 Payable for securities   13,634,333   24.10 Payable for securities lending   24.11 Capital notes \$   13,634,333   24.10 Payable for securities lending   24.11 Capital notes \$   2.955,387   1.651,13   24.10 Liabilities oxcluding Separate Accounts statement   2.955,387   1.651,13   2.955,387   1.651,13   2.955,387   1.651,13   2.955,387   1.651,13   2.955,387   1.651,13   2.955,387   1.651,13   2.955,387   1.651,13   2.955,387   1.651,13   2.955,387   2.955,				
24.01 Asset valuation reserve 24.02 Funds held under reinsurance treaties with unauthorized and certified (\$				
24.02 Reinsurance in unauthorized and certified (\$ ) companies. 24.03 Purps help under insurance treaties with unauthorized and certified (\$ ) reinsurers. 24.04 Payable to parent, subsidiaries and affiliates. 24.05 Drafts outstanding. 24.06 Lability for amounts held under uninsured plans. 24.07 Funds held under coinsurance. 24.09 Payable for securities. 24.09 Payable for securities. 24.09 Payable for securities lending. 24.11 Capital notes \$	24.			
24.03 Funds held under reinsurance treaties with unsultorized and certified (\$ ) reinsurers. 24.04 Payable to prents, ubsclidaines and sfillates 24.05 Drafts outstanding 24.07 Funds held under coinsurance 24.07 Funds held under coinsurance 24.07 Funds held under coinsurance 24.08 Darviatives 24.09 Payable for securities				
24.04 Payable to parent, subsidiaries and affiliates	ŀ			
24.05 Drafts outstanding 24.07 Funds held under coinsurance 24.07 Funds held under coinsurance 24.08 Derivatives 24.09 Payable for securities 24.09 Payable for securities lending 24.10 Payable for securities lending 24.11 Capyable for securities for liabilities 2.2, 10.2, 1	1			
24.06 Liability for amounts held under uninsured plans. 24.07 Prunds held under coinsurance. 24.08 Payable for securities 24.09 Payable for securities lending. 24.11 Capital notes \$ 24.10 Capital notes \$ 24.11 Capital notes \$ 25.11 Capital notes \$ 26.12 Capital notes \$ 26.13 Capital notes \$ 27.14 Capital notes \$ 28.12 Capital notes \$ 29.12 Capital no	l			
24.07 Funds held under coinsurance 24.08 Payable for securities 24.09 Payable for securities 24.10 Payable for securities lending 24.11 Payable for securities lending 25. Aggregate write-ins for liabilities. 2 .955,387 1 .651,13 2 .768,195,709 2 .766,071,28 2 .768,195,709 2 .766,071,28 2 .779 .779 .779 .779 .779 .779 .779 .77	l			
24.08 Derivatives 24.09 Payable for securities   13,634,333   24.10 Payable for securities lending   24.10 Payable for securities lending   24.11 Capital notes \$   24.11 Capi				
24.09 Payable for securities				
24.10 Payable for securities lending. 24.11 Capital notes \$ 24.10 Capital notes \$ 2.955,387 1.651,13 25. Aggregate write-ins for liabilities 2.2,955,387 1.651,13 26. Total liabilities excluding Separate Accounts business (Lines 1 to 25) 2.466,071,28 27. From Separate Accounts statement 2 28. Total liabilities (Lines 26 and 27) 2.466,071,28 29. Common capital stock 1.1,500,000 1.500,000 30. Preferred capital stock 1.1,500,000 1.500,000 31. Aggregate write-ins for other than special surplus funds 1.000,000 1.000,000 32. Surplus notes 9,000,000 9,000,000 33. Gross paid in and contributed surplus 4.400,000 1.000,000 1.000,000 34. Aggregate write-ins for special surplus funds 2.04,976,020 204,976,020 1.000,000 1				
24.11 Capital notes \$ and interest thereon \$ 2.955,387 1.651.13 25. Aggregate write-ins for liabilities				
25. Aggregate write-ins for liabilities excluding Separate Accounts business (Lines 1 to 25) 2,488.195,709 2,466.071.28 27. From Separate Accounts statement 2. 28. Total liabilities (Lines 26 and 27) 2,488.195,709 2,466.071.28 29. Common capital stock 1,500.000 1,500.00 30. Preferred capital stock 1,000.000 1,000.00 31. Aggregate write-ins for other than special surplus funds 0,900.000 32. Surplus notes 9,000.000 9,000.00 33. Gross paid in and contributed surplus . 204,976,020 204,976,020 1,000.000 1,				
26. Total liabilities excluding Separate Accounts business (Lines 1 to 25)       2,488,195,709       2,466,071,28         27. From Separate Accounts statement       2,488,195,709       2,466,071,28         28. Total liabilities (Lines 26 and 27)       1,500,000       1,500,000       1,500,000       1,500,000       1,500,000       1,000,00       0       1,500,000       1,000,000       1,000,000       1,000,000       1,000,000       9,000,000				
27. From Separate Accounts statement   2.8 Total liabilities (Lines 26 and 27)   2,466,071,28   2,466,071,28   2,000,000   1,500,000   1				
28. Total liabilities (Lines 26 and 27)				
29. Common capital stock				0
29. Common capital stock			2,488,195,709	2,466,071,286
31. Aggregate write-ins for other than special surplus funds 9,000,000 9,000,000 9,000,000 9,000,000			1,500,000	1,500,000
32. Surplus notes 9,000,000 9,000,000 9,000,000 9,000,000				
33. Gross paid in and contributed surplus  34. Aggregate write-ins for special surplus funds  35. Unassigned funds (surplus)  36. Less treasury stock, at cost:  36.1 shares common (value included in Line 29 \$ ).  36.2 shares preferred (value included in Line 30 \$ ).  37. Surplus (Total Lines 31 + 32 + 33 + 34 + 35 - 36) (including \$ in Separate Accounts Statement).  38. Totals of Lines 29, 30 and 37  39. Totals of Lines 29, 30 and 37  39. Totals of Lines 28 and 38 (Page 2, Line 28, Col. 3)  DETAILS OF WRITE-INS  2501. Unclaimed Property.  2. 952,603  2. 1.651,13  2502. Miscelaneous Liability.  2. 784  2503.  2598. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 25 from overflow page  3101. Deferred Gain on Reinsurance.  3102. Prior Period Adjustment - investment income.  3108. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 31 from overflow page  3109. Totals (Lines 3101 through 3103 plus 3198) (Line 31 above)  3499. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 34 from overflow page  3498. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 34 from overflow page  3498. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 34 from overflow page  3498. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 34 from overflow page  3498. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 34 from overflow page  3498. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 34 from overflow page  3499. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 34 from overflow page  3499. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 34 from overflow page	31.	Aggregate write-ins for other than special surplus funds		(6,508,543
34. Aggregate write-ins for special surplus funds				9,000,000
35. Unassigned funds (surplus) 36. Less treasury stock, at cost: 36.1 36.2 36.2 36.2 37. Surplus (Total Lines 31 + 32 + 33 + 34 + 35 - 36) (including \$ ) 38. Totals of Lines 29, 30 and 37 39. Totals of Lines 29 and 38 (Page 2, Line 28, Col. 3) 39. Totals of Lines 28 and 38 (Page 2, Line 28, Col. 3)  DETAILS OF WRITE-INS 2501. Unclaimed Property. 2.952,603 2598. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 25 from overflow page 310. Prior Period Adjustment - Investment income. 311. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 31 from overflow page 312. Prior Period (Lines 3101 through 3103 plus 3198) (Line 31 above) 3498. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 34 from overflow page 3498. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 34 from overflow page 3498. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 34 from overflow page 3498. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 34 from overflow page 3498. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 34 from overflow page 3498. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 34 from overflow page 3498. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 34 from overflow page 3498. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 34 from overflow page 3498. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 34 from overflow page 3498. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 34 from overflow page 3498. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 34 from overflow page 3498. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 34 from overflow page 3498. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 34 from overflow page			204,976,020	204,976,020
36. Less treasury stock, at cost: 36.1			0	
36.1 shares common (value included in Line 29 \$ ) 36.2 shares preferred (value included in Line 20 \$ ) 36.2 shares preferred (value included in Line 30 \$ ) 12.685,565 12.685,565 38. Totals of Lines 29, 30 and 37 (58,160,755) 12.685,565 39. Totals of Lines 28 and 38 (Page 2, Line 28, Col. 3) 2,430,034,954 2,481,256,85 DETAILS OF WRITE-INS  2501. Unclaimed Property 2,952,603 1,651,13 2502. Miscelaneous Liability 2,784			(274,636,775)	(194,781,909
36.2 shares preferred (value included in Line 30 \$  37. Surplus (Total Lines 31 + 32 + 33 + 34 + 35 - 36) (including \$  38. Totals of Lines 29, 30 and 37  Totals of Lines 29, 30 and 38 (Page 2, Line 28, Col. 3)  DETAILS OF WRITE-INS  2501. Unclaimed Property.  2.952,603  2.784  2503.  2508. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 25 from overflow page  309. Prior Period Adjustment - Investment income  3102. Prior Period Adjustment - Investment income  3103.  3104. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 31 from overflow page  3105. O Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 31 from overflow page  3106. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 31 from overflow page  3107. O Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 31 from overflow page  3108. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 31 from overflow page  3109. Totals (Lines 3101 through 3103 plus 3198) (Line 31 above)  3109. Totals (Lines 3101 through 3103 plus 3198) (Line 31 above)  3109. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 34 from overflow page  3103.  3403.	36.			
37. Surplus (Total Lines 31 + 32 + 33 + 34 + 35 - 36) (including \$ in Separate Accounts Statement) (60, 660, 755) 12, 685, 565, 38. Totals of Lines 29, 30 and 37 (58, 160, 755) 15, 185, 565, 39. Totals of Lines 28 and 38 (Page 2, Line 28, Col. 3) 2, 430, 034, 954 2, 481, 256, 85 2, 430, 034, 954 2, 481, 256, 85 2, 2430, 034, 954 2, 481, 256, 85 2, 2784 2,				
38. Totals of Lines 29, 30 and 37  39. Totals of Lines 28 and 38 (Page 2, Line 28, Col. 3)  DETAILS OF WRITE-INS  2501. Unclaimed Property.  2.952,603  2,784  2502. Miscelaneous Liability.  2,784  2503.  2598. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 25 from overflow page  2,995,387  1,651,13  3101. Deferred Gain on Reinsurance.  (1,446,68 3103.  3198. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 31 from overflow page  3,199. Totals (Lines 3101 through 3103 plus 3198) (Line 31 above)  3498. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 34 from overflow page  3,0  3,0  3,0  3,0  3,0  3,0  3,0  3,				
39. Totals of Lines 28 and 38 (Page 2, Line 28, Col. 3)  DETAILS OF WRITE-INS  2.952,603  2.1.651,13  2502. Miscelaneous Liability. 2.784  2503. 2598. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 25 from overflow page 2599. Totals (Lines 2501 through 2503 plus 2598) (Line 25 above)  3101. Deferred Gain on Reinsurance. 3102. Prior Period Adjustment - Investment income. 3102. Prior Period Adjustment - Investment income. 3103. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 31 from overflow page 3109. Totals (Lines 3101 through 3103 plus 3198) (Line 31 above) 3109. Totals (Lines 3101 through 3103 plus 3198) (Line 31 above) 3109. Totals (Lines 3101 through 3103 plus 3198) (Line 31 above) 3109. Totals (Lines 3101 through 3103 plus 3198) (Line 31 above) 3109. Totals (Lines 3101 through 3103 plus 3198) (Line 31 above) 3109. Totals (Lines 3101 through 3103 plus 3198) (Line 31 above) 3109. Totals (Lines 3101 through 3103 plus 3198) (Line 31 above) 3109. Totals (Lines 3101 through 3103 plus 3198) (Line 31 above) 3109. Totals (Lines 3101 through 3103 plus 3198) (Line 31 above) 3109. Totals (Lines 3101 through 3103 plus 3198) (Line 31 above) 3109. Totals (Lines 3101 through 3103 plus 3198) (Line 31 above) 3109. Totals (Lines 3101 through 3103 plus 3198) (Line 31 above) 3109. Totals (Lines 3101 through 3103 plus 3198) (Line 31 above) 3109. Totals (Lines 3101 through 3103 plus 3198) (Line 31 above) 3109. Totals (Lines 3101 through 3103 plus 3198) (Line 31 above) 3109. Totals (Lines 3101 through 3103 plus 3198) (Line 31 above) 3109. Totals (Lines 3101 through 3103 plus 3198) (Line 31 above) 3109. Totals (Lines 3101 through 3103 plus 3198) (Line 31 above) 3109. Totals (Lines 3101 through 3103 plus 3198) (Line 31 above) 3109. Totals (Lines 3101 through 3103 plus 3198) (Line 31 above) 3109. Totals (Lines 3101 through 3103 plus 3198) (Line 31 above) 3109. Totals (Lines 3101 through 3103 plus 3198) (Line 31 above)				12.685,568
DETAILS OF WRITE-INS   2.952,603   1.651,13				15,185,568
2,952,603   1,651,13   2,784   2,952,603   2,784   2,785   2	39.		2,430,034,954	2,481,256,854
2502. Miscelaneous Liability				
2593   2598   Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 25 from overflow page   0   2,955,387   1,651,13   3101. Deferred Gain on Reinsurance   (1,446,68   3102, Prior Period Adjustment - Investment income   (5,061,85   3103   3198   Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 31 from overflow page   0   3199. Totals (Lines 3101 through 3103 plus 3198) (Line 31 above)   0   (6,508,54   3401   3402   3403   3403   3498. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 34 from overflow page   0   3498. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 34 from overflow page   0   3498. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 34 from overflow page   0   3498. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 34 from overflow page   0   3498. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 34 from overflow page   0   3498. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 34 from overflow page   0   3498. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 34 from overflow page   0   3498. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 34 from overflow page   0   3498. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 34 from overflow page   0   3498. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 34 from overflow page   0   3498. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 34 from overflow page   0   3498. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 34 from overflow page   0   3498. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 34 from overflow page   0   3498. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 34 from overflow page   0   3498. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 34 from overflow page   0   3498. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 34 from overflow page   0   3498. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 34 from overflow page   0   3498. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 34 from overflow page   0   3498. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 34 from overflow page   0   3498. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 34 from overflow page   0   3498. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 34 from overflow page   0   3498. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 34 from overflow page   0   3498.			2.952,603	1.651,134
2598. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 25 from overflow page   0			2,784	0
2599. Totals (Lines 2501 through 2503 plus 2598) (Line 25 above)       2,955,387       1,651,13         3101. Deferred Gain on ReInsurance.       (1,446,68         3102. Prior Period Adjustment - Investment income.       (5,061,85         3103.       (5,061,85         3198. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 31 from overflow page       0         3199. Totals (Lines 3101 through 3103 plus 3198) (Line 31 above)       0       (6,508,54         3401.       3402.       3403.         3498. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 34 from overflow page       0       0				0
3101. Deferred Gain on Reinsurance   (1.446.68   3102. Prior Period Adjustment - Investment income   (5.061.85   3103.   (5.061.85   3103.   (5.061.85   3103.   (5.061.85   3103.   (5.061.85   3103.   (5.061.85   3103.   (5.061.85   3103.   (6.508.54   3403.   (6.			إ و	0
3102, Prior Period Adjustment - Investment income   (5,061,85   3103.			2,955,387	1,651,134
3102   Prior Period Adjustment - Investment income				(1,446,688
3103. 3198. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 31 from overflow page	3102.	Prior Period Adjustment - Investment income.		(5,061,855
3198. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 31 from overflow page	3103.			
3199. Totals (Lines 3101 through 3103 plus 3198) (Line 31 above)   0   (6.508,54   3401.   3402.   3403.   3498. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 34 from overflow page   0   9   9   9   9   9   9   9   9   9	3198.	Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 31 from overflow page	o	
3401			0	(6,508,543
3402.       3403.         3498. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 34 from overflow page       0				
3403				0
3498. Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 34 from overflow page				0
			0	0
				0

# **SUMMARY OF OPERATIONS**

		1	2	3
		Current Year To Date	Prior Year Year to Date	Prior Year Ended December 31
	Premiums and annuity considerations for life and accident and health contracts	27,511,545	30,094,524	38,951,091
2.	Considerations for supplementary contracts with life contingencies	409,547	158,700	158,700
	Net investment income Amortization of Interest Maintenance Reserve (IMR)		80,951,952 (4,460,814)	106,526,632
	Separate Accounts net gain from operations excluding unrealized gains or losses			(0,031,746)
			9,977,210	10,026,236
			0	0
8.	Miscellaneous Income: 8.1 Income from fees associated with investment management, administration and contract guarantees			
			0	0
	8.2 Charges and fees for deposit-type contracts			0
	8.3 Aggregate write-ins for miscellaneous income	210,996 106,804,715	79,970 116,801,542	252,136 149,883,049
	Totals (Lines 1 to 8.3)  Death benefits	6,300,821	6,374,118	6,893,783
	Matured endowments (excluding guaranteed annual pure endowments)		0	0
12.	Annuity benefits		6,936,427	7,957,808
			3,463,648	4,310,307
	Coupons, guaranteed annual pure endowments and similar benefits		0 45,052,784	
16.			0,002,704	0
17.		308,773	290,477	385,471
	Payments on supplementary contracts with life contingencies		0	0
19.	Increase in aggregate reserves for life and accident and health contracts	(9,415,500)	7,407,232 69,524,686	(7,583,944) 92,189,943
		3,363,459	5,252,179	6,420,924
	Commissions and expense allowances on reinsurance assumed	371,349		584,400
23.	General insurance expenses and fraternal expenses	26,642,935	22,560,152	39,592,441
24.		1,068,421	1,481,249	1,949,499
25. 26	Increase in loading on deferred and uncollected premiums	(189,020)		(985,500)
	Aggregate write-ins for deductions	(75,593)	424.047	441,579
28.		101,576,086	98,817,806	140,193,286
29.		5 000 000	47 600 700	0.000.700
30,	Line 28)	5,228,629	17,983,736	9,689,763
	Net gain from operations after dividends to policyholders, refunds to members and before federal income		•	<u> </u>
	taxes (Line 29 minus Line 30)		17,983,736	9,689,763
	Federal and foreign income taxes incurred (excluding tax on capital gains)	46,472	(11,423,850)	(10,236,064)
33.	Net gain from operations after dividends to policyholders, refunds to members and federal income taxes and before realized capital gains or (losses) (Line 31 minus Line 32)	5, 182, 157	29,407,586	19,925,827
34.	Net realized capital gains (losses) (excluding gains (losses) transferred to the IMR)			
	less capital gains tax of \$ (excluding taxes of \$			
	transferred to the IMR)	(194,986)	(14,388,493)	(15,794,012)
35,	Net income (Line 33 plus Line 34) CAPITAL AND SURPLUS ACCOUNT	4,987,171	15,019,093	4,131,815
36.	Capital and surplus, December 31, prior year	15,185,568	88,362,847	88,362,847
			15,019,093	4,131,815
38.				(2,705,882)
39.	Change in net unrealized foreign exchange capital gain (loss)		9,824,878	14,526,053
40.	Change in net deferred income tax  Change in nonadmitted assets	(36,431,343)	18,027,352	3,822,269
42.			0	0
43.	Change in reserve on account of change in valuation basis, (increase) or decrease		0	0
44.			(34,843,085)	(46,555,159)
			0	
46. 47.			0	
48.				0
49.	Cumulative effect of changes in accounting principles		0	0
50.	Capital changes:			,
1	50,1 Pald in			
1	50.3 Transferred to surplus			
51.	Surplus adjustment:			
1	51,1 Paid in		0	0
1	51.2 Transferred to capital (Stock Dividend)			0
1	51.4 Change in surplus as a result of reinsurance		0	o
52.	Dividends to stockholders		0	0
53.	Aggregate write-ins for gains and losses in surplus	0	(13,530,406)	(14,934,421)
	Net change in capital and surplus (Lines 37 through 53)	(73,346,321)	(47,970,848)	(73,177,279)
55.	Capital and surplus as of statement date (Lines 36 + 54)  DETAILS OF WRITE-INS	(58, 160, 753)	40,391,999	15,185,568
08.301	Commissions, Service & Issue Fees and Other	210,996	79.970	252,136
08,302	. Amortization of Surplus due to IMR		0	0
			0	0
	Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 8.3 from overflow page	210.008	0	0
2701	. Totals (Lines 08.301 through 08.303 plus 08.398) (Line 8.3 above) Modified Coinsurance Expense.	210,996	79,970	252, 136 (15, 373)
2702.	Reinsurance funds withheld investment income	(07,000)	381,655	381,655
2703.	Fines and penalties.	11,937	27,977	30,545
	Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 27 from overflow page	0	102	44,752
	Totals (Lines 2701 through 2703 plus 2798) (Line 27 above)	(75,593)	424,047	441,579
	Deferred Gain on Reinsurance		(9,872,566)	(9,872,566) (5,061,855)
5303.			0	0
5398.	Summary of remaining write-ins for Line 53 from overflow page		0	0
1 5300	Totals (Lines 5301 through 5303 plus 5398) (Line 53 above)	0	(13,530,406)	(14,934,421)

# **CASH FLOW**

		1	2	3
		Current Year	Prior Year	Prior Year Ended
		To Date	To Date	December 31
	Cash from Operations			
1.	Premiums collected net of reinsurance	24,266,976	31,467,731	40,525.217
	Net investment income	60.413.357	41.944.663	
	Miscellaneous income	358,104	402,566	623.758
		85.038.437	73,814,960	95.198.345
	Total (Lines 1 to 3)	47 746 174		4- 444
	Net transfers to Separate Accounts, Segregated Accounts and Protected Cell Accounts		0	0
	Commissions, expenses paid and aggregate write-ins for deductions		31,440,757	48,950.401
	Dividends paid to policyholders	0  -	U	0
9.	Federal and foreign income taxes paid (recovered) net of \$	/7 040 004)		^
٠.,	gains (losses)	(7,210,361)	0	0
	Total (Lines 5 through 9)	113,185,561	91,811.722	146,558,687
11.	Net cash from operations (Line 4 minus Line 10)	(28,147,124)	(17,996,762)	(51,360.342)
	Cash from Investments			
12.	Proceeds from investments sold, matured or repaid:			
	12.1 Bonds	409,546,778	444,149.956	614,307.777
	12.2 Stocks	1,104,600	64 , 100	64,100
	12.3 Mortgage loans	O	0	D
	12.4 Real estate	0 [.	0	0
	12.5 Other invested assets	0	0	0
	12.6 Net gains or (losses) on cash, cash equivalents and short-term investments	(37)	(6,069)	(6,097)
	12.7 Miscellaneous proceeds	13,559,333	23,877,192	24,457,026
	12,8 Total investment proceeds (Lines 12,1 to 12,7)	424.210.674	468.085.179	638,822,806
13.	Cost of investments acquired (long-term only):		,	
	13.1 Bonds	333,541,406	305.058.448	412,161,367
	13.2 Stocks	14.915.985	39,101,150	
	13.3 Mortgage loans		0	0
	13.4 Real estate		0	0
	13.5 Other invested assets	0	0	0
	13.6 Miscellaneous applications	373.437	4.027.812	0
	13.7 Total investments acquired (Lines 13.1 to 13.6)	348,830,828	348, 187, 410	451,262,517
14	Net increase (or decrease) in contract loans and premium notes	0	0	01,202,07
	Net cash from investments (Line 12,8 minus Line 13,7 and Line 14)	75,379,846	119,897,769	187,560,289
10.	Cash from Financing and Miscellaneous Sources	73,373,040	115,057,705	107,300,203
16	Cash provided (applied):			
10.	16.1 Surplus notes, capital notes	ا	^	^
	16.2 Capital and paid in surplus, less treasury stock.			
	16.3 Borrowed funds			
	16.4 Net deposits on deposit-type contracts and other insurance liabilities		0	(1,353,020)
			(1,067,042)	(1,353,020)
		(6.752.500)		/440 004 400\
	16.6 Other cash provided (applied)	(6,753,569)	(126,280,329)	(110,661,160)
17.	Net cash from financing and miscellaneous sources (Line 16.1 through Line 16.4 minus Line 16.5 plus Line 16.6)	(7,508,231)	(127, 367, 371)	(112,014,180)
	RECONCILIATION OF CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND SHORT-TERM INVESTMENTS	(1,500,251)	(121,301,311)	(112,014,100)
10		20 724 404	(25,466,364)	04 405 707
	Net change in cash, cash equivalents and short-term investments (Line 11, plus Lines 15 and 17)		(20,400,304)	24,185.767
18,	Cash, cash equivalents and short-term investments:	105,809,069	40 074 500	04 600 000
	19.1 Beginning of year	145,533,560	46,274,583	81,623.302
	19.2 End of period (Line 18 plus Line 19.1)	140,533,500	20,808,219	105,809,069

# COLORADO BANKERS LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY SCHEDULE OF AFFILIATED INVESTMENTS JUNE 30, 2021 AND SEPTEMBER 30, 2021 COMPARISON

CUSIP	·		Book/Adjusted Carrying Value	Book/Adjusted Carrying Value	
Identification	Description	Actual Cost	June 30, 2021	September 30, 2021	Change
_	ACADEMY FINANCIAL ASSETS	\$ 19,698,000	\$ 20,411,338	\$ 20,411,338	\$ -
37940*AA3	ACADEMY FINANCIAL ASSETS	8,462,891	8,843,691	8,843,691	-
9941326T3	ACADEMY FINANCIAL ASSETS - REVOLVER **	33,905,524	39,905,524	39,905,524	-
9941328T5	ACADEMY FINANCIAL ASSETS FKA AFI PROMISSORY NOTE	24,196,820	34,615,398	34,615,398	-
9941327T4	AFA FKA AFI TERM	5,674,149	5,930,115	5,930,115	-
9941329T6	AFA FKA GIC SR. NOTE	21,700,000	23,245,663	23,245,663	-
00856#AD3	AGERA ENERGY LLC	35,000,000	1	1	-
9941268Z6	ALPHARETTA	2,097,465	1,977,726	1,977,726	-
00224#AA4	AR PURCHASING SOLUTIONS 2, LLC	2,841,811	3,121,473	3,121,473	-
00223@AA7	AR PURCHASING SOLUTIONS, LLC	2,140,418	2,613,667	2,617,860	4,193
04686@AA9	AUGUSTA ASSET MANAGEMENT, INC	4,271,474	4,392,842	4,392,842	-
05777@AA6	BALDWIN ASSET MANAGEMENT, INC	21,225,457	21,588,272	21,588,272	_
13972#AA1	CAPITAL ASSET MANAGEMENT III, LLC	29,625,000	29,460,269	29,460,269	-
13973@AA2	CAPITAL ASSETS FUND I, LLC	60,007,146	64,932,587	64,932,584	(3)
9941317V6	CAPITAL ASSETS FUND IV, LLC	42,910,111	34,910,113	34,910,113	-
9941317U8	CAPITAL ASSETS FUND V, LLC	41,443,522	38,416,981	38,416,981	_
16230#AA2	CHATWORTH ASSET MANAGEMENT, INC.	22,384,145	23,069,903	23,069,903	-
20465#AA0	COMPLYSMART, LLC	3,002,000	3,166,666	3,166,666	-
99467UAA5	CV INVESTMENTS	37,372,872	37,464,153	37,463,881	(272)
23570*AA0	DAMASCUS ASSET MANAGEMENT, INC.	18,791,160	19,317,088	19,317,088	`- ´
29412#AA5	EPHESUS ASSET MANAGEMENT, INC.	21,139,806	21,639,902	21,639,902	-
34610#AA5	FOREST PARK ASSET MANAGEMENT, INC.	17,246,459	17,800,319	17,800,319	_
	HAMPTON ASSET MANAGEMENT, INC	22,097,474	22,715,019	22,715,019	
9941557U3	HPCSP INVESTMENTS PROMISORY NOTE	4,051,293	4,392,707	4,392,707	-
9941556V4	HPCSP INVESTMENTS SENIOR NOTE	7,016,140	7,346,260	7,346,260	_
	INTRALAN INVESTMENTS LIMITED	4,152,310	4,352,443	4,352,443	_
	IRON CITY ASSET MANAGEMENT, INC.	25,275,943	22,685,091	22,685,091	-
_	ITECH FUNDING LLC	19,281,368	20,345,616	20,345,616	_
	JACKSON ASSET MANAGEMENT, INC.	20,725,423	21,393,476	21,393,476	_
	KITE ASSET MANAGEMENT INC	34,622,923	36,076,362	36,076,707	345
51703#AA7		4,489,111	4,667,256	4,667,256	_
	LILY ASSET MANAGEMENT INC	33,084,925	34,072,077	34,072,077	-
57187#AA9	MARSHALLA ASSET MANAGEMENT, LLC	31,082,941	32,207,679	32,207,679	_
9947669V1	NIH CAPITAL, LLC	11,407,477	12,083,106	12,083,106	-
65532NAA7	NOM GB 2018 I LLC	2,213,899	1,283,455	1,283,341	(115)
69902#AA8	PARADISE ASSET MANAGEMENT INC	39,700,000	30,124,766	30,124,766	
72083RAA7	PIERRE MENDES LLC	59,999,993	41,966,523	41,966,523	_
	ROCKDALE ASSET MANAGEMENT INC	39,700,000	30,531,298	30,531,298	_
_	STANDARD FINANCIAL LIMITED	3,819,822	4,078,559	4,078,559	-
	SUMMERVILLE ASSET MANAGEMENT, INC.	23,752,824	23,173,597	23,173,597	-
90225@AA6	TYBEE ISLAND ASSET MANAGEMENT, INC.	28,743,436	29,457,942	29,455,975	(1,967)
99439FJM4	AAPC HOLDINGS, LLC	39,101,150	54,017,135	54,017,135	-
9941317T1	CAPITAL ASSETS FUND II, LLC	33,555,104	31,703,735	31,703,735	-
9941318T3	CAPITAL ASSETS MANAGEMENT II, LLC	21,346,767	21,346,767	21,346,767	_
9944639X1	CV INVESTMENTS, LLC	12,590,691	12,590,627	12,590,627	-
9942228W1	GILFORD ASSET MANAGEMENT, LLC	1,771,121	1,771,121	1,771,121	_
	,			,,	
	Total Affiliated Investments	\$ 998,718,365	\$ 961,206,306	\$ 961,208,488	\$ 2,181

#### **INDIANA**

### **MARION COUNTY**

### VERIFICATION

MICHAEL DINIUS, being first duly sworn, deposes and says that he is appointed as Special Deputy Rehabilitator for Southland National Insurance Corporation, Southland National Reinsurance Corporation, Bankers Life Insurance Company and Colorado Bankers Life Insurance Company by the Commissioner of Insurance for the State of North Carolina, and in his capacity as Rehabilitator, that he has read the foregoing quarterly report of activity of the Rehabilitator as of September 30, 2021, and a balance sheet, summary of operations, statement of cash flow, and schedule of affiliated investments as of September 30, 2021, of Southland National Insurance Corporation, Southland National Reinsurance Corporation, Bankers Life Insurance Company and Colorado Bankers Life Insurance Company for the period from June 27, 2019, the date of rehabilitation, through September 30, 2021, and that the contents of same are true and correct to the best of his knowledge and belief, based on the books and records of the Companies.

This the  $15^{-11}$  day of November 2021.

Special Deputy Rehabilitator for Southland National Insurance Corporation Southland National Reinsurance Corporation Bankers Life Insurance Company Colorado Bankers Life Insurance Company

**INDIANA** 

MARION COUNTY

Sworn to and subscribed before me:

The  $\sqrt{5}$  day of November 2021.

(Official

DIANNE DEITCH
Notary Public - Seal
Madison County - State of Indiana
Commission Number NP0725200
My Commission Expires Feb 16, 2028

Notary Public

My Commission Expires:

February 16,2028